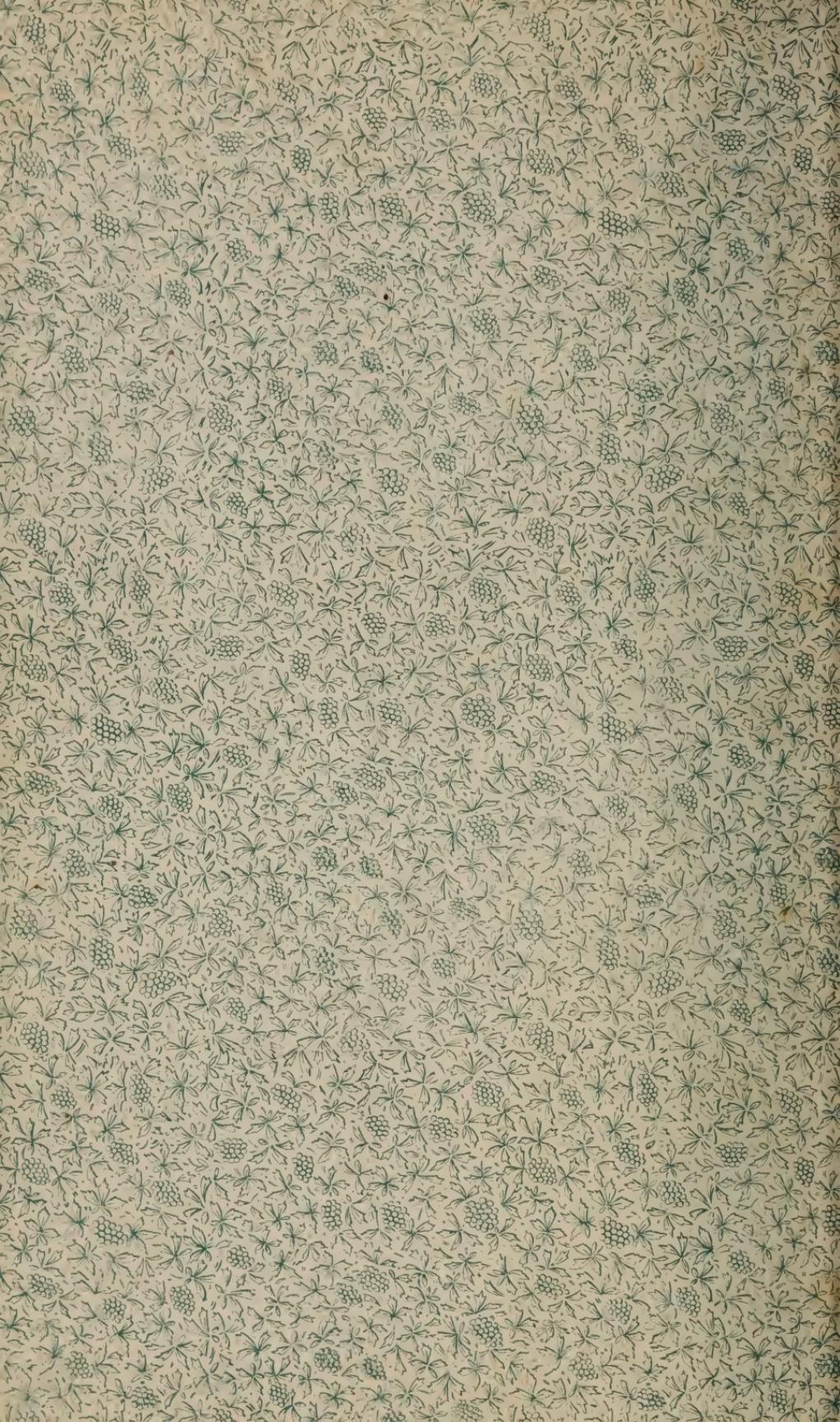


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A Historical Sketch
OF THE
University of Georgia

BY A. L. HULL



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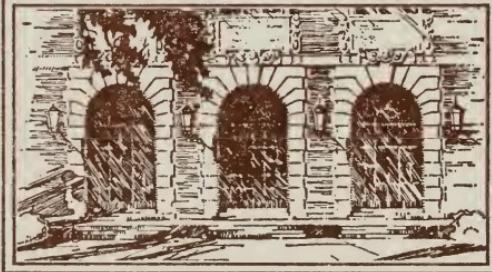
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C. F. Montgomery, M. D.

Augusta, Georgia.

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A HISTORICAL SKETCH

OF THE

University of Georgia.

BY

A. L. HULL,

Secretary of the Trustees and Treasurer of the University.

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

1894.

ATLANTA, GA.:

THE FOOTE & DAVIES CO.

1894.

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HISTORICAL SKETCH OF THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

I.

The Inception of the University—The Charter—First Meeting of the Trustees—Their Work.

1784-1797.

The University of Georgia had its legal conception in an act of the Legislature, approved February 25, 1784, the intention of which primarily was to lay out amid the virgin forests of the State two counties, Washington and Franklin; the one extending from the line of Richmond and Wilkes to the Oconee river, and the other from Wilkes to the Cherokee Nation, between the Oconee and the Keowee Rivers.

A section of that act provides: "And whereas the encouragement of religion and learning is an object of great importance to any community, and must tend to the prosperity, happiness and advantage of the same, *Be it therefore enacted*, etc., that the County Surveyors immediately after the passing of this act shall proceed to lay out in each county twenty thousand acres of land of the first quality in separate tracts of five thousand acres each for the endowment of a College or seminary of learning, and which said lands shall be vested in and granted in trust to his honor the Governor, for the time being, and John Houston, James Habersham, William Few, Joseph Clay, Abraham Baldwin, William Houston, Nathan Brownson, and their successors in office, who are hereby nominated and appointed Trustees for the said College or seminary of learning and empowered to do all such things as to them shall appear requisite and necessary to forward the establishment and progress of the same; and all vacancies shall be filled up by the said Trustees. And the said County Surveyors shall in six months after the passing of this Act make return to the Trustees hereinbefore mentioned of regular plats of all such tracts as shall be laid out and surveyed by virtue of this Act."

In pursuance whereof the eight tracts were laid out which are now included in the counties of Hancock, Oglethorpe, Greene, Clarke, Jackson and Franklin and still another across the Savannah river in the State of South Carolina, which will be treated of hereafter. These tracts were known as the Fishing and the Falling Creek tracts in Oglethorpe, the Richland Creek tract in Greene, the Sandy Creek tract in Clarke, the Shoal Creek tract in Franklin, the Shoulder-bone tract in Hancock and the Keowee tract in South Carolina.

The following year, 1785, a bill was introduced to complete the establishment of a "public seat of learning," which was approved January 27, 1785, and constitutes the Charter of the University of Georgia. It is as follows:

THE CHARTER.

As it is the distinguishing happiness of free governments that civil order should be the result of choice and not necessity, and the common wishes of the people become the law of the land, their public prosperity and even existence, very much depends upon suitably forming the minds and morals of their citizens. When the minds of the people in general are viciously disposed and unprincipled, and their conduct disorderly, a free government will be attended with greater confusions and evils more horrid than the wild uncultivated state of nature: it can only be happy where the public principles and opinions are properly directed and their manners regulated. This is an influence beyond the stretch of laws and punishments, and can be claimed only by religion and education. It should, therefore, be among the first objects of those who wish well to the national prosperity to encourage and support the principles of religion and morality, and early to place the youth under the forming hand of society, that by instruction, they may be moulded to the love of virtue and good order. Sending them abroad to other communities for their education will not answer these purposes, is too humiliating an acknowledgment of the ignorance or inferiority of our own, and will always be the cause

of so great foreign attachments, that upon principles of policy, it is inadmissible.

This country in the times of our common danger and distress, found such security in the principles and abilities which wise regulations had before established in the minds of our countrymen, that our present happiness, joined to the pleasing prospects, should conspire to make us feel ourselves under the strongest obligation to form the youth, the rising hope of our land, to render the like glorious and essential services to our country.

And, whereas, For the great purpose of internal education, divers allotments of land have at different times been made, particularly by the Legislature at their session in July, 1783, and February, 1784, all of which may be comprehended and made the basis of one general and complete establishment: Therefore enacted,

2. SEC. I. That the general superintendence and regulation of the literature of this State, and in particular of the public seat of learning, shall be entrusted to one board, denominated "The Board of Visitors," hereby vested with all the powers of visitation to see that the intent of this institution is carried into effect; and John Houston, James Habersham, William Few, Joseph Clay, Abraham Baldwin, William Houston, Nathan Brownson, John Habersham, Abiel Holmes, Jenkin Davis, Hugh Lawson, William Glascock and Benjamin Taliaferro, who shall compose another board, denominated the "Board of Trustees." These two boards, united, or a majority of each of them, shall compose the "Senatus Academicus of the University of Georgia."

3. SEC. II. All statutes, laws and ordinances for the government of the University, shall be made and enacted by the two boards united or a majority of each of them, subject always to be laid before the General Assembly, as often as required and to be repealed or disallowed as the General Assembly may think proper.

4. SEC. III. Property vested in the University shall never be sold without the joint concurrence of the two boards, and by an act of the Legislature; but the leasing, farming

and managing of the property of the University for its constant support, shall be the business of the Board of Trustees. For this purpose they are hereby constituted a body corporate and politic by the name of "The Trustees of the University of Georgia," by which they shall have perpetual succession and shall and may be a person in law, capable to plead and be impleaded, defend and be defended, answer and be answered unto, also to have, take, possess, acquire, purchase or otherwise receive lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods, chattels, or other estates, and the same to lease, use, manage or improve, for the good and benefit of said University; and all property given or granted to or by the government of this State for the advancement of learning in general, is hereby vested in such Trustees, in trust, as herein described.

5. SEC. IV. As the appointment of a person to be President and head of the University is one of the first and most important concerns on which its respect and usefulness greatly depends, the Board of Trustees shall first examine and nominate, but the appointment of the President shall be by the two boards jointly, who shall also have the power of removing him from office for misdemeanor, unfaithfulness or incapacity.

6. SEC. V. There shall be a stated annual meeting of the Senatus Academicus at the University, or at any other place or time to be appointed by themselves, at which the Governor of the State, or in his absence, the President of the Council, shall preside; their records to be kept by the Secretary of the University.

7. SEC. VI. As the affairs and business of the University may make more frequent meetings of the Trustees necessary, the President and two of the members are empowered to appoint a meeting of the board, notice always to be given to the rest, or letters left at the usual places of their abode, at least fourteen days before the said meeting; seven of the Trustees thus convened shall be a legal meeting. In case of the death, absence or incapacity of the President, the senior Trustee shall preside. The majority of the members

present shall be considered a vote of the whole, and where the members are divided, the President shall have the casting vote; *Provided*, always that nothing done at these special meetings shall have any force or efficacy after the rising of the then next annual meeting of the Trustees.

8. SEC. VII. The Trustees shall have the power of filling up all vacancies of their own board, and appointing professors, tutors, secretary, treasurer, stewards, or any other officers which they may think necessary, and the same to discontinue or remove as they may think fit; but not without seven of their number, at least, concurring in such act.

9. SEC. VIII. The Trustees shall prescribe the course of public studies, appoint the salaries of the different officers, form and use a public seal, adjust and determine the expenses, and adopt such regulations, not otherwise provided for, which the good of the University may render necessary.

10. SEC. IX. All officers appointed to the instruction and government of the University shall be of the Christian religion; and within three months after they enter into the execution of their trust, shall publicly take oath of allegiance and fidelity and the oath of office prescribed in the statutes of the University; the President before the Governor or President of the Council, and all other officers before the President of the University.

11. SEC. X. The President, professors, tutors, students and all officers and servants of the University whose office require their constant attendance, shall be and they are hereby excused from military duty and from all such like duties and services, and all land and other property of the University is hereby exempted from taxation.

12. SEC. XI. The Trustees shall not exclude any person of any religious denomination from free and equal liberty and advantages of education, or from any of the liberties, privileges and immunities of the University in his education, on account of his, her, or their speculative sentiments in religion, or being of a different religious profession.

13. SEC. XII. The President of the University, with the consent of the Trustees, shall have power to give and confer

all such degrees, honors and licenses as are usually conferred in colleges or universities, and shall always preside at the meeting of the Trustees and at all public exercises of the University.

14. SEC. XIII. The Senatus Academicus, at their stated annual meetings, shall consult and advise, not only upon the affairs of the University, but also to remedy the defects and advance the interests of literature through the State in general. For this purpose it shall be the business of the members, previous to their meetings, to obtain an acquaintance with the state and regulations of the schools and places of education in their respective counties, that they may be thus possessed of the whole and have it lie before them for their mutual assistance and deliberation. Upon this information they shall recommend what kind of schools and academies shall be instituted, agreeably to the Constitution, in the several parts of the State, and prescribe what branches of education shall be taught and inculcated. They shall also examine and recommend the instructors to be employed in them, or appoint persons for that purpose. The President of the University, as often as the duties of his station will permit, and some of the members, at least once in a year, shall visit them and examine into their order and performances.

15. SEC. XIV. All public schools instituted or to be supported by funds or public moneys in this State, shall be considered as parts or members of the University and shall be under the foregoing directions and regulations.

16. SEC. XV. Whatsoever public measures are necessary to be adopted for accomplishing these great and important designs, the Trustees shall, from time to time, represent and lay before the General Assembly.

On February 3, 1786, an act was passed requiring the trustees to meet and proceed to the transaction of the business for which they had been appointed.

In pursuance of this act, the first meeting of the trustees was held in Augusta, Georgia, February 13, 1786. There were present Abram Baldwin, William Few, William Glas-

cock, John Habersham, Nathan Brownson, Hugh Lawson and Benjamin Taliaferro.

Abram Baldwin was chosen president of the University and as such continued until the institution went into active operation in 1801.

The work of the trustees for the next fourteen years consisted of the management of their lands with a view to accumulating a fund which could be used in erecting buildings and paying teachers. The scheme contemplated a long rent-roll, according to the English ideas that prevailed at the time, which it was hoped would sustain the institution. But experience proved that rents of lands in this new country could not be depended on for a certain income.

II.

Greenesborough Laid Off—Senatus Academicus—First Organization of
of the University—Location at Athens—Donation of Governor
Milledge—The Keowee Tract—Appointment of Josiah Meigs—
Description of Athens in 1803—Report on the College.

1798-1803.

On one of the tracts in Greene county in July, 1798, the town of Greenesborough was laid off by the trustees, and one thousand acres of land were offered for sale or lease in the immediate neighborhood of the new town.

It was the desire of some of the trustees to erect a building in Greenesborough and locate the college there; but there seemed to have been great difficulty in getting a quorum of the board together to act upon the suggestion. A meeting was appointed at the "Coffee House" in Louisville, then the capital of the State, in January, 1799. It took three successive adjournments to get a quorum and then only seven were present. After the meeting of the board, the Senatus Academicus was formed and proceeded to business. This august body was composed of the Governor, the Senate, the President and Trustees of the University. They sat in solemn state and confirmed or rejected the acts of the trustees.

On November 28, 1800, the Senatus Academicus organized the college by the election of a President at a fixed salary of \$1,200 per annum and prescribed a curriculum of studies for six classes of students. The course of study began with arithmetic, geography, composition and "speaking," and ended with moral philosophy, trigonometry, Latin and Greek, with the option of substituting the French language for either of the others, provided the tutor might be able to teach it.

In addition to this, the trustees were directed to name a location for the college. That body held a meeting and after repeated balloting decided upon Jackson county as the favored place. A committee was appointed, consisting of John Milledge, Abram Baldwin, George Walton, John Twiggs and Hugh Lawson, who should visit that section and select a site for the buildings.

The committee, in the latter part of June, 1801—there was no unnecessary haste made in those days—met at Billup's Tavern on the Lexington road and thence made tours of inspection to various localities.

The Augusta *Chronicle* of July 25, 1801, tells us that “the committee repaired to the county of Jackson and proceeded with attention and deliberation to examine a number of situations as well upon the tracts belonging to the University as upon others of private individuals. Having completed their views, they proceeded by ballot to make the choice, when the vote was unanimous in favor of a place belonging to Mr. Daniel Easley at the Cedar Shoals upon the north fork of the Oconee river and the same was resolved to be selected and chosen for the seat of the University of Georgia. For this purpose the tract, containing 633 acres, was purchased of Mr. Easley by Mr. Milledge, one of the committee, and made a donation of to the trustees; and it was called *Athens*.”

What was the value of this gift of Governor Milledge at the time, we do not know—probably, a thousand or twelve hundred dollars. When the grants by the State were made, there being very much land and very few people in Georgia the 40,000 acres could not have been worth very much. Governor Wilson Lumpkin, in a letter published in 1859, said that his father was the grantee of a large tract of land in the middle part of the State; and in 1783, sold 400 acres for a rifle and another tract of 400 acres for a saddle horse. If this be taken as a criterion, the munificent gift of the State when the grant was made, was worth about fifty rifles and as many saddle horses, from which, however, twelve horses

should be deducted for the 5,000 acres lost in the adjustment of the South Carolina line.

But coming out of the war of the Revolution, her people impoverished, her commerce destroyed, her resources limited, the State had nothing else but land, and such as she had she freely gave. And though valueless, it may be, then, the lands afterwards yielded the University a permanent fund of one hundred thousand dollars, while the generosity of Governor Milledge brought her, first and last, thirty thousand dollars, and sustained her at sundry times when in dire distress. In recognition of her obligation to him, the University has called the chair of ancient languages "The Milledge Chair of Ancient Languages;" and in other resolutions, from time to time, have the trustees testified their appreciation of the gift.

Reference has been made to the loss of 5,000 acres in the State of South Carolina. The line between Georgia and South Carolina was determined to be the northern bank of the Savannah river at high water; and where it *forked*, the larger of the two streams should be considered a continuation of the Savannah. The Tugalo and the Keowee or Seneca, formed the first fork from its mouth and it became a question which was the larger. It was generally conceded that the Seneca was the principal stream and was therefore considered the boundary line between the States.

The lands between the rivers belonged then to Georgia, a part of which was the tract granted to the University, containing 5,000 acres, both fertile and valuable. Subsequent surveys, pretending to be more carefully made, determined that the Tugalo was the larger stream and that became the boundary line, thereby taking from the University her valuable lands. A committee of the trustees was appointed to ascertain and report the facts in connection with the loss of this tract. They reported that the tract was conceded to the State of South Carolina under the treaty of Beaufort, dated April 28, 1787; one of the clauses of which declared void all grants under the State of Georgia which were not registered in the State of South Carolina within twelve months from the date of the treaty. This treaty was rati-

fied by the State of South Carolina on the 29th day of February, 1788, but such ratification was not communicated to the Governor of Georgia until May 26, 1788. The grant for the tract of land in question was sent to the proper office in South Carolina to be registered immediately after the reception of such communication, but it was not recorded.

The committee held that the treaty did not begin to operate until after the exchange of ratifications between the two States, and that the grant was presented for enrolment in ample time.

They also held that the tract was the property of the University prior to the treaty of Beaufort, and no power was vested in the commissioners of Georgia to transfer its property to any person whatsoever. The tract was at the time, (1799) reported to be settled by claimants under the State of South Carolina.

The trustees made every effort to retain their possession, employing lawyers to prosecute their claims before the Legislature of South Carolina and in the United States Circuit Court, and appointing Thomas Peter Carnes, one of their number, a commissioner, it is supposed, to lobby. Having spent about seven hundred dollars in this case, every effort to establish their title or effect a compromise having failed, after eight or ten years, the board abandoned the whole matter.

The year prior to the selection of a site for the college, to-wit, in November, 1800, Abram Baldwin, who had been a tutor at Yale College before his removal to Georgia, recommended for Professor of mathematics, Josiah Meigs, of Connecticut, whom he had favorably known as a scholar and a successful teacher.

Mr. Meigs was accordingly appointed "upon examination" (we suppose on probation) at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars and four hundred dollars to pay the expenses of removal to Athens. The following year, upon his arrival and introduction to the trustees, Mr. Baldwin resigned the presidency and Mr. Meigs was elected in his stead. The trustees directed Mr. Meigs to erect one or more log buildings for the

college, and requested him to teach until enough students should attend to authorize the employment of a tutor.

The surroundings were unpromising, but nothing daunted, President Meigs set to work with zeal and vigor to organize a school in the woods.

He had a clearing made for the campus, a street was laid out, lots were staked off and a town projected. Several citizens from other parts of the State, among them the Rev. Hope Hull, came with their families and settled in the village.

The *Augusta Chronicle* thus describes the place in 1802:

"The river at Athens is about 150 feet broad; its waters rapid in their descent and has no low grounds. The site of the University is on the south (?) side and half a mile from the river. About 200 yards from the site and 300 feet above the river, in the midst of an extensive bed of rock, issues a copious spring of excellent water, and in its meanderings to the river several others are discovered. On the place is a new, well-built frame dwelling house, entirely equal to the accommodation of the president and his family. There is also another new house equal to a temporary school-room. The square of the University, containing 36½ acres, is laid off so as to comprehend the site, the houses and the spring. A street is laid off on the northern line of the square adjoining a village of lots in that direction. Besides the spring in the square, which is convenient to the village, there is one in the street and another back of the lots.

"Near Athens, Mr. Easley has an excellent flour mill, a saw and common grist mill with intention to add a cotton machine. To drive these, the rapids opposite Athens are slightly dammed, so as the ordinary supply of the river neither increases or diminishes the size of the pond. Besides the lesser fish of fresh waters, the shad, in their season, ascend the river as high as Athens in great perfection."

In order to begin these improvements a loan of five thousand dollars was asked of the Legislature, secured by mortgages on the Hancock county lands.

Mr. James Gunn, of Louisville, at this juncture, generously gave the University one thousand dollars, which, with a balance in hand, made about seven thousand dollars with which to begin operations.

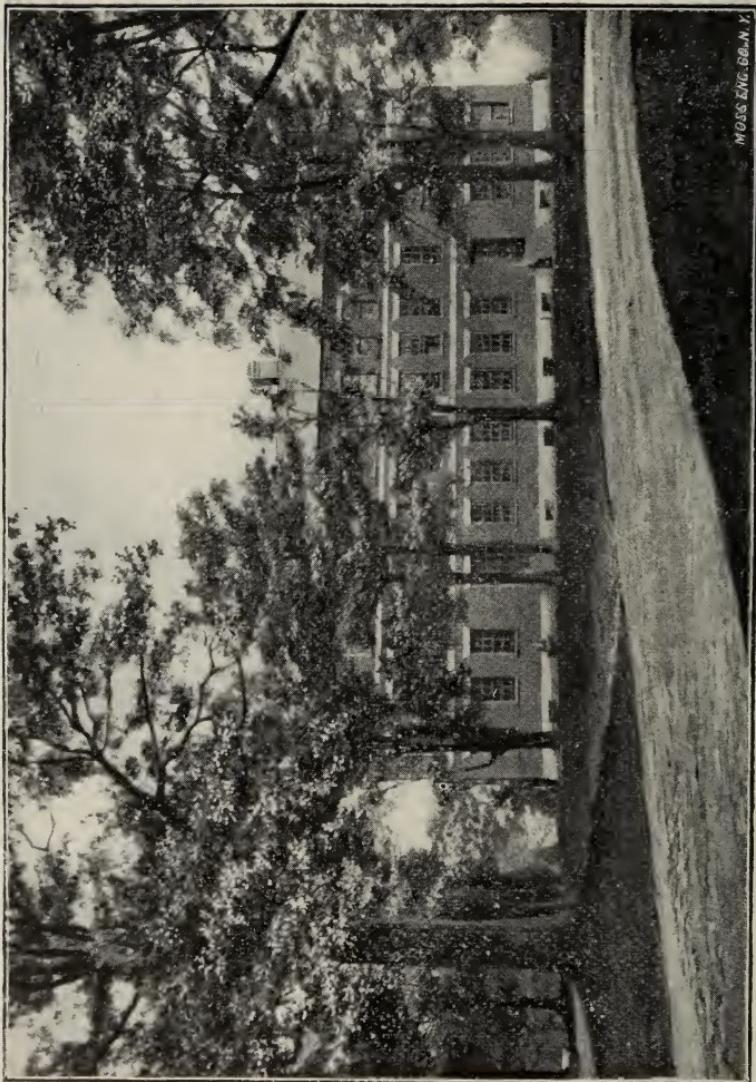
Thus re-enforced, the trustees ordered the erection of the brick building which still stands, the earliest monument of their efforts, and known to every student as "Old College."

The difficulties of building would now be thought almost insurmountable. Lime cost \$10 a cask and nails were proportionately high. Both had to be hauled in wagons from Augusta. Brick made five miles away cost \$7.50 per thousand and \$4 more for laying them. All building material was very difficult to get and mechanics' labor was extremely unreliable. The contract for building Old College was let to Mr. John Billups. Mr. Easley built the president's house; and the frame school-room cost, completed, \$187.27.

In spite of all difficulties, however, the institution grew. In November, 1803, President Meigs reported to the board that "three dwelling houses, three stores and a number of other valuable buildings have been erected on Front street. The students, citizens and inhabitants of Athens have been remarkably healthy during the year, and the spring has not failed as to quantity of water, but rather increased. The number of students has been between thirty and thirty-five. (A pretty fair margin.) Twelve young gentlemen compose the senior class. They are pursuing with laudable ambition and singular industry, a course of reading, study and academic exercises, and it is believed by the first of May next they will merit the first degree usually conferred in all regular collegiate establishments. The philosophical apparatus and a small selection of books are now on their way from London to Savannah, and I am confident it will be at least equal in real utility to any one belonging to any literary institution in the United States.

"You have, in less than two years, done much if you compare the effects of your labors with those of the directors of the ancient similar institutions of William and Mary in Vir-

ginia, Cambridge in Massachusetts and Yale in Connecticut. None of those colleges have more than two hundred students, though they have been in existence from 100 to 170 years."



OLD COLLEGE. 1894. BUILT 1803.

MOSS KING, BOSTON, MASS.

III.

Prudential Committee—Grammar School—First Commencement—Programme—Plat of Campus—Tutors Appointed—Application to Establish a Lottery—Chapel Erected.

1803-1808.

In 1803, Hope Hull, Thomas P. Carnes and John Clarke were appointed a "Prudential Committee" of the trustees, a standing committee which has continued to the present day. Upon this committee devolved the duty of acting for the board in cases of emergency and of advising with the president at all times in the interests of the college.

A Grammar School was established too, with Rev. John Hodge as master, who was afterwards for a long time the secretary of the trustees. The grammar school was for many years a valuable adjunct to the college in preparing boys for the higher classes. It was the outcome of President Meigs' complaint that there were so few academies in the State which gave their pupils the preparation necessary for admission to college—a complaint which may with justice be made at the present day. In later years the grammar school became unpopular from a custom of the faculty sentencing idle and refractory students to "three months in the grammar school," and in 1829 it was discontinued altogether.

The first commencement of the college occurred May 31, 1804. The president issued a "diploma" to Addin Lewis and others authorizing them to examine the senior class for degrees. Their report was presented to the trustees, who thereupon directed the president to confer "the degree of Bachelor of Arts upon Gibson Clarke, Augustin S. Clayton, Thomas Irwin, Jeptha V. Harris, William H. Jackson, James D. Jackson, James Wayne, Robert Rutherford, Williams Rutherford and William Williamson, alumni of this University; and that Ebenezer H. Cumming, Bachelor of Arts of

Hampden Sidney College, be admitted *ad eundem*; and that Elijah Clarke, William Prince, John Forsyth and Henry Meigs be respectively admitted to the degree of Master of Arts."

The board then accompanied the students in procession to attend the commencement when the following exercises were performed:

PROGRAMME.

Sacred music (presumably congregational singing).

A prayer by the Rev. Mr. Marshall.

A salutatory oration by William H. Jackson.

An oration in favor of liberty and the superior advantages possessed by the United States over the governments of Europe, by Jeptha V. Harris.

An oration in praise of virtue and the necessity of enforcing it by example, by Thomas Irwin.

A poem, descriptive of the means by which the lands of the Oconee were obtained—the former possessors described and contrasted with the present, and a prediction of its future greatness, by Augustin S. Clayton.

A dialogue (?) between Messrs. William Williamson, W. Jackson and J. Harris.

An oration exciting to gratitude to France for her assistance during the Revolutionary War and the cession of Louisiana, by James D. Jackson.

An oration on the dignity of man, and exhorting to agriculture and a knowledge of the arts and sciences, by Robert Rutherford.

An oration in praise of a representative government and the sciences, by William Williamson.

A dialogue (?) between Messrs. Jared Irwin, James D. Jackson, R. Rutherford and A. S. Clayton.

A disquisition on taste, by Ebenezer H. Cumming.

A valedictory oration, by Gibson Clarke.

The conferring of degrees.*

*Williams Rutherford was compelled by ill health to leave college just before the commencement and was so prevented from taking part in the exercises.

A concluding prayer, by Rev. Hope Hull.

The board then returned to the college, where they declared that they "have with pleasure and satisfaction beheld the great and rapid improvement in science of the students of the University and felicitate themselves on the prospect of the institution becoming conspicuously and eminently useful to the community."

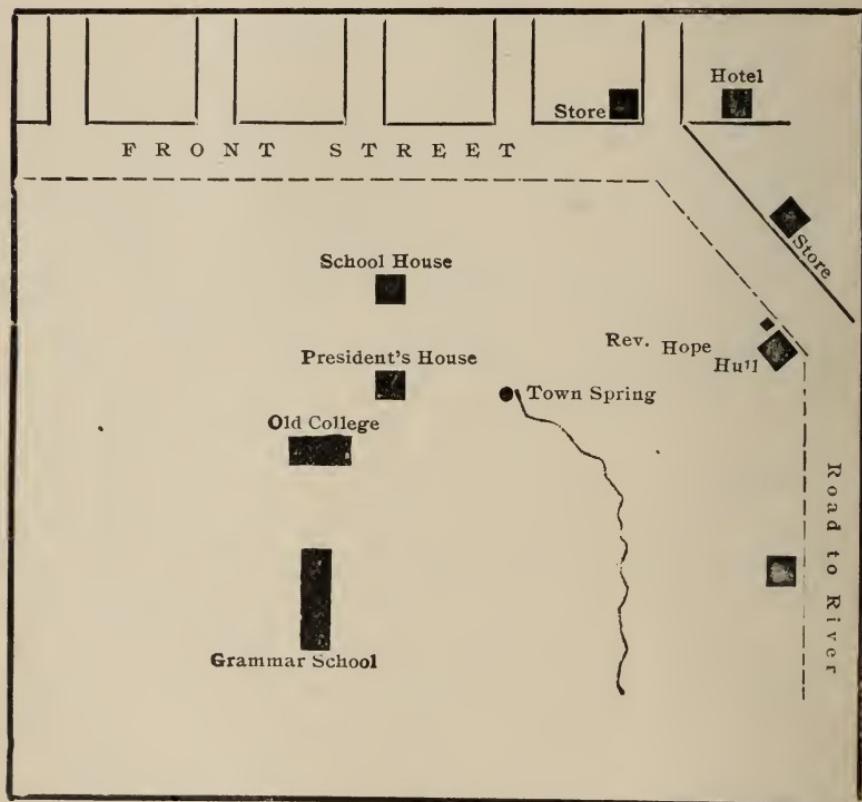
These commencement exercises, and so for several years afterwards, were held *sub arboribus*, in the open air.

Dr. Henry Hull has left the following account:

"I have been present at every commencement of the college since 1804, though my memory only reaches back to that of 1806. On this occasion a large crowd of people of all sorts, from the country and from towns, male and female, old and young, in every variety of costume, were assembled under a large bush arbor in front of the Old College, supplied with seats made of plank and slabs borrowed for the occasion from Easley's saw mill, resting on blocks or billets of wood which raised them from the ground. The stage for the faculty, trustees and speakers was erected at the side of the college building and the speakers when called came out of the door at the east end. The whole was built mainly by the students. The poles and brush for the arbor were growing in less than two hundred yards from the place where they were wanted; the cutting and dragging them was a mere frolic, and as 'many hands make light work,' the affair once begun was soon completed. The intelligent portion of the audience were of course interested in the orations; but the greater part looked on in stupid wonder as if on a pageant, understanding about as much of the English as of the Greek and Latin speeches, but all wrapt in profound attention."

A plat of the town and campus, made by Mr. Meigs and Mr. Hull, by direction of the board, shows at this time but few houses on the college grounds. The Old College, east of that the president's house, a story and a half frame dwelling which was afterward removed to make room for the brick house now standing; the grammar school near the spot now occupied by Professor Willcox's house, and another

wooden building on the present site of the Phi Kappa hall, the one spoken of in the *Chronicle* as "equal to a temporary school-room"—a single room twenty feet square, with a chimney at one end, an unglazed window at the other and a door in each side—these comprised the improvements on the campus. No fence enclosed the area, but all was open, while Front street, now known as Broad, was a lane cleared through the woods and doubtless full of stumps.



So encouraging were the prospects of the college that the trustees elected Mr. Addin Lewis to be tutor and Mons. Petit de Clairville, professor of French. Mr. Lewis was paid \$800, and Monsieur Petit \$400 per annum, which suggests the belief in the board that a Frenchman could exist on one-half of what it took to feed the Yankee.

The board further unanimously "resolved that the present collegiate buildings at Athens be hereafter denominated and known by the name of FRANKLIN COLLEGE."

The record shows that on *Sunday*, July 6, 1806, the board met at 8 o'clock and transacted business, and I note with pleasure that the Rev. Hope Hull was not present.

Application was made to the Legislature for authority to establish a lottery to raise three thousand dollars for the purchase of books. The request it seems, was refused—possibly because of the Sunday meeting—for lotteries were not condemned in that day, but on several occasions were legalized by the Legislature as late as 1865. Various donations, however, were made from time to time to the library, both in valuable books and in money.

It was the constant effort of the authorities to add to the library of the University, and the wisdom of their action is proved by the number of valuable works now on its shelves, many of which cannot be duplicated.

The necessity for a chapel was growing more and more pressing, but no funds were available for the purpose. In 1808, Hope Hull offered that if the board would give one hundred dollars for a belfry, he would cause to be erected a chapel 40 by 60 and 18 feet high. The offer was accepted and several trustees at once contributed to the chapel fund. Thomas Flournoy gave \$32, General Twiggs, \$50, and Peter Randolph, \$200.

The chapel was built on the spot where the present chapel stands and served its purpose for twelve years.

IV.

Reorganization of Board of Trustees—Decline in Attendance—President Meigs' Resignation—Sketch of His Life.

1811.

In 1808, the Legislature declared that "whereas the Board of Trustees of the University consists of thirteen members, which is deemed too unwieldy and expensive, vacancies which may occur shall not be filled until the number is reduced to seven."

But apparently the trustees did not die or resign rapidly enough, for by the act of December 16, 1811, the number was reduced to five and the following persons were appointed: Peter Early, Edward Paine, Stephen Upson, John Griffin, William H. Crawford.

In 1816 the number was increased under another act by the appointment of David B. Mitchell, Thomas W. P. Charlton Nicholas Ware, Henry Kollock, Augustin S. Clayton, James Merriwether, James M. Wayne, John Elliott, John A. Cuthbert and George M. Troup. Afterwards Duncan G. Campbell and Edward Harden were added and the board was authorized to fill its own vacancies.

In 1808 the board "learned with sincere regret that the number of students in the college are reduced from thirty to thirteen, and in the grammar school from forty to twenty-five." A committee was appointed "to enquire into the reports which affect the reputation of the president of the college as well as the moral character and discipline of the institution." What the result of this inquiry was, is not known, but two years later Mr. Meigs resigned the presidency, retaining the professorship of mathematics and natural philosophy. For the performance of these duties "with attention and diligence" he was to receive the sum of \$1,200 per annum.

This action of the trustees Mr. Meigs seems to have acceded to *ex necessitate*, but it embittered his relations with them as shown in the following affidavits found recorded in the minutes:

"Hope Hull, one of the members of this board, gives the following information and exhibits the same as charges against Mr. Professor Meigs, which charges should be inquired into by the board, viz.: That to the best of his recollection the day after the adjournment of the board in August last, and at the door of the printing office, he, Mr. Meigs, addressing himself to Mr. Hull, uttered in substance the following words: 'You have appointed Campbell your secretary. However, I suppose he will do well enough as a secretary for the TORIES!' Mr. Meigs has further said in the presence of Mr. Hull, that 'the State of Georgia had great reason to thank God for one honest man—Judge Early—if it had not been for him the lands belonging to the institution would have been sold and the money pocketed,' and many other expressions and observations of a similar import, but not now precisely recollected.

"(Signed) HOPE HULL.

"Sworn to before me, this 8th August, 1811, at Athens.

ROBERT WALKER, Judge."

And the following:

" In a conversation with Mr. Meigs a few days after the adjournment of the board in August last, upon the subject of the congressional and county elections, he observed in substance as follows: 'You,' addressing himself to me, 'cannot think to gain the confidence of the people after your conduct relative to the college lands. The facts stated in the piece that appeared in the *Express* against you last week were furnished by me, and there are other facts which I intend to communicate. But I cannot so much blame you; for you are a tool of other *great* men.' But for one honest man, or the only honest man among them, the board of trustees would have sold the college lands and would have squandered the money away to their own uses. They were all a damned pack or band of Tories and speculators, and if they

had have (*sic*) turned him out of his office, he would have published their villainy and dishonesty to the world and have shown them in their proper colors. They had made him professor of natural philosophy and chemistry and given him a poor pitiful salary of twelve hundred dollars—damn them—he reckoned they would make him next professor of cabbages and turnips—and much more such conversation not now detailed, but the above is the substance of the conversation.

“(Signed) AUGUSTIN S. CLAYTON.

“Sworn to before me, this 8th August, 1811, at Athens.

ROBERT WALKER, Judge.”

Mr. Meigs was given an opportunity for defense against these charges, but whatever he replied it was evidently not satisfactory, for “having this day heard the defense of Mr. Professor Meigs and the affidavits exhibited in support thereof, and having maturely considered the same together with the charges and proofs exhibited against him, the board are of opinion that he hath been guilty of *great misconduct* and ought to be removed from his office. Whereupon, resolved, that Josiah Meigs be and he is hereby removed from the office of professor of mathematics, natural philosophy and chemistry in Franklin College.”

Josiah Meigs, the first active president of the University of Georgia, was a native of Connecticut, the thirteenth child of his parents, born in 1757. His eldest brother, Colonel Return J. Meigs, was a distinguished officer of the Revolution and the father of the postmaster-general under President Monroe.

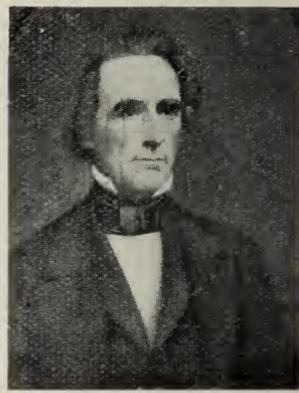
Josiah Meigs graduated at Yale College at the age of twenty-one. In 1781, he was appointed tutor of mathematics and natural philosophy and in 1794, professor in the same chair in that institution. In the meantime he was married to Miss Clara Benjamin and removed to Bermuda for the practice of law, a profession for which, however, he seemed to have but little taste. His tenure of office at Yale was brief. The Dwights made a bitter fight on him on account of his “Jeffersonian Democracy” as we call it now—“Republicanism” it was known then—and the trustees relieved him of his chair in 1798.



JOSIAH MEIGS



DR. MOSES WADELL.



DR. ALONZO CHURCH,

Upon his acceptance of the presidency of the University of Georgia, he at once entered with ardor upon the work and submitted a report to the trustees setting forth his views on the curriculum, the text-books, instruments and library necessary for the equipment of such an institution as was contemplated.

A man of great energy, fearless, honest and pure, he gave all his abilities to the upbuilding of the college. In person he was tall and spare, with blue eyes and florid complexion, blessed with perfect health which was uninterrupted until his last and fatal illness. In manner he was affable and kind, but quickly aroused and especially excitable on the subject of politics. In fact, he suffered for his political views at Athens as he had at Yale, for it was the free expression of his opinions that brought about the immediate causes of his removal from the presidency and the loss of his professorship.

Left stranded by his dismissal, not only poor but in debt, Mr. Meigs remained in Athens until 1812, when Mr. Jefferson, to whom he was well known, secured for him the appointment of surveyor-general, with his office at Cincinnati. Two years later, he was made commissioner of the general land office and removed to Washington, where he lived until his death, which occurred September 4th, 1822. His widow, Dr. Charles D. Meigs, the distinguished physician of Philadelphia, Henry Meigs, a prominent lawyer of New York, and other children survived him. His daughter, Clara, married Mr. John Forsyth, one of Georgia's most honored sons. General M. C. Meigs, quartermaster-general of the United States during the Civil War, was his grandson, and many others of his descendants are now living in New York and Philadelphia.

V.

President John Brown—His Weak Administration—Dr. Henry Jackson—Suspension of Exercises—Sketch of Dr. Brown.

1811-1816.

Upon the resignation of the presidency by Mr. Meigs, the Rev. Dr. Henry Kollock, of Savannah, was elected to the office, but declined.

Rev. Hope Hull, as chairman of the prudential committee, was appointed to act as president until the vacancy should be filled.

In 1811, Rev. John Brown, of Columbia, S. C., was elected and accepted the appointment.

Mr. John R. Goulding, of the same city, was made professor of languages.

Dr. Henry Jackson, then a young man not long arrived in Georgia from England, having been recommended by the governor, was employed as an instructor in mathematics, "for the expenses of his board and lodging until such time as the state of the funds shall authorize a competent salary for his services." That time came ere long when Professor Meigs was removed and Dr. Jackson was appointed to succeed him.

During President Brown's administration the fortunes of the college steadily declined. Much was no doubt due to the stringency of the times, the period of the war of 1812 being included in his incumbency. But the lack of discipline and the general laxity of the faculty in the discharge of their duties, brought upon them the censure of the board.

Dr. Jackson, who proved to be an able instructor, had gone as *charge des affaires* under Mr. Crawford, our minister to Paris. His place was temporarily filled by Professor William Green. Complaints were made of neglect by both faculty and students of the religious exercises of the college; of uncleanly rooms and slovenly habits; and even of offensive immorality. A student, fearless of the consequences,

had the temerity to publish a libelous paper about the faculty, and the laws of the institution were held in contempt.

The attendance of students fell off, the income of the college diminished, and as a necessary result, salaries were cut down—that of the president to \$1,000, of professors to \$700 and \$600. To meet pressing demands, a loan of \$5,000 was negotiated, and an effort was made to raise funds by the sale of lands. Lots in Athens, west of what is now Lumpkin street were laid off in four-acre sections and offered for sale at a minimum price of \$15 per acre on two years' time.

In this desperate state of affairs it was thought best to suspend for a time the exercises of the college.

President Brown and Professor Green resigned, leaving Mr. Goulding to comprise the faculty. That gentleman, as "senior professor," took charge of the premises, and in the meantime taught a school for his support.

The fortunes of the college were at the lowest ebb in its history, and its best friends almost despaired of any revival of prosperity.

John Brown was born in County Antrim, Ireland, June 15, 1763, and came with his father to America, settling in Chester District, South Carolina. His educational advantages were very limited, eighteen months covering the period of his schooling, part of which time he was the schoolmate of General Andrew Jackson.

At sixteen years of age, he volunteered under General Sumter and fought gallantly until the close of the war of the Revolution in the campaigns against Tarleton and Cornwallis.

Feeling called to preach the gospel, Mr. Brown studied theology at Salisbury, N. C., under Dr. McCorkle and was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Concord in 1788.

The next few years were passed in preaching and teaching; then, being called to Waxhaw church, he served as its pastor ten years. Resigning this charge, he again took up the profession of teaching and achieved some literary reputation. In 1809, he was called to the chair of logic and moral philosophy in South Carolina College, and two years

later was elected president of the University of Georgia, which office he held until 1816.

Dr. Brown was distinguished for his great excellence of character, his humility and generosity. He was essentially a *good* man. Rev. Dr. Talmadge used to call him "Our Apostle John." He had a vigorous mind and a fine command of language, but though a man of great firmness of character, he was defective in some of the essential qualities of a teacher, especially failing both to excite the interest and to hold the attention of his students. Added to this, his want of the executive talent needful in the head of an institution of learning, made his administration a signal failure. Conscious himself of this, Dr. Brown resigned the presidency in 1816, and retired to his home near Athens, where he lived for several years, doing good, and honored of all men.

Subsequently, Dr. Brown served for twelve years as pastor of a church in Hancock county, and then removed to Fort Gaines, where he died in 1842, in the eightieth year of his age.

VI.

The Constitutional Debt of \$100,000—Election of President Finley—Improvements on the Campus—Dr. Finley's Death—Rev. Hope Hull.

1817-1818.

During the first thirty years of its corporate existence, the University had sold its lands except in Clarke county and had in hand \$150,000 of notes, secured by mortgage, as the proceeds.

Upon the interest collected upon these notes with occasional encroachments on the principal as it was paid, the institution had erected its buildings and paid its current expenses. There being no regular income, however, upon which it could rely, the Legislature passed the act of December 15, 1815, authorizing the Governor to advance to the board of trustees, two-thirds the face value of those notes upon their being deposited in the State treasury. No money was to be paid for them, but upon the organization of the Bank of the State of Georgia, the Governor subscribed for one thousand shares for the University of Georgia and upon the surrender of the notes and mortgages, transferred the stock to the trustees.

The trustees were prohibited by law from selling or otherwise disposing of this stock, but the dividends could be used for the various requirements of the University.

The income from the investment was guaranteed by the State to amount to \$8,000 per annum. For several years, during its most successful period, the bank stock paid annually ten thousand dollars, but with all other concerns of like character it was lost in the wreck of the Civil War. Despite this, however, the State never repudiated its obligation, but regularly and promptly paid the interest from the treasury. The constitution of 1877 recognized the debt of one hundred thousand dollars and the annual interest has become a fixed charge upon the State.

Such is the history of the eight thousand dollars annuity.

With the prospect of a stated income, a reorganization of the college was effected.

Dr. Robert Finley, of New Jersey, was elected president and took the oath of office in May, 1817. Professor Goulding retained his chair; Professor Jackson, having returned from Europe, was at his old post. Mr. James Camak, of Columbia, S. C., and Mr. Asbury Hull, of Athens, were appointed tutors.

The Legislature advanced the board ten thousand dollars on the pledge of its surplus bonds. Thus assisted, the trustees appropriated one thousand dollars for the library, and made a contract for a home for the president to be built for eight thousand dollars. This is the brick dwelling east of Old College, which replaced the old frame dwelling.

The spirit of improvement defined the limits of the campus by the street on the east leading to the graveyard and that on the west leading to the "Tanyard Branch." A half acre of land was offered gratuitously to any religious denomination who should first apply, on condition they build a church thereon.

President Finley entered upon his office with zeal and ability. Presiding at the commencement in June, he impressed the audience with his ease and dignity. It was, however, a commencement only in name—there were in all but twenty-eight students in the college. After the closing exercises, Dr. Finley set out to make a tour of the State in order to become better acquainted with the people and to secure their patronage and their aid in restoring and rebuilding the institution. In this tour he was remarkably successful, but his usefulness was suddenly cut short by his untimely death. Returning home in September, he was prostrated with a bilious attack, common at that season, and lingering until October 3d, he sank in death.

Robert Finley was born in Princeton, N. J., in the year 1772. His father, James Finley, a Scotchman, was the friend of President Witherspoon of Princeton, and himself a man of great probity of character. Robert Finley was instructed by Mr. Ashbel Green, tutor and afterwards presi-

dent of the College of New Jersey, and was admitted to the freshman class in that institution in his eleventh year, receiving the degree of A. B. when he was sixteen. A youth of grave demeanor and force of character, he was appointed a teacher in the grammar school and at once manifested that peculiar talent for governing boys which made him famous in after years. Some of the pupils in this school, older than Finley, broke out into open rebellion against his authority, but he maintained the discipline of his room at the expense of several suspensions and had no further trouble from that source. At nineteen years of age he was invited to take a school in Charleston, S. C., where he spent a year, returning to Princeton to accept the appointment of tutor in that college.

In 1794, Mr. Finley was licensed to preach the gospel by presbytery, and the following year was called to the church at Basking Ridge, N. J. Here he spent almost all the remainder of his life, preaching and teaching. He conducted one of the best known grammar schools in the country.

In 1798, he was married to Miss Esther Caldwell, daughter of the "Fighting Parson of the Revolution." With her and their nine children he removed to Georgia in 1817, after he had accepted the invitation of the trustees to preside over the University of Georgia, whose destiny seemed to be hovering between life and death.

Dr. Finley was much discouraged upon his arrival at Athens, to find the college in such a woeful plight. He found, as he wrote to a friend, "a new country suffering greatly for want of good mechanics and the comforts of life. The college is at its last gasp; the scorn of its enemies and the pity of its friends; forgotten in the public mind, or thought of only to despair of it; neglected and deserted, the buildings nearly in ruins and the trustees doubtful if it can be recovered."

Dr. Finley's death, though following close upon so brief a connection with the college, was felt to be a public calamity. The trustees appropriated two hundred dollars to the erection of a monument over his grave, and resolved that his sons should be at no charge for their education at Athens.

They further ordered the president to make a title to Mrs. Finley to any two lots in the town of Athens she might choose, from the unsold lands of the University.

The following year, 1818, occurred the death of Rev. Hope Hull. The services of this staunch friend of the University make him deserving of more than a passing notice. Coming to Athens in 1803, he devoted himself with untiring industry to the material, intellectual and spiritual advancement of the community, and perhaps no man contributed so much to stamp indelibly upon them the sober and religious character which the town and its vicinity have always borne.

Dr. Lovick Pierce said of him: "He was the founder of Methodism in this section and in the vigor of his manhood his fame was almost world-wide. He used to be known under the coarse but graphic appellation of 'Broad Axe,' an honorary distinction conferred on him because of the mighty power that attended his ministry. My eyes first fell on him as he sat near the pulpit of a small log chapel near Athens, called 'Hull's Meeting House.' The wonderful reports which had reached me made me look upon him rather as an august than a fatherly being. His head was rather above the medium size, his black hair curling, just sprinkled with grey. His face was an exceedingly fine one—a well-developed forehead, a small, keen blue eye, with a heavy brow, indicative of intense thought. His shoulders were unusually broad and square, his chest wide and his voice full, flexible and capable of every variety of intonation, from the softest sounds of sympathy and persuasion to the thunder tones of wrath. Many ignorant sinners charged him with having learned their secrets, and using the pulpit to gratify himself in their exposure, and when convinced of their mistake doubted whether he were not a prophet.* His

*A student in the senior class, during a sermon delivered by Mr. Hull in the college chapel in 1812, was angered by what he believed to be a public exposure of his delinquencies, and afterwards meeting Mr. Hull on the campus, was very rude and insulting to him. The president reported the fact to the board then in session, and an order was passed withholding his degree from the young man, unless he should in the presence of the trustees, the faculty and the body of students, read and subscribe to a written apology for the offence. This being done, peace reigned, and the degree was conferred.

oratory was natural, his action the unaffected expression of his mind. He seemed in some of his finest moods of thought to *look* his words into you. He was one of nature's orators. In many of his masterly efforts, his words rushed upon his audience like an avalanche and multitudes seemed to be carried before him like the yielding captives of a stormed castle. Grave and guarded as he was, there were moments when he entertained his friends with the recital of thrilling incidents in his history. He survived until 1818, when he died, saying, 'God has laid me under marching orders. I am ready to obey.' "

The following resolution was entered on the minutes of the trustees: "The board, entertaining the highest sense of the long, zealous and distinguished usefulness of their fellow-member, the Rev. Hope Hull, and feeling the deepest regret for his loss, most unfeignedly sympathize with his family and friends for their afflictive bereavement, and cheerfully offer this public demonstration of their entire conviction of his worth and services."

VII.

President Moses Waddell—Professor James Camak—Professor James Tinsley—Students Board in Commons—New College Built—Sketch of Campus—Demosthenian and Phi Kappa Societies—Old Graveyard.

1819-1822.

Upon the death of President Finley, Rev. Nathan S. S. Beman was elected to the vacant office. That gentleman at first accepted, but in deference to the wishes of an invalid wife, afterwards declined the appointment.

The nomination then, of Rev. Ebenezer Porter of Savannah, was made, but he, too, declined.

Rev. Moses Waddell was next elected president. Mr. Waddell was born in Rowan county, N. C., July 29, 1770. He attended a neighboring school, studying with such diligence, that when he was but fourteen years of age, he was invited to take a school at a little distance from his home, with the stipulated remuneration of seventy dollars a year and his board. In 1786, he came to Greene county, Georgia, with his parents and opened another school. He was quite popular with the young people and was invited to all their "parties," at which dancing was the chief feature of amusement.

Mr. Waddell became so fond of this pleasure that his indulgence in it brought him to the serious reflection that it was harmful. So great was the temptation to him to dance that he finally changed his place of abode, going to the house of a pious gentleman, where he assiduously spent his evenings in the study of the classics. In 1789, he professed conversion and joined the Presbyterian church.

Subsequently, in view of preparing himself to preach the gospel, he went to Hampden Sidney College, entering the senior class in 1791. For some years after he was licensed, he preached and taught at different places, finally locating at Willington, S. C. In the meantime, he had among his

pupils, William H. Crawford and John C. Calhoun, men who in after life became the peers of any this country has ever produced.

Mr. Waddell was married first to a sister of John C. Calhoun, who survived her marriage but little more than a year. In 1800, he was married a second time to Miss Eliza Pleasants of Virginia.

At Willington, Dr. Waddell began a work of education which made him famous throughout the South. The school numbered at its maximum attendance, one hundred and eighty, comprising boys who afterwards became the most distinguished men of South Carolina and Georgia.

When the University of Georgia was lying prostrate under the misfortune of President Finley's death, superadded to the distressing condition in which he found it, it was felt that Dr. Waddell was the only man who could undertake its resuscitation with any hope of success.

The trustees sent him an urgent invitation to assume the presidency. Though very reluctant to face the responsibility of such a task, he yielded to the arguments of the committee who visited him, and removed to Athens in 1819.

The reputation of Dr. Waddell, which had preceded him, added to his energy and high character, soon raised the enrollment of students from seven to more than one hundred.

His discipline was firm without severity and only those who trifled with him felt how severe he could be. No student ever tried it twice, and one having come out from such an interview with him, said to a companion: "When you hear a boy bragging how he bullied Dr. Waddell, you may know he is lying, for it can't be done."

But with all his firmness, Dr. Waddell had the tact to know when not to punish. One night he caught, as he believed, Ned B—— playing cards. The next morning, overtaking him on the campus, the doctor said: "Edward, I think I saw you playing cards last night." "I reckon not, sir," said the culprit. "Yes, I am sure it was you," replied the doctor. "It couldn't have been me," answered Ned, "because I don't know the ace of jacks from the nine of deuces." Dr. Waddell smiled, but did not press the matter any further.

With Dr. Waddell's accession, Professor Camak retired from the faculty, and Dr. Alonzo Church, then teaching in Eatonton, Ga., was elected to the chair of mathematics.

Mr. Camak was a native of South Carolina. He was a professor in this University when Dr. Finley came to Georgia, and after his resignation, was married to Miss Helen Finley, a daughter of the late president. Removing to Millidgeville, Mr. Camak engaged in business and was made cashier of the Central Bank. He acquired a fine property there and afterwards moved back to Athens where he during his lifetime, and his family long afterwards, were among the most prominent citizens of the place.

Upon the resignation of Dr. Henry Jackson in 1820, Dr. James Tinsley was appointed professor of natural philosophy. Dr. Tinsley had been a pupil of Dr. Waddell at Willington. He studied medicine and was admitted to practice, but being very erratic, he defied both the conventional rules of society and the ethics of practice. He was a man of remarkable physical strength, though his weight never exceeded one hundred and sixty pounds. Dr. Tinsley was subject to violent and alarming hemorrhages from the lungs, and on account of this one weakness he exposed himself to the most inclement weather without overcoat or umbrella, with the collar and bosom of his shirt open and often without a hat, in order to "harden" himself. He never kept any medicines, depending upon what he might find in the house of his patient, and his surgical operations were performed with whatever was convenient at hand.

Dr. Tinsley had no fitness either by nature or education for the position to which he was elected, but his friends thought that the power of his intellect would overcome his want of training and enable him to sustain himself. Their mistake was soon apparent, and after two years of irksome restraint, he resigned.

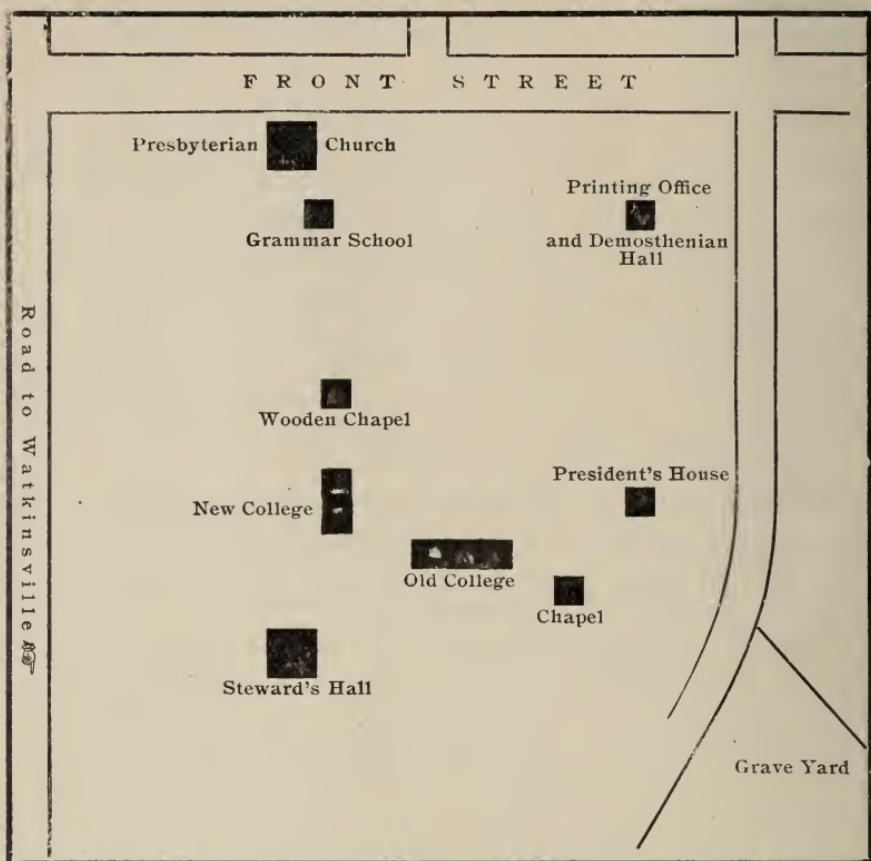
The problem of the disposition of the students had long exercised the faculty and trustees. At first they boarded anywhere in the neighborhood of the college; then they were required to room in the Old College. Later, by an act of the Legislature, they were permitted to "board at any place

within the town or vicinity of Athens, *provided*, they board with moral, respectable families, of which the president of the college shall judge." Then *Commons* were provided, a steward's hall established and maintained for a dozen or more years. By resolution of the trustees in 1820, the quality of board required was: "For breakfast, a sufficiency of wholesome cold meat with wheaten flour biscuit or loaf bread, butter, tea or coffee. For dinner, a course of bacon or salted beef, with a suitable proportion of corn bread and at least two kinds of vegetables, and on Wednesday, to have an after course of pies, puddings or pancakes. For each supper, a plentiful supply of tea or milk, with a sufficiency of wheaten flour biscuit and butter." Truly a substantial bill of fare and not open to the charge of extravagance.

The board also declared that "students on Sabbath afternoons must confine their walks to one mile, *provided*, this healthful and innocent indulgence is executed free from any violation of the laws of the college."

In 1822, a contract was let for the building of "New College" at \$24,980 to John R. Goulding, *quondam* professor, and Thomas Moore. The Philosophical Hall had been completed a year before and was used for the college chapel. In the second story, the library was arranged, and there the trustees held their meetings. There is a resolution extant, passed about this time, requesting the president to procure some more comfortable seats for the use of the board, which suggests visions of old split-bottom chairs and hard wooden benches on which were seated those grave and reverend seigniors.

After the completion of New College in 1823, the library and apparatus were transferred to that building.



THE CAMPUS IN 1821.

While we are upon the subject of buildings, it may be said that the Demosthenian Society, which was organized in 1803, and had for twenty years been holding its meetings in the old school-room, now being in a flourishing condition, both as to members and funds, built the hall north of the chapel which for seventy years has echoed the clarion tones of impassioned speakers. A new stimulus was given this old mother of debaters by the organization of a rival, the Phi Kappa Society, by Joseph Henry Lumpkin in 1825. For many years these two vied with each other for the honors of the college, and swore their members with great and inviolable oaths to secrets which might not even be thought of in the presence of another.

In 1824, the Old College walls gave indications of weakness and were strengthened by the iron bars which have no doubt aroused the curiosity of many a student.

The campus, which seems to have been open at the time, was ordered to be closed "with posts and plank in front, and common rails with stakes and riders on the other sides."

Interment of corpses on the college hill, where persons had been in the habit of interring them, was prohibited in future, but the commissioners of the town of Athens were permitted and authorized to inclose a piece of ground not exceeding one acre as a burial ground.

The place of interments referred to, is now covered by the houses east of the campus, and the "burial ground" of one acre a little farther south, filled with the dead of a third of a century, still lies with its tall pines standing sentinel over its graves.

VIII.

Dr. Waddell's Administration—Penalties—Militia Service—Professor Olds—Dr. Henry Jackson—Rev. Stephen Olin, D. D.

1823.

Dr. Waddell's entire administration was one of strength and success. The college grew in influence and in public favor. The trustees gave their cordial support to the president, who on his part, seemed to have no other desire than to raise the institution which had been confided to his care, to the highest standard of morality and scholarship. In this he succeeded beyond the expectations of the most sanguine. From the plane to which Dr. Waddell raised it, the University has never receded, and when the times and the circumstances of the people are considered, it was hardly possible for any man to have done more.

His discipline was never relaxed. To the students he was kind, but always firm. He commanded their respect and demanded their obedience.

There were dissensions in the faculty—as will always be—and there were resignations and re-elections, and complaints and lawlessness among the students; but the policy of the president never wavered. The universal regret of trustees, faculty, students and citizens at his resignation attested their endorsement of his course. During Dr. Waddell's tenure of office, the minimum age of admission of students was fixed at thirteen for the freshman, fourteen for the sophomore, fifteen for the junior and sixteen for the senior class.

It was said that the president advocated administering discipline by flogging to the freshmen and sophomores, but the board thought that mode of punishment incompatible with the dignity of a great university. In deference to his opinions, however, the faculty were authorized to remand refractory students to the grammar school, where the principal, Mr. Moses W. Dobbins, a nephew and namesake

of the president, wielded the birch with skill and liberality. A student would submit to anything short of expulsion rather than be sentenced to the grammar school.

A law was passed at one time that "no student of the grammar school should engage in any dramatic performance in the town of Athens, either in term time or vacation."

We do not know whether the board disapproved of theatricals on moral and religious grounds, or whether the histrionic talent of the youths was at so low an ebb as to discourage any hope of improvement. Under the laws of that day, students were subject to militia duty. They organized a company among themselves and made a great frolic of the whole affair. "Muster day" proved at last so disastrous to study and good order, that the governor was appealed to to withdraw the arms which had been furnished them.

The faculty being required to be at their recitation rooms during study hours attending to the behavior of the students, Dr. Henry Jackson, who had succeeded Dr. Tinsley in his old chair, resigned a second time because he was unwilling to do police duty on the campus.

Gamaliel S. Olds, of Massachusetts, was elected in his place, who, in the brief space of one year, proved his utter unfitness for the position. Upon his retirement, Dr. Jackson was recalled and served until his final resignation in 1827.

Dr. Henry Jackson, a native of England, came to Georgia a youth, not long before the close of the last century, at the invitation of his brother, James Jackson, once governor of Georgia. Elected to a professorship in the University in 1811, he proved to be a valuable acquisition to the faculty, a scholar of great scientific attainments and a gentleman of many fine traits of character. When the Hon. William H. Crawford went as minister to the court of France, Dr. Jackson was invited to go with him as secretary of legation. Obtaining leave of absence from the trustees, he went to France and was in Paris during the "hundred days reign" after Napoleon's return from Elba.

While passing through Washington on his way abroad, he met a lady to whom he was singularly attracted, but the

fact of her husband being very much alive was an insuperable objection to his making it known to her. On his return from Europe, he heard that she was a widow and so soon as propriety permitted, he paid her his addresses and was married to her. The lady was the widow of Howell Cobb, a member of congress from Georgia and uncle to Governor Howell Cobb.

Dr. Jackson was a conscientious teacher and was much admired by the students who were under his instruction. He passed his latter days at "Halscot," his home near Athens, where he was wont to receive and entertain his friends both young and old. His son, General Henry R. Jackson, is a distinguished citizen of this State.

Rev. Stephen Olin was a native of Vermont, and a classmate of Professor Alonzo Church, and through his efforts was invited to take the chair of belles-lettres and ethics, then newly established.

Dr. Olin had taught for several years in South Carolina and lived for a time in Charleston. He was a man of immense frame, tall and muscular, with large grey eyes and a magnificent head. He was unsurpassed as a teacher and exerted great influence over the students. One of the students once asked another why he always recited well to Dr. Olin while he neglected his other studies so shamefully. "Well," said he, "I can't stand the look of those eyes when I miss."

As a preacher he was gifted in a remarkable degree, eloquent in delivery and great in thought. When he delivered his first sermon in Athens, Dr. Church asked Dr. Waddell what he thought of him. "While he was speaking," said he, "I thought anybody could preach as well; but after he had finished, I thought no one could preach so well."

Dr. Olin's health failed and he was forced to resign. He was recalled three years later, but again resigned, having served four years as professor here. Subsequently he traveled extensively abroad, was elected president of Randolph Macon College in Virginia, and afterwards president of Wesleyan University, Connecticut, where he remained until his death.

THE "TOOMBS OAK." 1883.



IX.

Professor James Jackson—The Tariff—Presbyterian and Baptist Churches—Robert Toombs—Dr. Waddell's Resignation and Death.

1824-1829.

Another well known member of the faculty under Dr. Waddell, was Professor James Jackson, elected in 1823 to the chair of chemistry and French. He was a son of Governor James Jackson and a member of the first graduating class of the University. He was generally known as "Major" Jackson and among the students as "Old Take and Take" from an expression that he used in the class-room until it became fixed upon him.

He was a most amiable man and the boys teased him with impunity. On one occasion a student who had some talent as a draughtsman, drew on the wall outside his recitation room, a monkey with the features of Major Jackson. Naturally, he was very much irritated when he saw it and at once recognized the artist by his skill in drawing. The offender was reported to the faculty and summoned to appear and make his defence. The accused, on hearing the charge, frankly admitted that he drew the monkey, but denied that he intended it for the professor. "You lie, sir!" said the infuriated major. "You did intend it for me, for it is exactly like me." The absurdity of the situation was too much for the faculty, and the culprit was dismissed with the verdict not proven.

Major Jackson was a favorite with the students and derelict boys looked upon him as their best advocate before the faculty. A kind-hearted man, a thorough gentleman and an earnest Christian, his tenure of office extended over twenty-seven years, a longer period than any officer of the college had ever held his chair.

In 1827, the tariff was the all-absorbing political question of the day. In the board, Major Merriwether put himself on

record by a proposition to adopt a uniform of domestic homespun for the students. The students, full of patriotic zeal, held a mass meeting and resolved to wear only home-made goods. The trustees met them more than half way in adopting as the prescribed uniform for students, "a frock-coat made of dark grey Georgia homespun, wool and cotton, the seams covered with black silk cord or narrow braid, black buttons and pantaloons of same material, corded or braided in the same manner." An exception was made in favor of calico, for the reason that "morning gowns" of calico were quite fashionable, both students and professors wearing them on the streets. This garment—which must have been a marvel to behold—consisted of two widths of calico gathered at the neck with a string, buttoned at the waist and reaching to the ankles, having loose, flowing sleeves. The figure and color was left to the taste of the wearer, and there was as great a variety as can be seen at a county fair. Fancy the Chancellor of the University or the dignified Dean of the Faculty sailing down the street in a flowered calico morning gown!

With the reality of wearing the homespun, came a cooling of patriotic fervor and a petition went up from the boys to repeal the law, which, it seems, was cheerfully done.

The Presbyterian congregation which Dr. Waddell had organized, by permission of the board, built a house of worship on the campus, where the library building now stands. The door was towards the chapel and the high pulpit and the galleries around the sides are doubtless still fresh in the memories of old students.

Dr. Waddell ministered to this church until he left Athens. The Baptists also built a church on the northwest corner of the campus a few years later, in which Mr. Shannon preached, and afterwards, Dr. Brantly. Both these churches stood until about 1857, when the first was torn down and the other burned by an incendiary.

Some of the most distinguished men of the country passed out of the University as pupils of Dr. Waddell. Eugenius A. Nisbet, George F. Pierce, John A. Campbell, Paul F. Eve, Nathaniel M. Crawford, Robert Toombs, John N.

Waddell, Charles J. Jenkins and many others of lesser note, but of wide reputation in their own States, received the impress of his character while under his instruction at Athens.

A story of Robert Toombs has swung round the circle of the papers of late years, which represents him expelled from college for gambling, standing beneath the old oak in front of the chapel at commencement, pouring forth such burning words of eloquence that the chapel is deserted and the speakers left to declaim to empty benches. And from this circumstance, the old tree has ever since been known as the "Toombs Oak." It has even been said that on the day of Mr. Toombs' death, the old oak was struck by lightning and destroyed.

There is not the semblance of truth in the story. It was a fabrication of Henry W. Grady, who, in an admiring sketch of the great Georgian, wrote charmingly of his overwhelming eloquence and pointed it with a story drawn from his own vivid imagination.

The facts of Robert Toombs' dismissal from college are of interest because of his own prominence in after life. They are taken from the record and are as follows:

"R. Toombs called J. H. a shameful name, which he acknowledged to the faculty, and the said H. attacked him and beat him on Friday night. Toombs went to H.'s room with bowie knife and pistol, threw the knife at G. H. and pointed the pistol at J. H., which another student wrested from him. Afterwards Toombs attacked J. H. with a knife and hatchet, but students interfered, preventing injury. Saturday morning, Toombs waylaid the H's. on their return to college, attacking J. H. with a club and pistol."

Upon his trial before the faculty, the facts being stated and not denied by him, Mr. Toombs was dismissed from college. At the following meeting of the faculty a letter from Toombs was read, acknowledging the impropriety of his conduct. Accompanying the letter were petitions from the Demosthenian and Phi Kappa societies asking, if not a remission, at least a mitigation of the punishment. After due consideration, the faculty remitted entirely the sentence, but put him on probation for the remainder of the term. Subse-

quently—at the close of the term—Toombs withdrew from college and went to Virginia.

In 1829, Dr. Waddell sent in his resignation to the trustees. Efforts were made to induce him to withdraw it, but his determination was taken. Arrangements were made for suitable ceremonies of a public and final leave-taking at the close of the commencement exercises, and on the day of his departure from home, the faculty and students marched to his house in a body to bid him farewell.

Dr. Waddell went from Athens to Willington, where, with his son, James, he reorganized his old academy. His own time was chiefly occupied in preaching in the neighborhood. In 1836, he was stricken with paralysis from which he never recovered. Lingering nearly four years, almost helpless, he died July 21, 1840, at the home of his son in Athens, to which place he had been removed.

X.

President Alonzo Church—Loss by Fire of New College—Loan by Legislature—Ivy Building—Botanical Garden—Professor M. A. Ward—Professor William Lehmann.

1829-1830.

Alonzo Church, then professor of mathematics, was elected to succeed President Waddell.

Dr. Church was a native of Vermont and a graduate of Middlebury College. Soon after his graduation he went to Eatonton, Georgia, to take charge of the academy at that place. He there met and married Miss Sarah Trippe, a lady of superior accomplishments and rare beauty. Coming to Athens in 1819, as professor of mathematics, Dr. Church conducted his department with eminent success and so impressed the board by his force of character, that upon the retirement of President Waddell, he was at once unanimously chosen in his place.

In person, Dr. Church was tall and well-proportioned, of dark complexion, with lustrous black eyes and hair, graceful in carriage and dignified in bearing. He was of a quick temper and absolutely fearless, but had great self-control. Well behaved students had respect and affection for him, but the disorderly feared and avoided him more than any other member of the faculty. He was a rigid disciplinarian, prompt to correct and rebuke the slightest indication of disorder or inattention in his class-room; and yet in his kindness of heart, he would help along an ill-prepared student almost to the extent of reciting the lesson for him.

An incident related by Dr. John N. Waddell illustrates the promptness of Dr. Church to quell any disorder and the fear among the students of his displeasure.

"On the news of the birth of his son being learned by the students, a petition was presented to the faculty for holiday in compliment to the family and as a welcome to the advent of the young stranger. Just before eleven o'clock,

the hour of morning recitation, the petition was returned, having been granted. It so happened that just then were gathered in the room above Dr. Church's study, some dozen of the most orderly students preparing for the recitation. On learning the decision of the faculty, the news was received with most exuberant joy and boisterous laughter. In a few minutes, to their utter discomfiture, Dr. Church appeared, and on discovering who it was that was making such a disturbance, lifted his hands, exclaiming, "Why, gentlemen, I am more than astonished!" The students had only time to say, "Doctor, we have holiday," when he left them abruptly, and they expected nothing less than a summons before the faculty on the charge of disorderly conduct. But when the doctor, on going out to inquire the cause of the holiday, learned that it was on the occasion of the birth of his son, he returned immediately to the students, explained and apologized. Thus Alonzo W. Church was greeted on his arrival with a demonstration not usual among infants in Athens."

It was the custom in that day to hold morning and evening prayers in the chapel. Dr. Church always lead the evening service, and it was expected that some other member of the faculty would conduct that of the morning. One morning the students were so disorderly that Professor Ward went after the president. Seeing him walking across the campus, the professor called to him, "Oh, doctor, come here. We can do nothing with the students." Dr. Church walked at once into the chapel and looked around without speaking a word. Death-like silence ensued. Taking up the Bible, he read a chapter, offered a prayer and without another word dismissed the students, who quietly made their exit. As an example of the discipline President Church exercised, may be mentioned the expulsion of eleven students in a bunch for riotous conduct on the campus one night. One of the condemned was Howell Cobb, who was reinstated upon the solemn declaration of his mother that she had made him retire and had afterwards seen him asleep in bed on the very night of the riot. Others who saw him on the campus, without disputing Mrs. Cobb's statement, suggested that

he might have dressed and slipped out of the window after his mother's visit to his room.

Dr. Church's family were remarkable for their personal beauty. He and Mrs. Church were a singularly handsome pair; his sons were all handsome men and the daughters were the toasts of every student of their time. Especially beautiful were Miss Julia and Miss Lizzie, afterwards Mrs. Croom and Mrs. Craig, and there no doubt lingers yet in the memory of many an old student of the forties, delightful recollections of evenings passed in their parlors. To the unremitting ministrations of Mrs. Craig, then Mrs. Robbe, many a sick and wounded Confederate prisoner during the war, owed such cheer and comfort as she was permitted to extend them.

The chair of mathematics becoming vacant by the promotion of the incumbent to the presidency, Mr. George W. McGehee, of Tennessee, was appointed to the vacancy, but on his way to assume its duties, was taken violently ill and died before reaching Athens. At their next meeting the board elected one of their own number, Dr. Henry Hull, professor of mathematics.

James P. Waddell, son of the late president, was elected professor of languages, but declined, and Rev. James Shannon, of Augusta, was then appointed and held the office until 1836.

Dr. Olin having resigned, Rev.—afterwards Bishop—William Capers, of Charleston, was nominated, and he having declined, the professorship of belles-lettres and ethics was vacant until 1830, when Dr. Olin re-entered the faculty for a brief term of three years.

In 1830, the University sustained a serious loss in the destruction by fire of the New College, with the library, now a most valuable one, and all the scientific apparatus.

It was supposed to have caught in one of the dormitory rooms, and there being no means whatever in the town for extinguishing fires, it was a total loss excepting the walls.

There was nothing to be done but appeal to the State for help.

The Senatus Academicus sent up a memorial to the Legislature setting forth the fact that the forty thousand dollars of surplus bonds and mortgages deposited in the treasury in 1816 against the issue of one thousand shares of bank stock, had been collected and covered into the treasury to the credit of the State. In behalf of the University the Senatus asked that this sum be turned over to the trustees to be used in rebuilding the college, in purchasing new apparatus and instruments, in refurnishing a library and for other wants of the institution. In response to this request the General Assembly appropriated six thousand dollars annually from 1830 to 1841, and in addition thereto for immediate use, loaned to the University ten thousand dollars, which was afterwards repaid in annual payments of one thousand dollars. With these funds the burned building was rebuilt at the cost of \$12,349. The present chapel was erected on the site of the old 40x60 wooden one of 1808; the "Ivy Building" was built for a new library and cabinet of minerals; two new chairs were established—natural philosophy and modern languages—and a botanical garden was planned and planted under the care of John Bishop, gardener from England.

Dr. Malthus A. Ward of Salem, Mass., and Professor William Lehmann, a native of Germany, and a minister of the Lutheran church, were elected to the new departments.

Dr. Ward was a gentleman of fine education and an enthusiastic botanist. He laid out and planted the botanical garden, which became his especial hobby. Many an hour in that delightful resort of former days have students and townsmen whiled away, enjoying the *dolce far niente* under the willows from St. Helena, or stretched beside the little lake, or strolling along the shaded walks. That charming retreat, hallowed by many a whispered confession and brightened by many a blushing admission, fragrant with flowers, tinted with the sunset's gold, and musical with the thrush and mocking bird, is now, alas! the washing-ground of the loud-mouthed colored laundress; and a few old cedars, a broken hedge of osage orange, a poplar, and mayhap, a willow, are the sole relics of its ancient beauty.

THE CHAPEL IN 1894. (BUILT 1832.)



No one who ever saw Dr. Ward could forget him. Tall, thin and awkward, every handsome feature conspicuous by its absence, his appearance hardly failed to excite a smile; but a gentler, kindlier man never lived. In a recitation in botany, the professor asked a student how many species of a certain plant there were. The young man replied at a venture, "Three, sir." "Yes, yes," said the doctor, "but there were formerly only two, and the same now is." The quaintness of his expressions seemed to impress his lectures on the students. He once said, "Words, young gentlemen, are only pegs on which to hang our ideas." This struck the boys' fancy and ever afterwards the old professor was known as "Dr. Pegs."

After his connection with the college ceased, Dr. Ward lived for many years and until his death, at his home on the hill beyond the branch, amid the flowers and fruits and many varieties of ornamental trees he had planted years before.

William Lehmann, a German by birth, was a man of fine attainments. He was a good English scholar, a thoroughly competent linguist and an enthusiast in the ancient classics. It was a saying of the boys that when Professor Lehmann should reach the spirit world, the first question he would ask, would be, "Where is Homer? I want to see him!"

Mr. Lehmann was an excellent musician and a fine pianist. On one occasion while visiting the dormitory rooms, he came upon a student playing the violin in study hours. At his citation, the delinquent appeared before the faculty and plead guilty. Some one proposed to fine the boy as a penalty, when Mr. Lehmann seconded the motion, saying, "Yes, Mr. President, fine him; he do play so bad." Tall, of stalwart frame, and quite bald, Mr. Lehmann was an imposing man in appearance, but far too lenient with the students, who took advantage of his good nature and imposed upon him continually.

Both these gentlemen served the University faithfully until 1841, when the state of its finances demanded their retirement.

XI.

Troup and Clarke Parties—Board of Trustees Increased—Board of Visitors—Dr. Samuel P. Pressley—Professor Shannon—Professor James P. Waddell—Outrage on Professor McCay—Challenge to a Duel—Sketch of Mr. McCay.

1830-1840.

During the intense political excitement between the Clarke and Troup parties, which perhaps was not surpassed by the antagonism of the Democrats to the Republicans in the hottest days of reconstruction, serious complaints were made by the Clarke party of the vicious influence of the University. It was charged that the trustees were all Troup men and that only Troup men were put in the faculty, and worse than all, that their boys went to college and came home imbued with the damnable heresies of the Troup party, and forsaking the principles of their fathers, deserted to the ranks of the enemy.

This was too grave a charge to be ignored. Consequently, in 1830, the Legislature enacted a law increasing the number of trustees to twenty-eight, giving an equal representation on the board to the two political factions.

The new trustees appointed under this act were Howell Cobb, Daniel Hood, Angus McD. King, Wilson Lumpkin, Thomas W. Murray, David A. Reese, James Tinsley, Stevens Thomas, James C. Watson, Zachariah Williams, and Jacob Wood.

In that day, far more than now, the young men of Georgia were deeply interested in the great questions which agitated the country. It was no uncommon thing for a party of students to leave college to go to Watkinsville or Lexington, or some other neighboring town to hear Mr. Crawford or Mr. Berrien, or Mr. Toombs or Mr. Stephens speak on the issues before the people, and on their return take their punishment as became men.

Fired with the enthusiasm of youth, some did not hesitate to attack the opposite party in their college speeches. At the first meeting of the board after its increase, a resolution was passed requiring the faculty to exclude from the productions of the students at commencement, all political matter involving the party politics of the day. This, however, was a ghost that would not down at their bidding; for, from time to time, resolutions were adopted reiterating the opinion of the board that political speeches should not be permitted on the stage of the University. Doubtless it was a proper inhibition and the party attacked keenly felt its necessity; but, the other side secretly enjoyed the situation none the less. Indeed, it was due to this fact that the students dared to hand in one speech to the faculty and speak another on the stage, feeling sure of the support of his own side if the worst came.

At the request of the trustees in 1830, the Senatus Academicus appointed annually fifteen persons as a Board of Visitors to attend the examinations of the students preceding commencement and report to that body. The appointment of this board after the abolition of the Senatus Academicus was delegated to the Governor, and their powers were enlarged.

It may be gravely doubted, however, if any practical good has ever resulted from their visitations. This is not necessarily the fault of the gentlemen composing the board of visitors. From the very nature of things, a committee of strangers cannot enter upon the premises of a college, take up its curriculum, inspect its class work, read its examination papers and investigate its internal workings, and learn enough about the institution in a week's time to report, with suggestions of any value, upon its faults or its necessities. Yet, year after year, the State pays the expenses of gentlemen who faithfully, it is conceded, perform this duty and render their report to the Governor, which is acknowledged and duly filed away with other State papers.

Upon the second resignation of Dr. Olin, Rev. Samuel Pressley was elected professor of metaphysics.

In 1836, Professor Shannon resigned. He was a man of great independence of thought. He declined the honorary degree of D. D., conferred upon him by the University, because he said a literary institution had no right to judge of the theological standing of a minister of the gospel—a thing of which it could know nothing. Mrs. Shannon was Methodist; he a Baptist. When it was suggested that Mrs. Shannon should join his church to be with him, he said he would vote against receiving her unless she sincerely believed in the doctrines of his church, and he didn't think she did.

After Mr. Shannon's resignation, he was elected president of a college in Missouri, and removed to that State where he spent the remainder of his life.

Mr. Shannon was succeeded by Mr. James P. Waddell. Professor Waddell, known among the boys as "Old Pute," was a ripe classical scholar and a poet of merit. He had, after his graduation, served as tutor in the University for two years, and marrying a daughter of Rev. Hope Hull, went to Willington to reopen the academy there with his father.

Professor Waddell had been elected to the chair of ancient languages in 1830. At that time no little excitement prevailed throughout the State among the various Christian denominations on the subject of education, and some jealousy of the University was developed. It was charged that a monopoly of offices in the faculty was enjoyed by one denomination. The administration of the affairs of the University had, in fact, been in the hands of Presbyterian presidents from its foundation. With perhaps one exception, the most important chairs had been filled by Presbyterians. It is absurd to suppose that this was due to any partiality for that denomination in a board of trustees, the majority of whom were not Presbyterians. But conceding the largest degree of wisdom and patriotism to the board, the fact as it existed, gave great dissatisfaction. When, therefore, Mr. Waddell's election added another Presbyterian to the faculty, there was a general expression of that dissatisfaction in the journals of the State. The excitement grew in intensity until the Senatus Academicus, who, under the law,

reviewed the action of the trustees, superseded Professor Waddell, who had not yet assumed the duties of the chair, by the appointment of Rev. James Shannon, pastor of the Baptist church in Augusta.

Professor Waddell was an excellent teacher, barring his inability to control the students under him, who, nevertheless, had great respect both for his character and his scholarly attainments. He was an enthusiast on the subject of the classics, and when he, with rapt expression, would repeat some favorite passage from a tragedy of Euripides or declaim, *ore rotundo*, some oration of Cicero, he seemed lifted above the plane of mundane things. It was then that some wicked boy, having neither the fear of the faculty before his eyes, nor the love of the classics in his heart, would shy a missile at the professor and bring him back to a consciousness of his surroundings.

Professor Waddell served acceptably for twenty years, removing after his retirement from the University, to Montgomery. There he taught successfully a boys' school and afterwards was appointed private secretary to Governor John Gill Shorter. He died at Athens in 1867.

At the time of which we are writing, 1835, the library received some valuable acquisitions besides the purchase under appropriations by the board, in ninety volumes of public acts donated by the British government, and in files of newspapers of the State given by the Governor. In addition to these, acknowledgment was made of "specimens of rare minerals from the awful crater of Mona Loa in Owyhee."

In 1840, there was committed one of those senseless outrages that students are sometimes lead into without considering its criminality or its possible results. Mr. Charles F McCay was at the time professor of civil engineering. He was not popular with the students and, during his absence one night, his room was forcibly entered, his books, bedding and clothing taken out and burned back of New College. There were numerous witnesses to the burning, but there was some difficulty in finding out who were the guilty parties. The students arraigned before the faculty all admitted

being there, but declared they were trying to put out the fire and save the clothes. Mr. McCay strongly suspected several boys, one of them young Mr. Dearing, who, it was afterwards shown was innocent, and accused them before the faculty. This accusation lead to a difficulty and a challenge from Dr. William E. Dearing, an older brother of the accused. Mr. McCay promptly accepted the challenge and a meeting was arranged to take place at the old cemetery just back of the campus. An amicable settlement was made before shots were exchanged, but Professor McCay at once sent in his resignation to the Prudential Committee. He was requested to continue in his chair until the meeting of the board. The matter having been brought up, a long, spirited discussion ensued, which resulted in the Professor being permitted, by a close vote, to withdraw his resignation.

Mr. McCay was a fine scholar and an exacting teacher. He was sure to find out all the student didn't know about the lesson. He seemed to take genuine delight in "busting" a boy and showed no sympathy for him when he was down. Withal he was a conscientious professor, a strict disciplinarian and a fearless police officer. Naturally, he was unpopular with the students, and many were the attacks upon his door and the rocks that went through his windows on dark nights, when he roomed in New College. On several occasions he was violently assaulted and beaten by riotous students.

One night a student provided himself with a "locust" made of a match-box with parchment stretched over the end, through which a horse hair was passed. This interesting toy, when twirled around, made a loud, rasping noise like the insect from which it took its name. Quietly climbing into the trap hole in the passage by Mr. McCay's door, he made his locust sing. As he expected, Mr. McCay at once came out into the passage, looked up and down, but seeing no one went back. The locust began singing again and immediately the professor emerged. Simultaneously the noise ceased. Baffled again, Mr. McCay returned and stood behind his door. At the repetition of the noise, he suddenly threw open the door, and the noise as suddenly ceased.

Then he pulled off his shoes and slipped up to the end of the hall, shutting his door rather noisily to deceive the aggressor. But as the mischievous boy was looking at him all the time, the match-box was silent. Then the professor went back to his room and the noise was repeated. Finally, he located the disturber of his peace and deliberately brought his table, lamp, and chair and took his seat outside the door, determined to catch the offender if it took all night. It did not take so long, for the discomfort of his situation and the certain prospect of spending the night in the attic, brought about an unconditional surrender of the "locust," which was followed the next day by the usual summons before the faculty.

After Mr. McCay left the University, he became professor at Columbia, and subsequently, was made president of South Carolina College. Removing later to Augusta, Georgia, he engaged in banking and insurance business and acquired a handsome property.

After the close of the war, he went to Baltimore, where he spent the remainder of his days.

XII.

Loss of Income—Reorganization of Faculty—Sale of Lots—Erection of Professors' Houses—Dr. Henry Hull—Dr. William Bacon Stevens—Changes in Faculty—President Church's Criticisms of New Professors—Dr. William T. Brantly.

1842-1856.

In 1842, the income of the University was seriously impaired by the loss of the annual appropriation by the State of six thousand dollars, leaving the total available income less than twelve thousand dollars. This reduction in its funds made necessary a reduction in the expenses of the College. A reorganization of the Faculty ensued, accompanied by a reduction of salaries. The services of Professors Ward and Lehmann and Tutor Lee were dispensed with. Major Jackson took the chairs of chemistry and natural history. Natural philosophy was assigned to Mr. McCay. Dr. Hull, Mr. Waddell and Dr. Church retained their respective departments. The following year, however, the prospects brightening, particularly in view of a prospective sale of town lots, a new chair was established—belles-lettres and rhetoric—and Joseph H. Lumpkin, Esq., was requested to fill it. Judge Lumpkin declining, Rev. William Bacon Stevens, of Savannah, was appointed and accepted. Judge Lumpkin's services were secured to the college in the law school, which was established that year, but which existed only in name until sixteen years later, the exigencies of the office of Chief Justice rendering any effective work in the school impracticable.

The increasing demand for city lots, added to the financial straits of the College, seemed to justify the sale of the remainder of the Milledge donation. Accordingly, by direction of the board, Dr. Hull surveyed and platted the lands, which were advertised to be sold, excepting the thirty-seven acres comprising the campus, they being by statute, inalienable. The lots sold at that time, including those immedi-



HON. ASBURY HULL



DR. HENRY HULL.



PROF. JAMES JACKSON.



PROF. W. HENRY WADDELL

ately around the campus and westward across the Tan-yard branch, yielded eighty-five hundred dollars. It was thought best to reserve the lots in what was known as Cobbham until another time, and indeed, they were not offered for sale until 1857, when twelve thousand dollars more was realized.

The funds arising from the first sale enabled the Board to erect two dwellings on the campus—Professor Waddell's and that one opposite occupied by Dr. Brantly and afterwards by Professor Rutherford. The rent of these houses to professors was fixed at six per cent. on \$2250, the estimated cost of each.

In 1846, Dr. Henry Hull resigned the professorship of mathematics and Mr. McCay was transferred to that department, Dr. John LeConte being elected to supply the chair of natural philosophy.

Dr. Hull had served sixteen years in the chair which he resigned. Born in Washington, Georgia, he came to Athens when four years of age. Graduating with the class of 1815, after taking his degree of M. D. in Baltimore, he entered upon the successful practice of medicine in Athens. He was appointed a trustee of the University in 1825. Having a natural fondness for the study of mathematics, he was offered the professorship when it became vacant in 1829, and the distasteful drudgery of what was then a country practice encouraged him to accept it. Tall and graceful in bearing, courteous in manner, even-tempered and generous, Dr. Hull was a general favorite with faculty and students, and in all their difficulties, the latter counted on his aid and sympathy. In his class-room, he was accustomed to begin the recitation by calling on the student nearest him. One day he unexpectedly called on the occupant of the other end of the bench, who said, "Doctor, I did not learn that." "And why not?" said the professor. "Because," candidly replied the student, "I expected you would begin at the other end of the bench." The Doctor smiled and advised him not to depend on that chance in future. During his term of office, Dr. Hull made the acquaintance of M. Nicholai, the French astronomer, who visited at his house and with

whom he became quite intimate. They made together many observations and Dr. Hull materially aided the scientist in the objects of his visit to Georgia.

After his retirement from the faculty, Dr. Hull spent the remainder of his days as a farmer and a student. When the old students would return to Athens, they always asked for Dr. Hull, and found him but little changed, with the same ready smile and old-time courtesy. He lived beyond the time allotted to man, enjoying excellent health, a typical gentleman of the old school, and after a brief illness, died where he had lived nearly all his life, in the eighty-third year of his age.

In 1847, Professor William Bacon Stevens resigned, having been called to the parish of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia, from which he was afterwards elected to the high office of Bishop of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Stevens was of Northern birth, but came early in life to Savannah, where he lived perhaps ten years. He was at first a practicing physician, but abandoned that profession, entered the ministry, and became the rector of one of the Episcopal churches in Savannah. He was one of the founders of the Georgia Historical Society and was the author of a history of Georgia. Of literary tastes, Dr. Stevens was a scholarly man, a graceful orator, a courteous gentleman and a person of distinguished appearance. But with all his accomplishments, there was a haughtiness of manner and a look of austerity, especially in the recitation room, that made him unpopular with the students, and their dislike culminated the year he left college in their hanging him in effigy on the old oak in front of the chapel. And yet, Dr. Stevens was a just and conscientious teacher. His defect seemed to be the utter lack of those qualities which attract the young, and while every other professor in college had a nickname, the students only spoke of this one as "Dr. Stevens." Singularly, this repellent manner wore off after he resigned his professorship, and his old pupils who met him in late years, when he was Bishop of Pennsylvania were charmed to find him then as genial and affable as they had previously thought him cold and unapproachable.

Dr. Stevens was succeeded by Dr. Brantly, the pastor of the Baptist Church in Augusta.

In 1851, Dr. William Louis Jones was appointed to the chair of chemistry *vice* Professor James Jackson, who, after a service of twenty-seven years, had resigned. Dr. Jones left the following year to take a special course under Professor Agassiz at Harvard, and Dr. Joseph LeConte took his place. At the same time Emanuel Scherb, Marcellus Stanley and William H. Waddell were appointed tutors. Mr. Scherb left the place after a few months without any notice. Then Mr. McCay retired and William Leroy Broun was made professor of mathematics, and a year later Charles S. Venable of Hampden Sidney was called to the chair vacated by Dr. John LeConte.

These frequent changes in the faculty would indicate there was some disturbance in the college atmosphere. Such indeed was the case; such a disturbance in fact as gathered slowly into a storm, which before very long burst upon the devoted heads of the entire corps of professors.

Dr. Church, with his masterful character, had long dominated both faculty and trustees. He had views on the proper conduct of a college, which amounted to convictions. The officer who could not or would not come up to his standard, or who could not accept his views, was in his opinion not the officer the college needed. Complaints were made, without mincing matters, of incompetency or of neglect of duty.

The first gun was fired by the President in his annual report to the board in 1855. Said he, "Young professors are very apt to discover defects in laws and rules, and in their zeal and wisdom, too often legislate to the injury rather than to the advantage of the institution."

And in another place, "Dr. John L—— resigned only a few days before the commencement of our present term. He had given no notice of his intention. The interests of the institution ought to be paramount to those of an individual, and no officer should accept an office unless he be willing to comply with the rule of the board under which he receives his appointment."

"Had Professor Joseph L—consented as I thought he should to take a half recitation in chemistry, which would have given him still only one and a half recitations and a half in science, the studies would have been arranged in their usual order. In consequence of this refusal, I was obliged to take a third recitation, the professor having but one. The vacancy should be filled at once. Still, it had better not be filled, than to be filled by an individual not competent to discharge his duties. Mere science will not qualify a man for a professor. He may be eminent in his attainments and even felicitous in his ability to teach, and yet be a curse to the institution. There must be moral and social qualifications as well as literary and scientific. No man who has not been long and intimately connected with an institution of this kind as an instructor can estimate the influence for good or for ill which a professor exerts, apart from his mere daily instructions in science. Every professor unless willing to devote his time and labor and *ease*, if necessary to promote the highest prosperity of the institution, cannot successfully accomplish the purpose for which he has been placed in office. But above all, I am constrained to say that an indispensable qualification to make the perfect teacher is *piety*. I do not mean that he should be a mere professor of religion, a member of some Christian church. The man whose life is inconsistent with his Christian profession leads students to despise him and to regard true religion with distrust and treat it with disrespect." Wise old man!

"I must ask the board to determine a question of law between myself and Professor L—. Until the commencement of the present term, the law respecting rooms has received but one interpretation by any member of the faculty. The Professor now construes it differently and refuses to comply with what has heretofore been considered legitimate compliance. The law is as follows: 'The professors and tutors shall each of them daily visit the rooms of the students at such hours as may be assigned them by the President.'"

On whom the President was expending his ammunition when he described the ideal professor we do not know. Certain it is that description cannot be surpassed. The

history of the University of Georgia, her experience with her professors, the success of her students, and the testimony of the alumni, have proved the correctness of Dr. Church's estimate. The conscientious, painstaking professor with strong religious convictions, is the one who has won the confidence of the student and impressed him with lessons of truth.

A few months later, the President again addressed the board in no uncertain tone. In the meantime he had tendered his resignation and this meeting was called to consider the nomination of his successor. Said he, "The number of students present at this time is seventy-nine, and I am constrained to say that even with this small number, the discipline of the institution is far worse than I have ever known it during the thirty-seven years of my connection with it."

Then he proceeds to state what he considers the cause of the decline. He referred to the want of harmony in the faculty during the past few years, the differences of opinion as to the government and course of instruction; the refusal of Professor Jones to comply with the conditions upon which he was elected; the changes in the course of study made by Mr. McCay and Dr. LeConte against his protest; the inattention of Professor McCay to his duties; the refusal of the LeContes to visit the rooms of students or to suppress disorder on the campus; the refusal of Professor Venable to perform the same duties; the inability of Professor Waddell to maintain order or to control his classes; the want of professional qualifications in Professor Broun. He complained of a recent rule of the faculty permitting any professor to prevent a student from entering college or sustaining a full standing in his class, whatever may be the opinion of the remaining members of the faculty, the result of which had been to drive away to other colleges numbers of young men who could have sustained themselves with credit until their graduation. He appealed to the community, the resident trustees and the citizens of the State to witness whether any other object than the prosperity of the college had en-

grossed his attention since his first connection with its faculty.

The effect of this communication was an immediate resolution that all the members of the faculty be requested to furnish the board with their respective resignations forthwith, with a view to the reorganization of said faculty. The request was complied with, with apparent cheerfulness. All the resignations were accepted and an election appointed for December 10th, 1856, following.

The reorganized faculty consisted of Alonzo Church, President; Patrick H. Mell, Professor of Languages; John D. Easter, Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; Williams Rutherford, Professor of Mathematics; Joseph Jones, Professor of Natural Science; Richard M. Johnston, Professor of Belles Lettres; William Henry Waddell, Adjunct Professor of Languages; William D. Wash, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics.

Dr. Brantly was re-elected to his chair, but declined, and Dr. James Woodrow also declined the chair of natural science.

Dr. Church did not much longer remain in office. His final resignation took effect January 1, 1859, when he retired with a widowed daughter, the only one of his family left in Athens, to a residence a little out of town. There in peace and in quietude, but with failing health, he lived until, during the following year, the summons to the presence of the Master came.

William T. Brantly was born in Beaufort, S. C., May 1, 1816. His father was a distinguished minister of the Baptist church, and his mother a sister of Governor Charles McDonald. His early youth was spent in Philadelphia, where he was employed for a time in the banking house of the Drexels, and afterwards offered a partnership in the business. This tempting offer he declined under the conviction that he was called to preach the gospel.

Entering Brown University, he graduated under the celebrated Francis Wayland, for whom he entertained the highest admiration. Before his graduation even he received a call from the church in Augusta, Georgia, in which he had

preached while on a visit during vacation. This call he accepted with many misgivings.

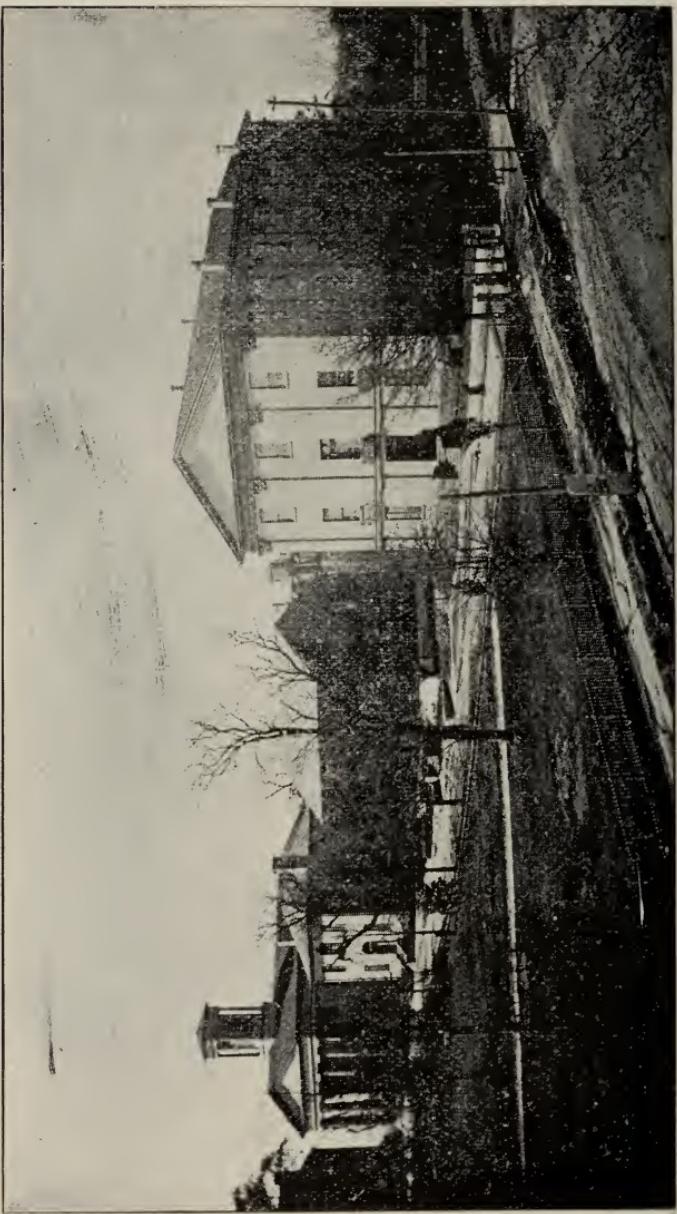
Eight years later, Dr. Brantly was elected professor of belles-lettres and oratory in the University of Georgia, and here he spent the happiest years of his life. A charming wife and lovely children, ample means and a congenial occupation combined to make his days full of pleasure, while he enjoyed the society of the best people and the most cultured intellects in the State.

Dr. Brantly was himself an ornament to any society. Handsome and cultured, courtly in manner, a brilliant talker, an eloquent speaker, he was a welcome guest at every gathering. While a professor at Athens he also served the Baptist church as pastor. His sermons were elegant, yet easy of comprehension, and the students, as well as the poor and unlearned, flocked to hear his discourses. A polished and graceful orator, he inspired his pupils with his own love of eloquence and some of the most attractive speakers of our State learned their tones and gestures from this master of oratory. When they spoke, he himself became enthused. On one occasion when John B. Gordon was declaiming upon the stage, Dr. Brantly walked down and said to another student, rubbing his hands, "Gordon is doing splendidly."

Eight happy years, full of valuable service to the University, were spent at Athens, when the connection was severed by the trustees asking the resignation of the entire faculty. Although Dr. Brantly was re-elected to his chair—perhaps, unanimously—the sense of the slight tenure of office under such methods was a potent factor in deciding him to accept a call to Philadelphia. Serving the church there until after the battle of Manassas, in 1861, he resigned his charge and cast his lot with his own people in Atlanta.

The first Mrs. Brantly, a daughter of Dr. Turpin, of Augusta, died in 1866. A charming woman she was, whose beauty and attractions, with all the brilliancy of the father, were inherited by a lovely daughter, Miss Lou, the sweetheart of half the students of the time.

In 1871, Dr. Brantly moved to Baltimore, where he served the church for eleven years. On the night of March 5, 1882, having preached as usual during the day, he laid down to rest and never awoke again on earth.



LIBRARY BUILDING. 1860.

XIII.

New Plan of Organization—Senatus Academicus Abolished—Cobbham Lots Sold—Mess Hall and University High School Built—Election of Chancellor Lipscomb—John and Joseph LeConte—Professor Venable—Professor Richard M. Johnston.

1859-1860.

In 1859, a new scheme of organization of the University was adopted by the board, which was essentially as follows:

1. To establish an institute combining all the instruction given in a well-regulated village academy and in the Freshman and Sophomore classes in college, and having sufficient capacity to board all its pupils from a distance.
2. To establish a college proper with only Junior and Senior classes, under five professors.
3. To establish University schools, independent of the college and of each other, viz.: a law school, a school of agriculture, of medicine, of civil engineering and a commercial school.
4. The establishment of scholarships by donations or devises.
5. The conferring of honors and degrees.
6. All departments to be under a Chancellor, who shall be the head of the institution.

The law school was at once established under the supervision of Joseph H. Lumpkin, Thomas R. R. Cobb and William Hope Hull, and steps were taken which ultimately resulted in the existing connection between the Medical College in Augusta and the University.

This scheme was reported to the Senatus Academicus, at what proved to be its last meeting in November, 1859, and was adopted by that body.

The act of December 4, 1859, declares that "Whereas, experience has shown that the body known as the *Senatus Academicus* on account of the hurried manner in which its

sessions are generally held, has a tendency to defeat rather than promote the objects for which it is designed, therefore be it enacted that the body *Senatus Academicus* shall be abolished and all its rights, powers, duties and privileges shall be given to the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia, in whom alone shall be vested the government of the said University, subject to the General Assembly of this State."

The appointment of fifteen persons annually as a board of visitors to attend the examination of the classes of the University hitherto made by the *Senatus Academicus* was by the same act vested in the governor.

By virtue of this act, the *Senatus Academicus*, that "ancient ægis of the University," was abolished after an existence of more than seventy years.

From the sale of the remaining lots in "Cobbham," the available assets of the University in bonds and notes amounted to \$33,600. It was determined that this should be appropriated to erect new buildings. Accordingly, contracts were given out for the erection of the present library building at \$11,600; a "Mess Hall"—the brick dwelling on Lumpkin street—at \$4,000, and the University High School, now called "Rock College," at \$23,000.

The last two proved unprofitable investments. The mess hall scheme was not even attempted, and the house has only been tenanted by renters, excepting a brief occupancy by a professor.

The High School was opened in January, 1862, with most flattering prospects, but the varying fortunes of ensuing years made impossible the development of the plan for which it was intended.

The resignation of President Church left the college without an executive head. Henry Hull, Jr., Esq., was nominated, but declined the appointment. Mr. Henry R. Jackson and Judge Joseph H. Lumpkin were successively tendered the position, both declining. Col. William L. Mitchell, a prominent member of the board was then designated chairman of the faculty to act as president *pro tem*. The

board seemed at a loss to whom to turn, and were on the point of adjourning without action, when Mr. Benjamin C. Yancey, a newly-elected trustee, who had taken his seat for the first time, arose and said, though with some diffidence, that he could point the board to a gentleman in every way fitted for the place by scholarship, eminent piety, broad culture and experience in teaching. That man was Rev. Andrew A. Lipscomb, of Alabama.

So cordial was his endorsement and so convincing was his testimony to his worth that a committee consisting of Robert Toombs, William Dougherty and Benjamin C. Yancey, was appointed to wait on Dr. Lipscomb at his home, notify him of his election as chancellor and urge his acceptance. The committee visited Alabama without delay. Dr. Lipscomb, after a brief consideration of the offer, accepted the appointment and assumed its duties the following year.

Prior to this, on the resignation of Professor Joseph Jones, Harry Hammond, Esq., of Beach Island, S. C., was elected to his place. Later, Professor Easter tendered his resignation, then Professor Johnston and, afterwards, Professor Hammond.

More than passing notice is due to some of the gentlemen who had severed their connection with the University. The LeContes were native Georgians, both alumni and honor men of the University. Their difficulties here were by no means due to incapacity or lack of effective teaching. Both men of piety and pure lives, lovable in their characters, devoted to scientific research, they had the active talent which has put them in the front rank of America's *savants*. They, with Professors Broun and Venable, represented the advanced thought of the day. They believed the University should be at least a high-grade college, and that university methods should be introduced at Athens. Dr. Church, conservative and wise, opposed radical changes being made and declared that the university system was unsuited to the age at which students attended this college. The young professors espoused the doctrine of the geologi-

cal creation of the world. Dr. Church abhorred it as the rankest heresy. The one party were disposed to relax the exactions of police duty on the campus and to put more responsibility for good conduct on the boys themselves. Dr. Church regarded strict discipline as the foundation stone of the college edifice.

With such divergent views, a rupture was inevitable, and the board, themselves conservative almost to "old fogyism," sustained the president when the issue was made.

The LeContes went to Columbia, S. C., and after the war, to the University of California, at Oakland, building an enviable reputation as teachers and scientists. Dr. John LeConte died a few years ago the president of that University. Dr. Joseph LeConte remains there full of honors.

Professor Venable's connection with the University was too brief to make much of her history. He was known during the Civil War as Adjutant to the great commander, Gen. Robert E. Lee, and for many years since, has been professor of mathematics at the University of Virginia.

Richard M. Johnston was born at Powellton, Ga. A lawyer by profession and a student by taste, he brought to the chair to which he was elected plenty of common sense and a thorough knowledge of boys. Full of humor, genial and kind, he attracted a student at first sight. Quick to detect a deception, he did not hesitate to visit his scorn upon the deceiver; and, if by chance, he did any injustice to a student, he was quick to offer him the apology due a gentleman in the presence of the class. He endeavored to cultivate in the young men under him an innate love for truth and honor for their own sake. Col. Johnston was a favorite with all—young and old, students, faculty and citizens. He and Mrs. Johnston, both accomplished musicians, were always in demand at every social gathering, and there was universal regret when they left Athens to open a boys' school near Sparta. Subsequently removing to Baltimore, Col. Johnston conducted a most flourishing school at Waverly. Of late years,

he has devoted himself to writing character sketches of Georgia folks, and all his "output" is readily in demand for the magazines. Though advanced in years, his heart is young and his memory green. Health and happiness to thee, old friend!

XIV.

Outbreak of the Civil War—University High School—College Exercises—Alumni in Service—Professor William D. Wash—Status at the Close of the War—Hon. Asbury Hull.

1861-1866.

The five years following Dr. Lipscomb's inauguration were not conducive to study nor to the growth of the University in any respect.

The fall of 1860, pregnant with important issues, stirred the whole South, and the election of Mr. Lincoln, followed by the secession of South Carolina and, a few weeks later, by the secession of Georgia, kept the students and the faculty at the highest pitch of excitement. The year 1861 opened with one hundred and twenty-three students enrolled. Before midsummer, seventy-five had enlisted and were then in the army, and nearly all the others were preparing to volunteer.

Professor Wash resigned and joined a regiment from his native state, Mississippi, which served in Morgan's famous band. Dr. Mell accepted the captaincy of an infantry company named for him the *Mell Rifles*, and volunteered; but just before they were ordered out, a severe affliction in his family made it necessary for him to remain at home.

There was drilling and studying of tactics, and marching and countermarching. With or without permission of parents or faculty, the boys left for their homes or to join the companies already in the camps, or those being formed for service in the army, little dreaming what the next four years held in store for them.

The attendance steadily decreased and each session opened with fewer numbers than the close of the preceding one.

President Davis was petitioned by the chancellor in behalf of the University, to exempt from conscription all college

students under twenty-one years of age. The president replied that he had no control in that matter, which was determined by the act of Congress.

Times grew harder. The income of the college was seriously diminished. Salaries were reduced at first twenty per cent. and afterwards one hundred per cent., the chancellor receiving \$250 per annum in Confederate money.

In the meantime, the Collegiate Institute, as it was called, under Mr. Benjamin R. Carroll, of Charleston, and Mr. L. H. Charbonnier, continued to prosper. Many sons of refugees and others from Charleston, Savannah and Augusta were sent there to be put under the admirable control of Mr. Carroll. The boys were formed into companies and instructed in military tactics by Captain Charbonnier, himself a French soldier and a graduate of St. Cyr. When the act of Congress was passed, requiring the enrollment of youths between the ages of seventeen and eighteen, the Secretary of War detailed these high school boys for local defense.

In October, 1863, the college was closed in consequence of a proclamation of Governor Brown, calling out State troops and home guard companies for the defense of Georgia after the capture of Chattanooga by the Federals. This proclamation took away the chancellor, all the professors and the students, the most of whom joined a company raised in Athens and attached to a regiment commanded by Dr. Mell. The dormitory buildings were now occupied by the families of refugees from New Orleans, Mobile and Savannah. The High School was converted into an hospital. From this time until January, 1866, history is silent as to the University.

But though the University was silent, not so her alumni. They were busily engaged in making a history, whose pages glow with bold words and brave deeds, with victories and with privations which have not been surpassed and which will never be forgotten. To repeat their deeds, would be to recite the story of every campaign from Sumter to Appomattox. To name the heroes of the war, would be to call the roll of half the catalogue of students. From secession

to surrender, the sons of the University illustrated their Alma Mater in field and forum, proving themselves in both, the peers of the best men of America.

It is almost superfluous to name Howell Cobb, the President of the first Provisional Congress, and Robert Toombs, the first Confederate Secretary of State, both afterwards generals in the army, or Alexander H. Stephens, the Vice-President of the Confederacy, or Francis S. Bartow, Eugenius A. Nisbet, Benjamin H. Hill, Thomas R. R. Cobb Jabez L. M. Curry, W. R. Chilton, Martin J. Crawford, Wiley P. Harris and Alex. M. Clayton, framers of the Constitution, or John Gill Shorter, Herschel V. Johnson, Louis J. Dupre, Joseph H. Echols, Lucius J. Gartrell, David W. Lewis, Robert Trippé, members of Congress, or John A. Campbell, Assistant Secretary of War, or Philip Clayton, Assistant Secretary of State.

We mourned the loss of Francis S. Bartow at Manassas, of Thomas R. R. Cobb at Fredericksburg, of Marcellus Douglass at Sharpsburg, of Gustavus A. Bull at Seven Pines, of Edward D. Tracy at Port Gibson, of Thomas U. Camak at Gettysburg, of John B. Lamar at Crampton's Gap, of Henry R. Thomas at Knoxville, of Thomas L. Cooper, James B. McMullin, William G. Delony, Henry M. Dunwoody, and Screven and Whatley, and Turner and Harris, and Stovall and Rush, and Mell, and many another who fell in skirmish and on battle-field, or languished and died in prison or in hospital. And who has surpassed the courage of William M. Chase at Franklin, or William L. Church at Brandy Station, or John B. Gordon at Petersburg, or Garlington, or Sims, or Wash? Without discounting the bravery of the private soldier, and he deserves unstinted praise, the educated brain invariably made its mark in the army. It controlled the nerves and trained the muscles to endure the fearful strain of forced march and starvation. It was the college man, the educated brain, that withstood the attack of disease; that rallied from the exhaustion of the wound and kept up the spirits amid the gloomy surroundings of the prison pen. Among them all, in the trenches or

in the charge, there were none more brave than the men who were nurtured in the halls of the University of Georgia.

In this connection, it is fitting that a tribute should be paid to the memory of William D. Wash, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics, who resigned his office at the close of the year 1861, to enter the service of his country. Joining a company of Mississippi cavalry, he was attached to General John H. Morgan's command in June, 1862. At Bradyville, Tenn., March 1, 1863, he was captured and imprisoned at Camp Butler, Illinois. Here, though inured to the hardships and privations of a soldier's life, he succumbed to the horrors of a Northern prison and died twenty-seven days after his capture. A comrade wrote: "He knew no fear. I have no hesitation in saying he was the bravest man I ever saw, as cool in battle as if he did not know what was going on. At Cynthiana, Ky., he went ahead of his command amid a shower of bullets and minded them no more than a summer shower. At Gallatin, Tenn., he distinguished himself by coolness and bravery. I have been intimately acquainted with Mr. Wash and with pleasure bear testimony to his Christian integrity, nobleness of purpose and undaunted courage. Many a time have I heard his full, rich voice in camp lifted to Heaven in prayer. The high moral tone of his character won him the respect of all with whom he met."

It is a matter of deep regret that there is no fuller record of the individual heroism of our alumni. But it is so, too, of the history of the South. The years following the surrender were so full of sorrow and distress and apprehension, that the inclination to collect and record the proud deeds of that struggle was utterly wanting, until death or failing memory put it beyond the pale of possibility. It is the misfortune of the South that her youths are growing up ignorant of their fathers' valor and of the heroism of their own people.

The old campus presented a woeful appearance after the close of the war. The walks were overgrown with grass, weeds grew rampant everywhere, fences were broken or

burned, windows demolished, and the interior of the chapel and dormitories hacked and smoked, and in every way disfigured by their late tenants, the Federal soldiers.

The summer of 1865, Dr. Lipscomb preached the commencement sermon at the Presbyterian church. The trustees at that meeting determined to re-open the college notwithstanding the distressing condition of the people.

The chancellor and faculty were requested to have the premises put in order and to make arrangements to resume the work of the institution.

Gen. Steedman, the military governor of Georgia, had the garrison removed from the campus to the High School. The buildings were thoroughly purified and whitewashed and some semblance of respectability was imparted to them. Mrs. Thomas Moore took the New College and opened a boarding-house for students, under the direction of the chancellor.

The one session plan was adopted, having all the vacation in the summer, and has continued ever since to be the law of the college.

In that year of 1865, occurred the death of Hon. Asbury Hull, for forty-seven years the honored secretary and treasurer of the University of Georgia.

Though never a member of the board, his advice and counsel were always sought in questions of interest to the college and his excellent judgment and marked executive ability were often invoked to aid the purposes of the trustees.

Mr. Asbury Hull was the elder son of Rev. Hope Hull and very like him in personal appearance. A lawyer by profession, he gave the most of his time to the administration of business affairs. Dignified, calm and impartial, he was called to preside at all the public meetings of his day. His sincerity and piety inspired all classes with the utmost confidence in the man, and though his opinion on every question was declared without the reserve, no word of aught but respect was ever uttered by his strongest political opponent. He was long the cashier of the State Bank at Athens and, from its incipiency, the president of the Southern Mutual Insurance Company. Several times a member of the Legis-

lature, he served both as Speaker of the House and President of the Senate.

Mr. Hull was a fluent speaker and especially fervent in prayer. His death was sudden and painless. He had concluded morning prayers with his family, and a few minutes later, his wife going to call him to breakfast, found him sitting in his chair with open Bible in his hands, dead.

After the death of Mr. Hull, William L. Mitchell, Esq., a member of the board, became his successor in office.

Dr. Lipscomb, Dr. Mell, Mr. Rutherford, Mr. Waddell and Dr. Jones were in their places on January 5th, 1866, and the session opened with seventy-eight students present. For a few years after the war, the class of students was unlike any that had ever attended college before. Many of them were grown men and most of them had been through the costly experience of a four year's war, with all its lessons of endurance and self-denial. They had not come for pastime or to idle away their time. They were in dead earnest. It was a question of food and raiment, a struggle for existence. Poorly fitted for a college curriculum, it was only by hard work that they kept up with the requirements. But those were the men who a few years later swayed the sceptre of the State and redeemed Georgia from the blighting curse of the carpet-bagger.

All honor to them and their persevering industry!

XV.

Vacancies in the Board Filled—Appropriation to Maimed Soldiers—Speech of Albert H. Cox and its Consequences—Increased Attendance of Students—Early Morning Prayers Abolished—Alumni Trustees.

1866-1870.

At the session of the board in July, 1866, a resolution was adopted providing for a re-election of the faculty every four years by ballot without discussion. The election of additional professors was in contemplation, and it looked as if the resolution was intended to quietly rid the college of any who might not prove acceptable. This "smoking out" process was never resorted to, however, the resolution having been afterwards rescinded.

A professional school of engineering was established and General Martin L. Smith was elected professor. General Smith was a distinguished engineer officer of the war and would have brought great ability to his chair, but unfortunately died before the opening of the term. The work of the school was postponed until the next year, when Capt. L. H. Charbonnier was appointed to the vacancy. Professor Leroy Broun was recalled to take the department of natural philosophy. Captain J. Pembroke Jones, late of the Confederate Navy, was appointed adjunct professor of mathematics.

The annual commencement, which had been advanced to July, was now restored to its old date in August. This action of the board, it was said, was due to the ladies of Athens. As one of the trustees said, "it was a question of watermelons." The hospitable housekeepers said they could get nothing to eat for their guests so early in July, and they insisted that commencement should be held when peaches and watermelons were abundant. It was an *argumentum*

ad hominem which could not be successfully resisted, and, as usual, they carried their point.

An unprecedented number of vacancies in the board occurred in 1867. Judge Joseph H. Lumpkin and Bishop Elliot died; Henry Hull, David A. Reese and Richard M. Johnston removed from the State, and H. V. M. Miller and Benjamin F. Ward were vacated for absence by operation of law.

The gentlemen elected to fill these vacancies were Martin J. Crawford, Joel A. Billups, Stevens Thomas, David C. Barrow, J. W. Armstrong and George F. Pierce.

An act was passed by the Legislature appropriating three hundred dollars to the maintenance and education of each maimed soldier who should avail himself of the opportunity. Ninety-three responded to this offer and were located at the High School, then under the charge of Mr. Benjamin T. Hunter.

The intense political excitement of the reconstruction period was at its height in 1867. Mr. Benjamin H. Hill had finished that remarkable series of letters, "Notes on the Situation." Governor Brown had cast his lot with the Radicals, who were arraigned against the intelligence and integrity of the State.

At the commencement of that year, during the exercises of the junior class, Albert H. Cox, of LaGrange, came upon the stage. Handsome, with a clear voice and graceful manner, he soon caught the attention of the audience. His subject was "The Vital Principle of Nations." Having delivered his introduction, he entered upon his speech, which, for true eloquence, close reasoning and pure audacity, has never been equalled by the production of any other student on that stage. He arraigned the Republican party and scored the scallawag without mercy. Without using his name, he attacked Governor Brown and held him up to the gaze of the audience as a traitor to his people, turning to him as he sat with the trustees on the stage and pointing at him in scorn. The whole audience was with the young speaker, and, with glowing faces, gave him unstinted applause. Mr. Hill sat

near him and visibly encouraged him by voice and gesture. Governor Brown across the stage sat placid and unmoved. It was a scene never to be forgotten, and when Cox retired from the stage amid a storm of applause and a shower of bouquets, he went with more reputation made during that brief half-hour than many a man makes in a lifetime.

Upon resuming their session, the board of trustees "reaffirmed its conviction of the importance of that law of the University by which party political subjects are excluded from the speeches of students at commencement."

This audacious speech threatened to be more serious in its consequences than anyone dreamed at the time. Georgia was under military control, and General John Pope, of "Headquarters in the Saddle" fame, commanding at Atlanta, issued an order closing the college and withholding the payment of the eight thousand dollars by the State. The chancellor visited General Pope and secured a revocation of the first order. A correspondence ensued between General Pope and General Grant in relation to the matter. Mr. Hill visited President Johnson and General Grant in the interest of the college, and it was not until a special meeting of the board had been held to issue an address to the authorities at Washington, that the appropriation was restored.

In 1868, the number of students reached 354. However, of these, 132 were students in the high school department, many of them mature men, old soldiers seeking to make up the lost years they had spent in the field. The tuition fees amounted to \$15,000 and the prospects of the college warranted the establishment of a chair of History and Political Science, to which Hon. Alexander H. Stephens was elected, but which he declined on account of ill health. Professor Charles Morris was invited to the chair of belles-lettres, hitherto so admirably taught by Dr. Lipscomb, and Professor M. J. Smead assumed the department of modern languages, which had been practically ignored for fifteen years.

Frank A. Lipscomb, who had returned from a course at the University of Berlin, was made adjunct professor of

ancient languages, and Major R. W. Barnwell was appointed the librarian of the college.

Dr. Lipscomb, being in feeble health and feeling the responsibility of his position pressing upon him, handed his resignation to the Board, but at their urgent request withdrew it.

A total eclipse of the sun occurring in 1869, Professor Broun was authorized to take with him four students of the senior class and go to Abington, Va., to observe it. An appropriation was made to pay the expenses of the party and some valuable observations were made on the occasion by the professor and his assistants.

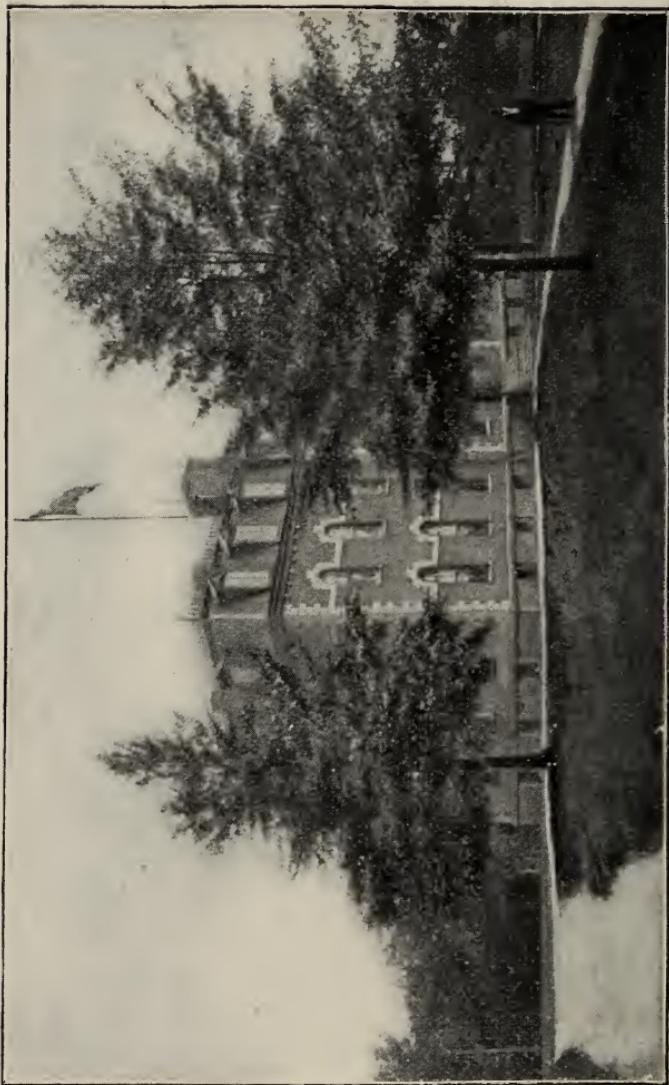
In that year the time-honored custom of before breakfast recitations was abolished and the hasty morning toilet, the hurry and scurry to answer at morning prayers was henceforth but a memory of the past, no doubt to the delight of both students and professors.

It may be doubted whether the early prayers ever found the students in a devotional frame of mind. Many a boy has appeared in the chapel two minutes out of bed, *sans* socks, *sans* trousers, *sans* coat, his slippers and dressing gown alone saving him from the charge of indecency.

The early morning recitation used to be a great trial to Professor Wash. He rarely got out to prayers and often the class would have to wait for his appearance in the recitation room. One morning the freshmen finding him not in, all slipped off their shoes, intending to steal softly out and "cut" the recitation. Their unusual quiet aroused the suspicions of Mr. Wash, whose room was adjoining. He opened the door to find half the class tiptoeing down the hall, every man with his shoes in his hands. "Come back, gentlemen," said he quietly, "and put on your shoes. I will be in directly." It might have been imagination, but the lesson seemed unusually hard that morning and Mr. Wash unnecessarily exacting.

For some time efforts had been made to arouse among the alumni a greater interest in the University. The suggestion was made by the chancellor, adopted by the board and

authorized by legislative enactment, to add four more trustees, one to be elected annually by the alumni society. The trustees first elected under this law were N. J. Hammond, Pope Barrow, A. O. Bacon, and John C. Rutherford. This new privilege, added to the action of the board setting apart a day at commencement for the alumni orations, brought an increased attendance upon their meetings for some years. Latterly, though, the graduating class were admitted to the meetings of the society, and as they invariably voted in a body *a la Solid South*, their candidate was invariably elected. It was no difficult matter for an ambitious young fellow to "fix" the graduating class before hand and secure his election to that coveted position. It is not charged that this was always done, but the older alumni, seeing the drift of the matter, gradually lost interest in the occasion and during the last few years of that regime, the meetings were but poorly attended.



MOORE COLLEGE. 1894.

XVI.

The Land-scrip Fund—State College of Agriculture—Donation by City of Athens—Moore College—Chancellor Lipscomb's Resignation—Sketch of Dr. Lipscomb.

1872-1873.

In 1862, by an act of Congress, thirty thousand acres of public lands for each representative of each State were appropriated to the States for the "maintenance and support of at least one college, where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such a manner as the legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life."

Owing to Georgia being out of the Union at the time and very busily engaged in getting back in for several years afterwards, it was not until March, 1866, that our Legislature accepted the grant. The same year the governor was directed to apply for and receive the scrip, sell it to the best advantage and invest the proceeds of the sale in bonds of this State and disburse the interest of said investment for the support and maintenance of a college, such as was contemplated by the act of congress. The "Land-scrip," so-called, was a warrant of the United States Government authorizing the State, or its transferee, to locate so many acres of public lands not otherwise appropriated and sell the same for the purposes of the act.

The governor sold this scrip to parties in Ohio for \$243,000, which amount as a principal fund is held forever without diminution by the State.

On March 30, 1872, a contract was made between the governor and the trustees of the University, by which the latter administered the fund.

The executive order relating to this contract says: "Whereas, the time allowed the State accepting said donation to establish a college or colleges under the provisions of said act of Congress will expire on the 2d day of July, 1872, when by the terms of said grant, if a college such as is therein described shall not have been established, the grant shall cease, and this State will be bound to repay to the United States the proceeds of the donation aforesaid, and, whereas, the University of Georgia is the only institution of learning in this State having power by law to organize and establish a college in all respects such as is described in said act of Congress, and the board of trustees of said University having established a college above named, as follows: (then follows the organization of the college). Ordered, that the \$243,000 derived from the sale of the land-scrip, as aforesaid, shall be invested in the bonds of the State of Georgia bearing seven per cent. interest and that the money so invested shall constitute a perpetual fund, the capital of which shall remain forever undiminished and the interest of which shall be inviolably appropriated to the endowment, support and maintenance of the college organized by the board of trustees of the University of Georgia as hereinbefore set forth."

Upon the execution of this contract, the board met to ratify it and appointed May 1st following, as the date on which the State college should be formally opened for the reception of students.

That year the attendance at the University reached the highest point in its history—318—of whom 94 were State college students and 54 were high school students.

The necessity for more room for laboratories and classrooms was so apparent, and the prospects of the college so flattering that the city of Athens, by a vote of its citizens, donated \$25,000 to the University for a building to supply the want. This was done in recognition of the services the University had done the town as its virtual founder, and for years its main support.

The large vote, almost unanimous, by which this donation was supported, was due mainly to the popularity and personal efforts of Dr. Richard D. Moore, one of the most active trustees on the board, and in recognition of that fact, the building, when completed, was named for him, "Moore College."

There has long existed in the minds of even intelligent men a very hazy notion of the connection between Franklin College and the State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts. Both, like the Technological School, afterwards established, are separate departments of the University of Georgia, which has the authority in its charter to establish other colleges in the State. The trustees by their action said, "we have ample buildings, apparatus and a valuable library which are occupied by Franklin College, whose income is limited. The State college has a good income, but no buildings, nor can any of the fund belonging to that college be expended upon the purchase or erection of buildings. We will permit the State college to use the lecture-rooms and laboratories of Franklin College: certain professors in the latter can also teach in the former, and the State college fund can help to pay their salaries and other ordinary expenses, excepting repairs. This, in fact, is done. The professor of physics in Franklin College, for instance, teaches also in the State college and his salary is paid by both institutions. There is practically, no distinction between the two, the lectures going on simultaneously and the classes advancing *pari passu*. By combining the incomes of the two colleges, several other important departments are supported and the efficiency of both colleges greatly increased. The copartnership was the salvation of the University of Georgia and the only opportunity it has ever had to enlarge its curriculum and rise to the level of a high-grade institution of learning.

During the year 1872, Professor Smead died and was succeeded by Professor Cyprian P. Willcox; Dr. W. L. Jones resigned and Professor H. C. White was elected in his place; Gen. E. P. Alexander was appointed vice-chancellor and professor of industrial mechanics, but declined; Dr. E.

M. Pendleton was made professor of agriculture, and Capt. James Bonham became instructor in military tactics.

The following year, Chancellor Lipscomb resigned.

Andrew Adgate Lipscomb was a native of Virginia. His boyhood was spent in the historic region of Manassas, and every foot of that fiercely-contested ground was familiar and its features distinct in his recollection. Entering the ministry of the Protestant Methodist church, his feeble health soon demanded his retirement, and he located in Alabama, building up a prosperous female school at Montgomery.

Dr. Lipscomb was a scholar of great erudition and a lecturer of great power. As a sermonizer, he was prone to get beyond the depth of his audience, but at times, both in the pulpit and on the rostrum, he rose to flights of eloquence rarely equalled in a land of orators. He was essentially a benevolent man, large-hearted and loving. It was his fault, if fault it could be called, to think too well of everyone. He never recognized the "old Adam," nor admitted the existence of "pure cussedness" in any boy. Henry W. Grady, when a college student, in a college paper, admirably caricatured the chancellor in a mock account of trial by the faculty of a student for a misdemeanor. When the other professors had expressed their views, one plainly declaring that he believed "Mr. M. was dwunk," Dr. Lipscomb said, "I apprehend that the unconscious cerebration in Mr. McL—'s case, reacting through the nervous system, so excited the brain cells, that the impulse given to muscular action became irresistible."

Though abhorring discipline in its strictest sense, Dr. Lipscomb, by personal appeals to the better nature of his boys—"My dear boys" as he was wont to call them—and by earnest personal interviews, awakened in many a student aspirations to a nobler life.

While chancellor he inaugurated the Sabbath afternoon service for students. In these lectures he was at his best. Brief—never longer than a half-hour—pointed, and perfect gems of thought and delivery, they attracted large audiences

from the city, taxing the utmost capacity of the prayer-room. A master of elocution, a thorough rhetorician and an enthusiast in teaching, the careers of his pupils, many of them prominent men in this and other States, is the measure of Dr. Lipscomb's success.

When he retired from the University, he did so seeking relief from the responsibilities of his office. Always a sufferer, his nerves were always overstrung, and while apparently well, and seemingly robust, if interested in his subject, he would be greatly prostrated by the reaction.

Dr. Lipscomb served the University well in the most trying times of its history and left it the established pride of the State. For a few years after his resignation, he served as a lecturer at Vanderbilt University, then returned to spend the remainder of his threescore and ten years at his home in Athens. After the death of Chancellor Mell, Dr. Lipscomb filled temporarily the chair of moral philosophy.

XVII.

Chancellor Tucker's Administration—The "Walk Around"—Professor W. Leroy Broun—Sketch of Dr. Tucker.

1873-1878.

Chancellor Lipscomb was succeeded by Rev. Henry H. Tucker, D. D. At the same time Rev. Eustace W. Speer was elected professor of belles-lettres and Gen. William M. Browne professor of history and political science.

The first annual report of Chancellor Tucker divulged a woeful condition as to the discipline in the college. He declared the students were very disorderly, stamping, scraping the feet and even smoking cigars, both at prayers and in the recitation rooms, and doing it withal with a manner so child-like and bland, that it was impossible to determine who the guilty parties were. At the same time the chancellor bore testimony to the gentlemanly conduct and admirable behavior of the students in their personal relations both to the faculty and to the citizens of the town. Evidently the students were trying the mettle of the new chancellor as students will do, to see just how far they might impose upon his forbearance.

The Doctor declared the scholarship medal system a failure and the society medals a source of great trouble, and altogether found much to criticise that was left over from the last administration.

The commencement at which that report was made is remembered by what was jocularly called "The Chancellor's Walk Around." The house which Dr. Tucker was occupying being unsuited for an entertainment, a public reception was given in the Library room. The guests having assembled, they were formed in two concentric circles after pairing off, and put in motion in opposite directions. Round and round they went, refreshed from time to time with copious draughts of lemonade until the limit of human endurance

was reached. Then bidding good night to their host, who was really delighted with the success of the experiment, the company took their leave.

A reorganization of the faculty resulted in the later resignation of Professor W. Leroy Broun, who was succeeded by Montgomery Cumming, a first honor man of the University of Toronto and winner of the Prince of Wales' prize.

Professor Charles Morris also resigned at the same time.

The plan of reorganization declared the chancellor's office to be one of honor and distinction without salary. It was his duty to preside at commencement and to confer degrees, the faculty being left to select its own chairman. This much of the plan, however, was repealed soon after to the extent of making the chancellor also a professor as he had always been.

During the three years of Dr. Tucker's administration, the roll of matriculates steadily diminished from 266 in the year of Dr. Lipscomb's resignation to 229, 203, 161, 116. Dr. Tucker attributed the decline to the continued changes in management in the University and the utter unfitness of the University system, as adopted, to the class of immature students who attend our colleges. Besides that, he inveighed against the low standard of scholarship established by the faculty and charged that no student was refused admission to any class on account of low scholarship. To the correction of these evils, he suggested as an additional remedy—*free tuition to all*.

Whatever were the true causes of the decline, the responsibility of the chancellor, justly or unjustly, was not questioned, and the trustees cut the Gordian knot by asking for his resignation. The failure of Chancellor Tucker's administration should not be visited too severely upon him. Doubtless he had not the quality of mind nor the power of execution that make the ideal college president, and even with the most favorable surroundings he would not have succeeded in that office. But there were antagonisms to Dr. Tucker in the faculty, and influences constantly at work to

undermine his strength and negative his efforts to advance the standard of the University. Against such odds success was impossible and his own retirement only a matter of time.

Henry Holcombe Tucker was born in Warren county, Georgia, May 10, 1819. His widowed mother marrying a second time, removed to Philadelphia in his childhood, and there he lived until his nineteenth year. He entered the University of Pennsylvania, but graduated at Columbian College, in Washington City, in 1838. For a few years he engaged in mercantile business in Charleston, then studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Forsyth, Ga., practicing until 1848. The knowledge of the practical business of life which he acquired during that decade was of great advantage to him in after life.

The death of his wife, within a year after her marriage, brought the conviction to Dr. Tucker's mind that he ought to preach the gospel. He accordingly studied for the ministry under the venerable Dr. Dagg at Mercer; but urgent invitations to engage in teaching diverted him from the active ministry. He taught in the Southern Female College at LaGrange, and in 1853, was offered the presidency of Wake Forest College in North Carolina, which he declined, to accept the pastorate of the Baptist church in Alexandria, Va. Here he married Miss Stevens, the excellent lady who survives him.

In 1856, Dr. Tucker went to Mercer, taking the chair of belles-lettres and metaphysics, which he held until the exercises were closed by the war.

During the war, Dr. Tucker was active in every movement to alleviate the sufferings of the people. He was the founder of the Georgia Relief and Hospital Association, which carried aid and comfort to thousands of sick and wounded soldiers, and he freely spent his time and money in helping the destitute.

On the re-organization of Mercer University in 1866, Dr. Tucker was chosen its president. During his incumbency

the college was removed from Penfield to Macon, largely through his influence.

Resigning in 1871, he went abroad, traveling in Europe with his family a year or more. During a visit to Rome, he organized a Baptist church, and baptized a man in the river Tiber, probably the first event of the kind which had occurred there for fifteen centuries.

To one trait of character Dr. Tucker doubtless owed much of the failure of his administration as chancellor at Athens. That was his utter lack of *policy*. He was a thoroughly honest man, and hated shams of every description. He called a spade a spade, and went straight at everything with a directness that fairly shocked some people. His treatment of the students was fair and open. He never locked his room door nor his desk. Yet during his absence nothing was ever disturbed. On one occasion a number of Baptist ministers, passing through Athens on their way to a state convention, had to lie over a night. One of the resident Baptists, an influential man, suggested that they be entertained at the homes of the people, and asked Dr. Tucker how many he would take. "None, sir," said he. "I don't want them bringing dirt into my house. Put as many as you think I ought to take at the hotel and I will pay the bill."

He said once that he didn't like the Baptists anyhow, and the Baptists didn't like him; but he never wavered in upholding the doctrines of his church. He made many enemies among that denomination while he was president of Mercer, and the falling off in the students here while he was chancellor was chiefly in that class of patronage.

Dr. Tucker once said, after his resignation: "The trustees thought I couldn't run the college, but they adopted all my recommendations." This was quite true, for they abolished the University system, returning to the curricula with the various courses each leading to its degree; they urged that the standard of scholarship be raised; they made the chancellor alone responsible for the discipline of the college, and finally, they made tuition free.

Dr. Tucker was a great preacher. His thoughts were original, his expressions clear cut and quaint, and his delivery forcible. It was a treat to hear him. There was a crispness about his preaching as refreshing as the air of an autumn morning. His mind was very active, and he was quick as a flash at repartee. In his home he was a charming host, and his charity to the needy was boundless. None but he knew how helpful he was to the poor.

After his retirement from the University, Dr. Tucker went Atlanta, where he lived, the editor and proprietor of the *Christian Index*. He died September 9, 1889, from the effects of a fall from the window of his house, after lingering a few days in unconsciousness.

William LeRoy Broun was one of the ablest men who had ever been connected with the University. He was not only a close student and exact in his store of knowledge, but a broad-minded, liberal man. He conscientiously endeavored to enlarge the sphere of the University and increase its capacity for usefulness. It was the divergence of their views, though both aimed at the same result, that brought on the separation between him and Dr. Church in 1856.

As president of the State College of Agriculture, Professor Broun desired to extend the work of that branch of the University, and required all the land-scrip fund to accomplish it. He disapproved of the policy the trustees had adopted of scattering that fund among the branch colleges, and in a public address unfortunately charged them with misappropriating it. Though he did not intend the remark in an offensive sense, it did give great offense, and at the ensuing meeting of the board, their disapprobation of his course was expressed in the strongest terms. Professor Broun, conceiving his opportunity for usefulness to be at an end, resigned.

"Little Bruin," as the boys called him, was a well-known figure at Athens. Short of stature, with an immense head and large, projecting forehead, his personnel was peculiarly his own.

After leaving Athens, Colonel Broun went to Vanderbilt and was subsequently chosen President of the A. and M. College at Auburn, Alabama, which office he still administers with marked ability.

XVIII.

Chancellor Mell—Colonel Charles C. Jones—Professor William Henry Waddell—Agricultural Trustees—Branch Colleges—Free Tuition—The Funding Law—Chancellor Mell's Administration.

1878-1881.

Rev. Patrick H. Mell, D.D., was elected by the board to succeed Chancellor Tucker.

Colonel Charles C. Jones, Jr., was elected Professor of natural philosophy and astronomy *vice* Montgomery Cumming, resigned.

What the appropriateness of this appointment no one could ever perceive. Colonel Jones, an eminent historian, a ripe scholar and a learned gentleman, would have graced other chairs in the University, but for this he had no fitness by previous training. None knew this better than he, and he promptly declined the honor. Professor Charbonnier was assigned to the chair, which he still occupies with so much ability. The new chair of natural history and geology was filled by the appointment of Professor George Little, who retained it, however, but a short time.

The opening session of Chancellor Mell's administration was marked by a loss as serious as any the University had ever sustained—the untimely death of Professor Waddell.

William Henry Waddell inherited all the ability as a teacher which his father and grandfather had acquired through years of experience. Graduating with the first honor in 1852, he taught a year in a Mississippi school. Elected tutor in the University, he entered the faculty, of which, he remained a member until his death. A closestudent and a finished scholar, Professor Waddell added to these gifts the power to interest and enthuse, which never failed to make its impress upon his pupils. Cordial in manner, strict without severity, honest and just, the student felt safe in his hands and it is doubtful if he ever made an enemy among all who came under his instruction.

Professor Waddell was tall and moved rapidly and ungracefully. When he walked he strode, swinging his arms at length, and his *entree* into church always excited a smile. He was a deeply religious man, a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church, and latterly licensed to preach. He had a habit while walking along the street of raising his hat as if in courtesy to some lady. Often no one being near, his friends were curious to know what it meant. In some way it was found out that it was an act of devotion while he offered a silent prayer.

Like Mr. Wegg, Mr. Waddell occasionally "dropped into poetry," nor did he woo the muse in vain. The following lines, written by him, Dr. Lipscomb pronounced among the best he had ever read:

REGRET.

O current of life,
With thy jarring and strife,
Thy banks were once curtained with drapery bright;
But the stream of my hours,
Has forsaken the flowers
And wanders alone through the blackness of night.

O river of years
Fast flowing with tears,
The zephyrs of Eden once sang to thy waves;
Now the winter wind roars
On thy desolate shores
While thy shadowy depths are but merciless graves.

Still on, ever on,
Thy waters roll down
To the sunless retreats of eternity's sea;
Where the waves of the deep
Their dark vigils keep,
And murmur no more o'er the land or the lea.

Professor Waddell was married to Mrs. Tew, a daughter of Colonel A. V. Brumby, of Atlanta, who accompanied him to Europe on a visit in 1872.

He died suddenly in September, 1878, at Milford, Va., on his way home from Baltimore, the victim of a painful disorder.

Mr. Waddell, as one remarked at the time, touched at many points. In the college, in the church, in the community, and in society, his loss was felt to be irreparable. Nor has his place yet been filled.

In 1878, a proposition was made to have four additional trustees appointed from the Georgia State Agricultural Society, in which the board refused to acquiesce. Two years later, however, a bill was passed by the Legislature which provided for that addition and the gentlemen elected by the Society, Messrs. W. H. Felton, J. H. Fannin, L. F. Livingston and S. M. H. Bird, took their seats with the board.

There was no more reason why the Agricultural Society should be represented in the board of trustees of the University than that the Independent Order of Odd Fellows should, or the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company. Every citizen of the State has an equal interest in the institution and its trustees are not supposed to "represent interests," but to exercise wisdom and discretion in the management of its affairs and in the fulfillment of its purposes. There was, however, a growing belief among a certain class of so-called farmers that the land-scrip fund was "our" money and the new law was an invitation to them to send a committee to watch its expenditure.

It is but just to say that some of these agricultural trustees were earnest men and sincere friends of the University and by their conservative counsels aided its growth and prosperity. The year 1878 witnessed also the expansion of the branch college system. The school at Dahlonega had previously been incorporated into the University and was receiving annually \$2,000 from the land-scrip fund for its support. Now schools at Milledgeville, Cuthbert, Thomasville and later at Hamilton, came forward with offers of land and houses, asking that they, too, be adopted into the family. This was cheerfully done by the accommodating board, and each got a slice of the land-scrip fund until it became evident that the mother institution was feeding her adopted children at the risk of starving herself.

The theory of the branch college idea was that they would become feeders to the University, sending their graduates to us to take advanced or special courses in the completion of their education. As a matter of fact, they became not feeders, but competitors. Chancellor Mell complained of this and stated that of 160 students, only five were from the branch colleges. It is doubtful—the figures are not at hand—if so many as fifty, all told, have come from those schools to the University in the fifteen years of their connection with it.

The growing conviction in the minds of the trustees of the injury done the University by this course resulted in the withdrawal of financial aid from all excepting Dahlonega, followed by a total divorce from Cuthbert and, practically, a separation from the others.

Much confusion and no little dissatisfaction resulted from the varied rates of tuition charges which had existed since the organization of the State College.

Under the contract with Governor Smith, a certain number of students were to be admitted free, while others were charged a fixed sum in that college. A higher sum was charged in Franklin College. There were certain free scholarships granted to the city of Athens and there were still other conditions under which a student's charges were remitted. In spite of the higher charges in Franklin College, however, more students were registered in that than in the State College, doubtless, because the student preferred the course whose degree would be of most value to him after graduation.

At this stage of affairs, the subject of free tuition was considered by the board. Approximate estimates showed that by charging a matriculation fee of ten dollars for each student, the income of the University would authorize free tuition with the aid from the State of \$2,000 for one year to offset the tuition fees then received. But some of the bonds in which certain funds arising from the sale of lots had been invested, were about to become due. Unless these funds could be reinvested at the same rate of interest and that in-

terest be permanent, the trustees were not assured that the plan could be adopted.

The whole matter was presented to the Legislature through a committee of the board and a statement of the facts made, which resulted in the Act of September 26, 1881.

This act, "To enable the trustees of the University of Georgia to inaugurate a system of free tuition in that institution;" also provides that whenever the University shall present any of its valid matured bonds of the State to the treasury, it shall be the duty of the governor to issue to the trustees in lieu of those matured bonds, an obligation in writing, in the nature of a bond, in an amount equal to the principal of the matured bonds and falling due fifty years from the date of issue, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum and not redeemable by the State before that time, nor negotiable, nor transferable by the trustees.

After the passage of this act, tuition was made free in all the academic schools of the University. In addition to the matriculation fee, a charge of five dollars for each student is made for the support and enlargement of the library. The operation of this law does not extend to the law and medical schools. Those are professional schools, the fees of which do not go into the treasury of the college, but to the professors who teach therein.

Prior to the execution of the contract with Governor

Smith, there had been intermittent action providing for free tuition to certain classes. In 1830, the poor school commissioners of each county were allowed to send a student to college for four years without charge. Sons of ministers of the gospel and young men preparing for the ministry, were admitted free if unable to pay their tuition. Maimed Confederate soldiers were provided for by special legislation; and in 1868, fifty free scholarships were opened to young men upon their merits without regard to their pecuniary condition.

Chancellor Mell's administration was a decade of prosperity to the University. He brought to the office long experi-

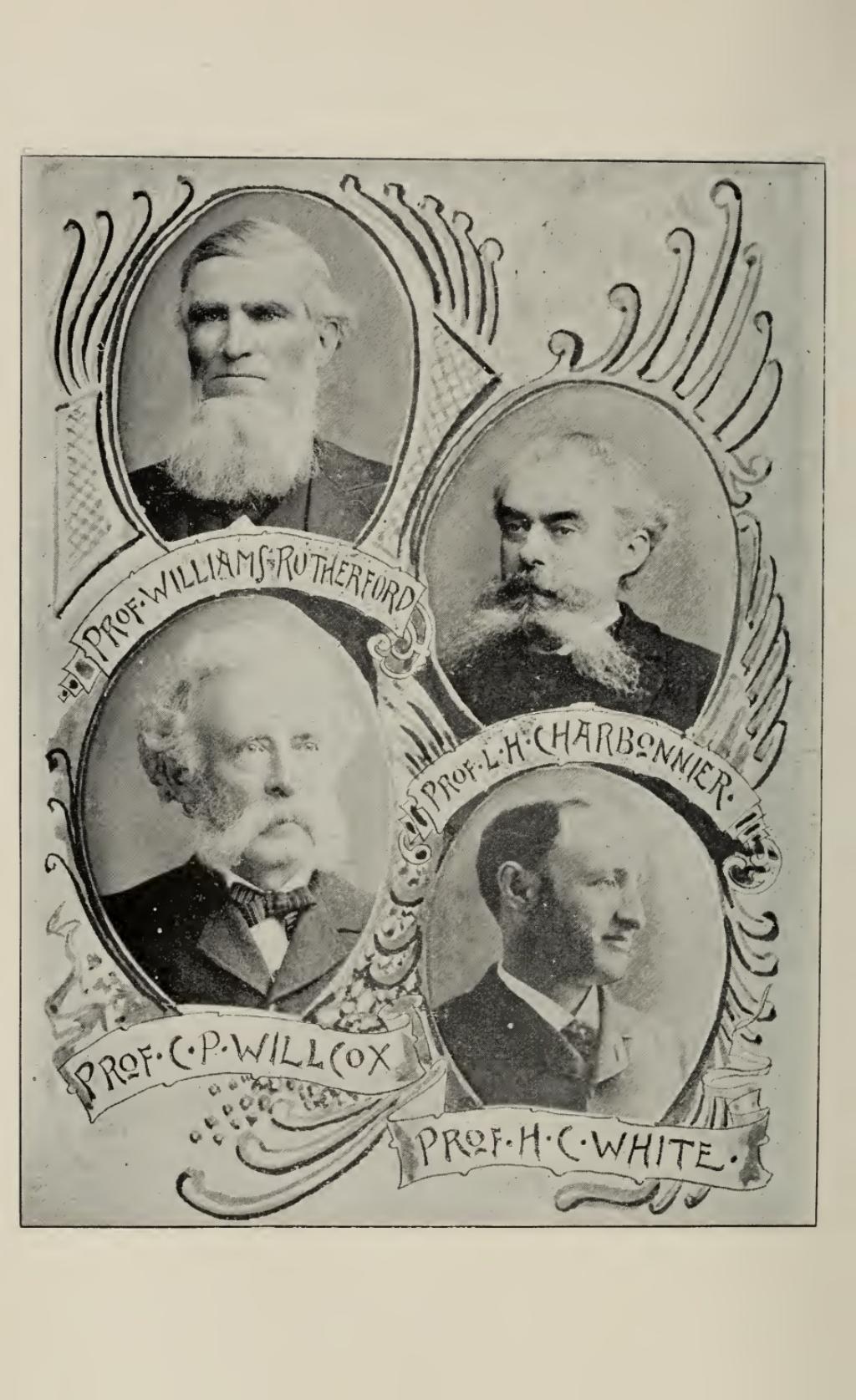
ence as a college professor, strong convictions of duty, a well-digested policy and the confidence of the powerful religious denomination to which he belonged. He at once set to work to gain more students, and to that end, his efforts never flagged. Indeed, it was charged that he measured the success of his administration by the number of matriculates, and that violations of the laws were overlooked rather than dismiss the offenders. Be that as it may, the attendance increased from 116 in the year of his inauguration to 216 in the year of his death. Dr. Mell had to contend, as he said in one of his reports, with the most ungenerous competition of other colleges.

"Attacks are made on us," said he, "not only in private circles, but from the pulpits in all sections of the commonwealth. Our scholarship is disparaged; infidelity and irreligion are charged against us. Most exaggerated accounts are given of extravagant living, and parents are made to believe that immorality and vice reign rampant here." Against this and other difficulties, the Chancellor set his face steadfastly to carry out the policy he had adopted.

He believed it was better to find out what mischief a student was contemplating, and prevent its execution, than to wait until the deed was done and then administer punishment. He used every means to maintain good order. The citizens were brought to co-operate with the faculty and the faculty with the chancellor. The Greek letter fraternities were encouraged to influence their members, and the non-fraternity men were invited to co-operate with the professors in controlling their classes. The college dormitories were converted into boarding houses—Old College, under the fatherly care of Mr. Peter A. Summey, and New College under Mr. Richardson—and efforts were made to give a semblance of home to those uninviting walls. This last was a compromise between the chancellor and trustees. Dr. Mell bitterly opposed the dormitory system. He regarded it as an open bid for noise and disorder and idleness. He recommended their utter abolition and the scattering of the

students among the various homes and boarding houses of the town.

But the board did not see its way to abandon its only means of furnishing cheap board, and the college boarding house was the outcome. It served a purpose, but its influence was neither educative nor refining. Cheap board meant poor food, and the "Summey House biscuit" was a dyspeptic germ when fresh and a dangerous projectile when stale.



PROF. WILLIAMS RUTHERFORD

PROF. L.H. CHARBONNIER.

PROF. C.P. WILLCOX

PROF. H.C. WHITE.

XIX.

The McCay Donation—The Charles McDonald Brown Fund—The Terrell Donation—Other Donations and Bequests.

1879-1882.

In 1879, it was stated to the trustees that a friend of the University desired to make a donation for its benefit with a view that it should be kept at compound interest for a given time before being used. The board declared its willingness to accept it upon the conditions named.

The friend referred to was Mr. Charles F. McCay, formerly professor of mathematics, but who, after leaving the profession of teaching, became the leading actuary for insurance companies in America. No doubt Mr. McCay's occupation had led him to figure on the possibilities of a fund put at compound interest, and the donation was made in consequence.

The deed of gift is as follows:

THE CHARLES F. McCAY DONATION.

City of Baltimore, State of Maryland:

Know all men by these presents, that I, Charles F. McCay, of the city and State aforesaid, for and in consideration of the affection and interest felt by me in the University of Georgia, located at Athens, Georgia, with which I was connected for twenty years, from 1833 to A. D. 1853, and of the sum of Ten Dollars to me in hand paid by the trustees of the said University, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, have given, granted and conveyed and by these presents do give, grant and convey to the trustees of the University of Georgia, the sum of SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS in bonds of the Western Railroad of Alabama, indorsed by the Georgia and the Central Railroad Companies of Georgia, upon the following trusts and limitations:

First. That the trustees of the University of Georgia shall hold and safely keep said bonds until they shall mature, and not permit the principal or interest thereof to be used in any manner or for any purpose different from the donations and trusts hereinafter specified.

Second. That the said trustees of the University of Georgia shall, from time to time, collect the 8 per cent. interest due on said bonds and the principal, when due, and shall annually or semi-annually, when practicable, invest the interest when received, and the principal when collected, in bonds of the State of Georgia, or in bonds of the Georgia and Central Railroad and Banking Companies or of the cities of Augusta, Atlanta and Savannah, Georgia, and shall continue to reinvest the interest as received on said bonds and the principal when collected (and the dividends on said stocks) so that the same shall be compounded annually, or semi-annually if practicable, without any diminution of any part thereof for any other uses than such reinvestment and accumulation of interest, principal and dividends until the expiration of the term of twenty-one years after the death of all the following named persons, viz.:

Mary M. Buchanan, my granddaughter;

George Read McCay and Emma Thornton McCay, grandchildren of my brother Isaiah;

Robert McCay Bisell and Susan Kent Bisell, grandchildren of my sister Susan;

Helen McCay and Susan McCay, granddaughters of my brother Neal;

Laura Taylor and Catharine Taylor, adopted granddaughters of my brother Kent;

Thornton Carson, grandson of my brother Robert;

George S. Sheldon and John E. Sheldon, grandsons of my sister Sally Read;

Harvey DuBose Hill and Janie May Hill, grandchildren of my brother George;

Thacker Howard and Antoinette Howard, grandchildren of my brother Milton;

Annie Bush and Annie Harrison, granddaughters of my brother Albert;

Sarah Jackson and Bushrod Jackson, grandchildren of my sister Sarah;

Minnie Williams and William Dickens, grandchildren of my brother William;

Harrold Baxter, grandson of my sister Martha, and

Arthur Machen and Abbott Gresham, grandsons of my friend, John J. Gresham.

And after the lapse of the said time, the said trustees shall continue to keep the aggregate sum so accumulated on the bonds and stocks before mentioned, as a permanent fund, and shall use the interest or dividends therefrom for the payment of the salaries of professors or lecturers in the University of Georgia, residing in Athens, Ga., where the University is located.

In testimony whereof, I have signed and sealed these presents and a duplicate thereof, this 8th day of December, 1879.

CHARLES F. McCAY. [L. S.]

In presence of P. G. WALLACE.

Some years later, by mutual consent, the bonds delivered to the trustees were exchanged by Mr. McCay for State of Georgia bonds of the face value of \$15,000.

It is estimated that about one hundred years will have expired before the interest of this fund can be available under the trust. In that time, if no disaster befall, the fund will have amounted to about \$10,000,000, and the University will have an income from that source of \$500,000, with which to pay the salaries of its professors.

Would that some calculating friend had in its early infancy thus endowed the college.

In 1882, the University was the recipient of another donation more immediately useful, but in a different way—the Charles McDonald Brown Scholarship Fund.

The following letter from Governor Brown explains fully its objects:

CHARLES McDONALD BROWN SCHOLARSHIP FUND.

LETTER OF GOVERNOR BROWN.

ATHENS, GA., July 15th, 1882.

To the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia:

Gentlemen—I have had the honor to hold the position of trustee and member of your Board for over a quarter of a century. During all this time I have felt great interest in the success and prosperity of the University.

It has long been my wish to do something which may afford substantial aid to it, and result in permanent future good to the people of this State, who have so long sustained and honored me. I am now in better condition to carry out this cherished object than I have been at any time since my connection with the Board.

Nearly one year ago, my son, Charles McDonald Brown, a noble Christian youth, of fine intellectual and business capacity, the soul of honor and integrity, who had been a student in the University, was taken from us by death. He was named for my true and cherished friend, the late Governor Charles J. McDonald. He was possessed of some estate, the bulk of which he left to me and his mother, giving small sums to each of his brothers and sisters, in token of his love and affectionate regard for them. He had bright prospects, and if he had lived, might reasonably have expected, at no distant day, at my death, to go into the possession of considerable addition to his estate.

Now, while it is my object to do something that will advance the interests of the University, and aid, to some useful extent, in the education of worthy young men of the State, who are not able to educate themselves, I desire, at the same time, to perpetuate the name of my said deceased son in connection with the University, and also that of my old friend, Governor McDonald, whose name he bore. As a means of doing this, I propose, with your consent, and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter mentioned, to make

a donation to the University of Fifty Thousand Dollars, money that might have been possessed by my son if he had lived—to be known and in all appropriate publications made by the University designated as the

"CHARLES M'DONALD BROWN SCHOLARSHIP FUND."

This donation to be made on condition that the State of Georgia will receive the said sum (which I will pay in cash) into her treasury, to be used in payment of the public debt, or in such other manner as may be for the best interest of the State, and will issue her bond, or bonds, to the University, bearing 7 per cent. interest, the interest to be paid semi-annually to the University, the bond or obligation to run for fifty years. At the last session the General Assembly passed an act to make permanent the income of the University, which provides, in substance, that whenever the trustees of the University of Georgia shall, through their duly authorized agent or officer, present at the State treasury, for redemption, any valid matured bond of the State, as the property of the University, that the Governor shall issue to the trustees in lieu of said matured bond, an obligation in writing in the nature of a bond, in an amount equal to said matured bond, falling due fifty years after date of such issue, the same to bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, and not to be subject to be called in for redemption by the State before the time; not to be negotiable by the trustees, but payable to them alone, to be issued under the great seal of the State, signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Secretary of State.

All I ask is that the State treat the amount which I propose to donate to the University just as she would treat any other amount of money which may be the property of the University, due at the maturity of any bond or bonds of the State, belonging to the University. I have long thought it the duty of the State to endow the University liberally, and believe that wise statesmanship and sound policy dictated such a course. While the representatives of the people have not yet done what, it seems to me, would be wise in this particular, they have shown a disposition to make per-

manent the endowment which the University possesses, and I think it would be only a reasonable extension of this law to make it apply to all funds that may be donated to the University, as well as funds belonging to the University in maturing bonds.

I cannot doubt that the Legislature will see the wisdom and propriety of doing this, and I, therefore, make the donation conditional upon the passage of an act to carry out this object, in accordance with the rule above mentioned, at the next session of the General Assembly, and upon the further condition, that the fund shall be used for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

There are hundreds, and I believe thousands, of young men of good character in Georgia, who are intellectual and ambitious to become useful, who desire to obtain a liberal education; some with a view to the profession of law, others the practice of medicine; some for the gospel ministry, some engineers, architects, chemists, teachers, professors in colleges, and other useful and honorable pursuits; some of whom have at their command part of the means necessary to board and clothe them while engaged in the pursuit of their studies, in connection with the University. Other young men may be very bright and very worthy, who have none of the means necessary to pay for board and clothing while engaged in their studies. I believe there are many young men of both classes mentioned who would consider it their good fortune to be able to borrow, at a reasonable rate of interest, a sufficient amount to carry them through college or to enable them to graduate in the particular profession or pursuit which they intend to follow, and who would be willing, after they had obtained an education and prepared themselves for business, to refund the money as soon as they could make it, after providing for their livelihood in an economical manner, until they are able to pay it.

Such a young man, who takes a proper view of the subject, would not desire to incur more indebtedness than necessity required. He would be willing, for the sake of obtain-

ing an education, to wear plain clothing, and be content with cheap board, if it was really good and wholesome.

I know from experience in early life the feelings of a youth, desirous of educating himself without the means to do so, and the good fortune which a loan of money for support while engaged in study was considered as conferring upon the recipient. I recollect very well, too, that prudence dictated an economical course so as to incur no more indebtedness than was absolutely necessary. I preferred to live plainly and cheaply and study hard, rather than be too much loaded with debt, but I considered myself very fortunate when I was able to borrow the amount actually necessary for the prosecution of my studies, even to a limited extent. And I doubt not there are at this time large numbers of young men in similar situations, who are prompted by the same feelings. The object of this donation is to establish a fund in the hands of the University, the interest of which is to be loaned to young men of the character I mention.

First. To aid in part, such young men as may have some means, but not sufficient to carry them through the course selected by them.

Second. To aid those who have no means, but who are bright and worthy and ambitious to succeed. I desire that the University do this, by loaning the interest which may accrue from the principal each year, to young men of the classes above mentioned, no young man to avail himself of the benefit of the fund until he is eighteen years of age, each to sign a pledge of honor when he enters the college and commences to receive the fund, that he will refund the amount that he receives to the University, as soon after he completes his course of study as he may be able to make it, living economically in the meantime, and as this obligation, given during the minority of the student, would not be legally binding, let him also pledge himself that, when twenty-one years of age, he will give to the University his obligation, legally binding himself for the payment of said sum, as aforesaid, with four per cent. interest per annum upon the same.

As each will incur indebtedness by borrowing the means necessary to educate himself, each will become more self-reliant, which will be better for him in the end, if he is manly and possesses talent, than if the amount had been given to him.

And as tuition is now free in the University, I direct that not more than two hundred dollars per annum shall be loaned to any student, to be advanced to him monthly, during the scholastic year, but interest to commence to run on the amount advanced each year, at the end of the year. Having no tuition to pay, a young man, with close economy, may be able to get along upon that sum, and many who have part of the means necessary will not desire so much.

I earnestly urge upon each recipient of the fund, the importance of paying back the money as promptly as possible, and I trust each will consider it a sacred obligation, as the payment increases the amount to be loaned to others who will be anxious to receive the same benefits enjoyed by himself.

If there should be a larger number of promising young men to apply for the benefits of the loan than can be accommodated, then I direct that the trustees of the University provide for a selection of recipients, from time to time, in such manner as in their judgment may be most fair and equitable. My wish is that they be selected as impartially as may be from all parts of the State, so that each section of the State may be represented. If there are many applicants, and it can conveniently be done, I think a competitive examination might be best, but there will no doubt be many cases where this cannot be had without difficulty and where the young man is very bright and worthy, in which case the appointment can very safely be made without a competitive examination.

I wish such young men selected as are bright, of good moral character, apt to learn, in reasonable health and ambitious, to prepare themselves for usefulness. I do not wish to make a donation to students, but to place a fund in the

hands of the University, which it will loan them in aid of their education, to be paid back by them as aforesaid.

I desire the amount paid by each student, in return for the money he has received, to be added annually, as it is paid in, to the principal sum above mentioned, and only the interest upon it to be loaned in future, which will enable the University, from time to time, to increase the number of young men to whom it can make loans. This will ultimately increase the amount of principal, which in course of time, if properly managed, will grow to a large sum.

I trust the Legislature of our noble old State will make provision for receiving this accumulation into the treasury, from time to time, and issue its bonds to the University in lieu of it, as the fund may accumulate. But if, contrary to my desire and expectation, the State, after having given its obligation for the principal sum of the donation above mentioned, shall at any time refuse to issue its bonds for the accumulated sum in aid of the University, or shall at the end of fifty years, refuse to issue its bond or obligation for the principal sum of fifty thousand dollars, and shall pay the same over to the University, then the board of trustees may in each or either of said cases, invest such fund as may accumulate in the bonds of the United States or of other States.

The general provisions above mentioned are subject to the following qualifications:

I desire that the sum of one thousand dollars, interest accruing annually from the said principal sum of fifty thousand dollars, as above mentioned, be used by the board of trustees aforesaid, to aid young men to pursue their studies in the North Georgia Agricultural College, at Dahlonega, upon the same terms as are prescribed for students at the University at Athens, except that the students who may participate in the benefits of this fund at Dahlonega must be selected under such rules and regulations as the board of trustees of the University may prescribe (to be reasonable and just), from the mountain counties of Northeast Georgia, and the counties of Oconee, Pickens and Anderson, in the

State of South Carolina—Pickens District, now Oconee and Pickens counties, contains my birthplace. My life, up to the commencement of my manhood, was spent in the district of my birthplace in South Carolina, and in the mountains of Northeast Georgia, and the first credit I received for money in aid of my education, was in the county of Anderson, S. C., in which Calhoun Academy, where I commenced my studies, is located.

The mountain section above mentioned was the theatre of my early struggle with poverty, in my attempt to educate myself, and I wish to pay its people, who have sympathized with and supported me in every emergency, this small tribute of my grateful recollection. As the amounts loaned students at Dahlonega are returned, I wish them to be added to the principal, which is set apart out of the sum of fifty thousand dollars as donated above to raise the said sum of one thousand dollars annually for said college at Dahlonega, so that it may accumulate as in case of the fund set apart for students at the University at Athens, both being placed upon the same principle of accumulation.

If the North Georgia Agricultural College should at any time be discontinued (which I trust may never occur), and any other school or college of like grade should take its place at Dahlonega, or in any of the mountain counties of Northeast Georgia, that is not denominational in its character, the benefits intended for the North Georgia Agricultural College at Dahlonega are to be transferred to the students of such college or high school as may be selected by the board of trustees of the State University, to take its place in said section of country.

If, unfortunately, there should at any time in the future, be no such school kept in the said section of Northeast Georgia, for as much as five years, then the fund set apart for that purpose shall be transferred to the University of Georgia at Athens, and become part of the fund to be expended in aid of the students there in the manner and on the terms already mentioned.

If there should be any year when there are not enough of applicants for the fund, of good moral character and promise, to consume all the amount of interest accruing during that year, the accrued interest not so used, is to be added to the principal sum and placed at interest, the annual interest to be applied to the purpose already designated. In case of the fund to be loaned at Dahlonega, as living is cheaper there than at Athens, I direct that not more than one hundred and fifty dollars annually be loaned to any young man while engaged in the pursuit of his studies, to be paid to him monthly, the interest for each year to commence at the end of the year. The amount in each case may seem small, but a young man without means who is not willing to live economically to secure an education, or who is willing to go in debt to obtain larger sums to be expended in better living or for greater display at college, is not, in my opinion, the person most likely to succeed, or most worthy to be trusted with funds with which he is expected to return.

Any young man who pursues his studies for the purpose of preparing himself for the ministry in any of the churches, and who, after the completion of his studies, devotes his time and talent, under the authority of his church, to the work of the ministry, as his profession or business, shall only be required to return to the University, one-half the amount received by him, with interest as aforesaid.

Any young man studying to prepare himself for the profession of medicine, may pursue his studies in Augusta, where the Medical Department of the University is located.

No part of the fund herein mentioned, shall at any time be paid as fees, commission, salary or otherwise, to the trustees, or any officer or agent of the trustees, or any officer or agent of the University.

As the fund is donated to aid poor, but worthy young men to secure a liberal education, I have full confidence that the trustees and officers of the University, with whom I have acted so long, and their successors, will, as heretofore, in all cases connected with their trust, administer this as a part of the funds of the University, for the good of all, for the

usual salaries which the officers would receive if no such fund existed.

If it should at any time become necessary, to employ counsel to collect money due from any one who borrowed it as a student, and is able to pay it back and refuses to do so, then it will be expected that the usual fees be paid to such counsel, and some attorney might in such case be employed to look generally after such collections, and see that the University does not suffer loss by inattention to such collections.

I reserve to my four sons, Julius L. Brown, Joseph M. Brown, Elijah A. Brown and George M. Brown, each, the right to select one young man to receive the benefits of the loan, and as the one selected graduates or leaves college, to select another as successor so that each may constantly, during his natural life, keep one student of his own selection in the University, as a recipient of the use of the funds necessary in his case, subject to the regulations above specified, and in case any one or each of my sons shall select a kinsman as near to him as the fourth degree of consanguinity, such student shall have the benefit of the fund free from the obligation to return it to the University if my said son, selecting such relative, shall so direct, all other selections to be made under the rules and regulations to be prescribed by the board of trustees, as already mentioned. And my said sons, and the survivor or survivors of them, shall have all the usual rights of visitation, with power to see that the trust assumed by the board of trustees in behalf of the University is justly and faithfully administered, and in case the trust is unjustly, illegally or wrongfully abused, to proceed in the proper court to recover back the funds for the use of my legal heirs; but neither my heirs, nor any one of them, shall have the right to recover back the said sum on account of any technical or inadvertent failure to carry out the trust, if there has not been an important or substantial failure to do so.

The survivor of my said four sons may by his will appoint some one with like power of visitation, if he thinks proper to do so.

JOSEPH E. BROWN.

The trustees accepted Governor Brown's proposition by a formal resolution, but not without opposition from General Toombs (then personally at enmity with Governor Brown), who objected on the ground that its conditions were unconstitutional and asked that his protest against its acceptance be recorded on the minutes of the board. Governor Brown then with the utmost suavity asked leave to file with the protest a paper which he produced and which proved to be a copy of a letter from General Toombs giving an opinion in the case of the Alexander Free School of Macon, the conditions of which were similar to this, and in which, he declared the identical proposition to be constitutional.

The Charles McDonald Brown Fund has, up to this date (1894), aided 150 young men in completing their education, and \$35,000 has been loaned to them for that purpose. It has been a boon to many an ambitious boy, helping him to rise out of the vale of ignorance and furnishing him with the means of making a support.

These two notable donations recall the gift from Mr. James Gunn, Jr., in 1802, of one thousand dollars, the first private gift in money to the University, and coming at a time when sorely needed. This was followed in 1817 by a contribution of the same sum by Mr. John Marks, of Madison county, for the purchase of philosophical apparatus.

From that time no private purse strings were unloosed in behalf of the University until 1854, when Dr. William Terrell, of Hancock county, sent the following communication to the trustees:

SPARTA, July 27th, 1854.

To the Honorable, the Trustees of the University of Georgia:

Gentlemen—From such observation as I have had an opportunity to make, on the condition of the people in different parts of the world, I am quite satisfied that there are none who are so abundantly supplied with all the necessities and comforts of life as our own; and that there is no form of government so suitable to the intellectual development of a people or the resources of a country, as that of the United States.

To give perpetuity to the compact of these confederated States, the principles of which have thrown so much light on the social and political relations of man, and aided so much in the advancement of civilization and the means of individual and national prosperity, is surely the duty of every patriot. Education is doing much for this great object in every department of knowledge, except in agriculture, and in this, the most important of all, the United States are far behind most of the States of Europe; and the Southern, with the advantage of soil and climate, much more so than the Eastern and Northern. The best form of government for a country, where a system of agriculture prevails that is constantly tending to impoverish the soil, cannot long sustain a thrifty population or be able to defend itself. To avoid such a calamity, which there is reason to fear will be our condition at no distant day, the people of the Southern States must find the means of preserving their lands from destruction by bad tillage, which is so strikingly observable in every part of the country.

To aid in this great enterprise, if you will allow me to call it such, I propose to your honorable body, to give to Franklin College bonds of the State to the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars, the annual interest of which shall be applied permanently as compensation for a professor, whose duty it shall be to deliver in the college a course of lectures during its term, on "Agriculture as a Science; the Practice and Improvement of Different People; on Chemistry and Geology so far as they may be useful in Agriculture; on Manures, Analysis of Soil and Domestic Economy, particularly referring to the Southern States;" the lectures to be free.

If this proposition is acceptable to you, I shall ask the privilege of recommending to your consideration for the appointment of the first professor, Dr. Daniel Lee, who has spent twenty years of his life in the study and practice of agriculture, and who will bring to its duties all his skill and a zeal that ought to insure success.

With considerations of the highest respect, I am your obedient servant,

WM. TERRELL.

This liberal donation was accepted by the board in resolutions expressing their appreciation of Dr. Terrell's patriotic purpose. The "Terrell Professorship of Agriculture" was created and Dr. Daniel Lee, of New York, was unanimously appointed to the position.

In 1859, Gen. Robert Taylor, of Athens, left by will \$5,000 for a scholarship in the college. The funds in which this bequest was invested were rendered valueless by the war and so lost to the institution.

Mention has been made of the \$25,000 given by the city of Athens in 1873 for the erection of Moore College. This timely donation enabled the University to greatly enlarge its capacity for usefulness when the necessity was upon it to do so.

The Gilmer Fund can hardly be classed with donations, since the University derives no benefit from it, even remotely. Governor Gilmer left by will to certain trustees \$15,000, "to form a perpetual fund for educating teachers of reading, writing and arithmetic, or to otherwise increase the qualifications of schoolmasters of Georgia for properly instructing the children of the State."

The securities in which this fund was held coming due, and the difficulty of reinvesting them at the same rate of interest being apparent to the trustees, they proposed to the trustees of the University to take charge of the fund and administer it according to the terms of Governor Gilmer's will. This was acceded to by the board solely in the interests of public education, but it has proved a veritable apple of discord. The Gilmer Fund, although of no benefit to the University, has been the source of more wrangling and annoyance than almost any other matter in the control of the board.

Other valuable gifts have been made from time to time, of books and scientific collections and curiosities, none the less acceptable because unnoticed in detail.

Among these, the fine painting of St. Peters in Rome, by Mr. George Cook, must not be overlooked. It is the gift of Mr. Daniel Pratt, of Montgomery, an intimate friend of Dr. Lipscomb, and now adorns the chapel stage.



DR. ANDREW A. LIPSCOMB

DR. HENRY H. TUCKER

DR. PATRICK H. MELL

DR. WILLIAM E. BOGGS.

XX.

Col. William L. Mitchell—Dr. E. W. Speer—Dr. William Louis Jones—Gen. William M. Browne—Experiment Station—Library—School of Technology—Death of Chancellor Mell.

1882-1888.

The death of William Letcher Mitchell in 1882 removed from the college roll a conspicuous character and a friend devoted to all its interests. A graduate of the class of 1825, elected a tutor in 1830 and a trustee in 1842, he was acting president during a brief interregnum and succeeded Mr. Asbury Hull as secretary and treasurer, and Judge Lumpkin as professor of law. In all these offices he was faithful to the trusts confided to him, and at all times and under all circumstances, unwavering in his devotion to the University.

Col. Mitchell was a man of pronounced character and strong convictions. He was never found on the fence. He was always ready with either yes or no for an answer. A warm friend and a good hater himself, he counted both among his acquaintances all through life.

He had a cousin of the same name living in Athens, and to distinguish him, the soubriquet of "Slick-head" was given Col. Mitchell from his manner of brushing the hair. This nickname stuck to him for many years. A warm attachment grew up between him and Dr. Lipscomb, and throughout the latter's administration Mr. Mitchell was *fidus amicus curiae*.

With an active mind and original in thought, Mr. Mitchell would sometimes present the most startling propositions, both in private and in religious assemblies. He was always interesting and often instructive. Once discoursing on the Last Supper, quoting the words "drink ye all of it," he said: "Now, the Episcopalians think that means you must drink it all up. Sometimes, when they have their commun-

ion, the preacher prepares for a big congregation, and only a few come, and they have a good deal of wine left over. Then the preacher has to call in the church officers to help him drink it and sometimes they come away a little tipsy." He always insisted that the "thorn in the flesh" from which St. Paul suffered was a second wife.

In his latter years, Mr. Mitchell was a great sufferer from asthma and from its effects he finally died, in the full communion of the Presbyterian faith.

After a service of eight years, Dr. Eustace W. Speer, a scholarly man and a polished rhetorician, resigned the chair of belles-lettres, and Professor Charles Morris was recalled to take his place in the faculty.

Dr. William Louis Jones was elected professor of agriculture in the place of Gen. Browne who had not long before died.

William M. Browne was a native of Ireland. After going through the famous school at Rugby, he graduated at Dublin University. Coming to America after an extensive tour of travel on the continent, he settled in Washington City, where he became the editor of the leading administration paper under President Buchanan. At the outbreak of the Civil War he espoused the cause of the South, and going to Richmond, was appointed by President Davis, who had known him well, one of his aids with the rank of brigadier-general. General Browne became a resident of Athens a year before the close of the war. A scholarly man, a great reader and an amiable companion, he made many friends in Georgia. Indeed, it has been said that his friends made the chair which he occupied especially for him. In so far as his connection with the chair of agriculture was concerned, he was a failure. He had no training whatever for the work. He didn't know the difference between nitrogen and ammonia, and he believed that feeding a cow on fodder would dry up her milk. But as a student of history and kindred subjects, he was quite well fitted for that department, and his lectures were much appreciated. He died in 1883, a member of the Methodist church.

Dr. Jones brought to his office a vigorous intellect and a mind trained by long habit to accurate observation. As editor of the *Southern Cultivator*, the leading agricultural paper in the South, he had earned the reputation of a clear-headed, practical farmer. His advice on all sorts of plans was sought by farmers all over the South, and when given, was regarded as an ultimatum. By education and subsequent training, by the habits of his life and the character of his mind, Dr. Jones seemed to be eminently fitted for this work, and if any one could raise the department from the worse than useless state to which it had fallen, he was believed to be the man to do it. He set to work with energy to make something of the chair, but from the very nature of things he was doomed to disappointment. The only classroom work that could be done was the work of the "Terrell Professor of Agriculture," performed in a course of lectures on agricultural chemistry by Prof. H. C. White. Beyond this, everything was experiment in the field. The professor, therefore, rarely met the students in classes, and his time was devoted to the work of the farm.

The act of Congress appropriating \$15,000 annually to the support of experiment stations in the agricultural colleges gave Dr. Jones, who was made director of the station in Georgia, an opportunity he had long desired. Extensive preparations were made at the college farm for experimenting with ensilage and dairy products and the various crops of the Southern States.

The act of the Legislature, however, upset all his plans by creating a board of directors, who captured the funds and all its appurtenances, removed the station from Athens and appointed an entirely new set of officers.

Disappointed and supplanted in the field of farm experiment, Dr. Jones not long afterwards resigned his professorship and retired the third time from the University.

From its earliest years, the library of the college had been almost like a sealed book. It had been the custom for one of the professors to act as librarian, opening the room for an hour on certain days to enable students to get books

which they might take to their rooms. In 1887, a new plan was adopted by which the advantages of the excellent library were offered to all the students and its usefulness greatly increased. Miss Sarah Frierson was elected the muse of literature, and under her methodical arrangement and admirable management, the library is the chief resort of the boys. The room is cheerful, nicely-carpeted, furnished with comfortable chairs and is made still more attractive by plants and flowers. The librarian is always attentive and polite, and such is her popularity that no student has cared or dared to violate the rules imposed upon him by "Miss Puss."

Another branch college was established by the Legislature in 1885—The School of Technology. A commission appointed by the governor controls the details of this institution, their acts subject to the revision of the trustees of the University. When the selection of its location was under consideration, the trustees offered free a site for the buildings on the campus, the use of the library and laboratories for the students of the school, and their assent to the professors of the University delivering lectures in the Technological School as might be provided for in future. The commission, moved by a handsome donation offered by the city of Atlanta, chose that place above all other competitors. Under the act of the Legislature, the entire commission became *ex officio* trustees of the University, adding five to that already too numerous and unwieldly body.

In 1887, a difficulty between two students, which was warmly espoused by their respective fraternities, lead to a challenge and a prize fight under the "Marquis of Queensbury's rules." The fight was extensively advertised during a week of training, and was largely attended by students and citizens in carriages, buggies and on horseback. The lack of any effective steps to prevent the meeting and the failure to discipline the principal offenders brought some severe criticisms upon the faculty, both in and out of University circles. The action of the board on the matter at its next annual meeting caused Chancellor Mell to send in his resigna-

tion, which, however, he was induced to withdraw. Before another year had expired, he had joined the great majority.

Patrick Hughes Mell was born in Liberty county, Georgia, July 19, 1814. At the age of seventeen, he taught a country school, saving enough to take him to Amherst College, Mass., where he graduated, paying his expenses there by teaching during vacation. After leaving college, he taught at Springfield and at Hartford, but declined flattering offers there to return to his native State.

Upon the recommendation of Governor Troup, he was elected professor of ancient languages in Mercer College in 1842, and twelve years later, was called to the same chair in the University of Georgia. Here he spent the remainder of his days.

Dr. Mell had been offered, but declined the presidency of Georgetown College, Kentucky, of Wake Forest, N. C., and of Mississippi College. He also declined the pastorate of several large city churches, but while at Penfield and at Athens, he served the churches at Bairdstown and Antioch, the first for thirty and the other for twenty years.

As a preacher of the gospel, Dr. Mell ranked high. He made no pretense of oratory, nor even reached the point of eloquence, but the exhaustive analysis of his subject and the close reasoning of his argument, held his hearers' strict attention and left them with the sense that there was nothing more to be said. He had the unbounded confidence of his own denomination and held the office of Moderator of the Southern Baptist Convention for many years, being annually re-elected until the last year of his life.

At one session of that body, held in Louisville, Ky., a brother who was speaking referred to the late Civil War as the "rebellion." Dr. Mell immediately rapped sharply with his gavel and said: "That word is out of order on this floor." Nor did he yield one iota of his devotion to the South or the justice of the Confederate cause.

In 1861, he raised a company of volunteers, called for him the Mell Rifles, but before they enlisted, the death of Mrs. Mell, leaving a family of small children, made it imperative

that he should remain at home. Later in the war, he commanded a regiment of "six months" troops at Rome and Savannah.

Personally, Dr. Mell was austere in manner, very reserved and distant, but courteous to all, even to punctiliousness, and to his friends, he verged upon cordiality. As a professor, he was a hard man to recite to. His custom on the assembling of the class was to say: "Mr. Blank, will you begin the lesson?" If Mr. Blank happened to be an average student, upon such an invitation he would utterly fail to suggest an idea; but if by chance he was able to respond with any success, the professor would, after a little, say: "That will do, sir; Mr. X., will you please take it up there?" No change of expression ever indicated to either whether he had failed or recited correctly.

The writer came in one Saturday morning to a class in Latin under Dr. Mell, after an all night 'possum hunt, barely getting to the chapel at the last tap of the prayer-bell. As might have been expected, so soon as he composed himself on the recitation bench, he fell asleep. The professor promptly called on him to read a passage in Cicero and appreciating the situation, let him sleep through the hour—but gave him zero.

Dr. Mell's policy, as he himself announced to the board, was to find out first what mischief was brewing and then prevent its outbreak. In pursuance of this idea, he somehow—no one ever knew just how—learned everything that was going on. It was even said that he would occasionally join a party of mischief-makers, going along with them unrecognized in the darkness of the night, to astound them afterwards by his accurate knowledge of the offense. On one occasion, while a professor at Penfield, a party of boys planned a raid on a neighboring watermelon patch.

Dr. Mell got wind of their design and quietly joined the party. When they arrived at their destination, one fellow said: "Boys, suppose old Pat should turn up here!" Said another: "If he did, I would kill him." Whereupon, the professor, who was a man of undaunted courage, stepped

forward and said: "Here I am, sir." The last speaker immediately drew a pistol, pointed at his breast and pulled the trigger. The weapon missed fire and the audacious student threw it from him and vanished in the darkness; nor did he appear at the college again.

This incident was related by a gentleman who was associated with Dr. Mell at Mercer.

Of Chancellor Mell's administration at the University we have already spoken. Perhaps its only fault was a lack of aggressiveness. Dr Mell did not like to assume responsibility. He would not shirk it when it was placed upon him, but fearlessly faced the situation and executed the laws as he understood his duty to be. But because he assumed no control of other departments than his own, there were complaints of laxity and inefficiency, which resulted eventually in the removal of some of his associates in the faculty.

A brief illness following upon prostration brought Chancellor Mell to his bed, from which he never arose. On January 26, 1888, he breathed his last.

XXI.

Acting Chancellor Charbonnier—Election Held for Dr. Mell's Successor—Chancellor William E. Boggs—Professor Williams Rutherford—Secret Fraternities and the Literary Societies—Reorganization of Board of Trustees.

1888-1889.

The annual session of the board following the death of Dr. Mell, was one of great interest on account of the pending election of his successor. Col. L. H. Charbonnier had been appointed in the interim acting chancellor and filled the position with dignity and consummate tact under the most trying conditions. Declining to permit the use of his name for the permanent duties of the office, he maintained the standard of deportment and scholarship of the college with distinguished ability during the year of his incumbency.

In anticipation of a warm contest for the chancellorship, every effort was made to secure a full attendance of the trustees at their meeting. One old gentleman in feeble health was brought from a distant part of the State who never even realized where he was.

Two elements appeared in the board—one demanding a young, progressive, active man, fully abreast with the times; the other more conservative, insisting on a minister of the gospel, a person of sobriety and of positive religious convictions. The day and hour were set for the election. Citizens of the town, alumni from other places, students and ladies, all shared in the interest of the occasion. The "progressive" element put in nomination Professor Harry C. White; the "conservatives" presented the Rev. G. B. Strickler, of Atlanta. After the usual speeches and remarks defining exactly the position of the speakers, the balloting began. Dr. Strickler was elected by a majority of one.

Before the session came to a close, it was known that he had declined the office and that Professor White had withdrawn his name from further consideration, leaving the board without a candidate and the University without a chancellor.

An adjourned meeting of the board was held in October, when happily both elements, at the first suggestion of his name centered upon a gentleman of great ability, progressive in thought, aggressive in character and immovable in the discharge of duty, the Rev. William E. Boggs, D. D., of Memphis, Tenn.

Dr. Boggs' election was unanimous and after due consideration, he accepted the call and entered upon the duties of the office in February, 1889.

With Dr. Boggs, other additions were made to the faculty. The newly-established chair of biology was filled by Professor John P. Campbell. Dr. J. W. Spencer (whose tenure of office was very brief) was made professor of geology, and Mr. Charles M. Snelling, military instructor and adjunct professor of mathematics. Professor W. H. Bocock was appointed to the department of ancient languages, *vice* Professor Woodfin, resigned, and Mr. W. D. Hooper, instructor.

Professor Williams Rutherford, for thirty-three years the honored instructor in mathematics of two generations of students, retired from active work in the same year. The board, in accepting his resignation, continued his salary for one year, requesting him to aid the chancellor in whatever way might be agreeable to him and made him Emeritus Professor of mathematics.

Professor Rutherford was an alumnus and the son of an alumnus of the first graduating class of the University. Upright, faithful, honest and just, he inspired confidence and respect in every student who came under his instruction. Though they often sorely tried his patience, all loved "Old Foot," and all confessed that his simple faith and irreproachable life, was a sermon that spoke louder to them than words. His influence was always for good and the results

of his personal work among the students of the college in encouraging them to right living and in weaning them from vicious habits, cannot be estimated. It is that kind of a teacher who has the making of a man. May his days grow brighter as his sun goes down.

The subject of secret fraternities has of late years engaged the serious attention of all college officers.

The earliest record of their appearance in the University of Georgia, is the organization of the "Mystic Circle" in 1845. What the object of the society was we may not know, but the record, which until recently was in the college library, indicates that they had a good deal of fun in their meetings. A high dignitary of the circle in New York, a few years ago requested of the trustees that this record be turned over to him, which request was cheerfully granted.

The effect of that fraternity upon its members may be conjectured from a resolution adopted in 1848, declaring it to be contrary to law for any student to become a member of any secret society other than the Demosthenian and Phi Kappa societies, unless permitted by the faculty. A half dozen years later, the faculty suppressed another organization which threatened trouble.

In 1866, a chapter of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity was established in the University and the chancellor and other members of the faculty were admitted as honorary members. After awhile other Greek letter societies established chapters and active rivalries grew up between them, leading to bitter animosities and personal encounters.

In the meantime, the literary societies waned and the halls which once re-echoed the tones of Lumpkin and Toombs and Pierce and Stephens and Cobb and Hill, were silent, save with the perfunctory program of the day's routine. The very property deteriorated, and the debating rooms, which used to be the pride of the membership, with broken seats, defaced furniture and ragged carpets, became a disgrace to their owners. The banners which once were so proudly borne in procession, now torn and hung awry, awoke no enthusiasm. The very name of the societies were held in con-

tempt, and on their anniversaries, hardly a corporal's guard could be got to march to the chapel.

It has been denied that this was due to the Greek letter fraternities. Possibly, it was not, but it is a coincidence that as the one increased, the other decreased.

The year of Chancellor Lipscomb's retirement, the board passed an order requiring students to sign a pledge not to join any secret society. Chancellor Tucker reaffirmed the declaration that the fraternities were an element of disorder and ought not to be permitted to exist, and in consequence, additional legislation was enacted by the trustees looking to their suppression.

Chancellor Mell did not share the objections of his predecessor. On the contrary, he fostered the secret fraternities and said they were a valuable aid to him in maintaining the discipline of the college. But under that fostering care, college politics waxed hotter than ever before. The fraternities dominated the college and, by trades and combinations, absorbed all the offices, until at length the non-fraternity men arose in their might and, by a counter combination, overthrew their rulers and proceeded to divide the spoils.

And so continued the irrepressible conflict until the *entree* of another chancellor.

One of the first issues made by Dr. Boggs was with the fraternities; and he required them upon pain of suspension to pledge themselves to take no part by combinations, expressed or implied, in controlling the college elections. They have faithfully abided by that pledge and that evil has disappeared from the annals of the University.

In 1889, the board consisted of forty-one trustees and had become such an unwieldy body and the responsibility so divided that an act was passed by the Legislature reorganizing its membership. Governor James M. Smith, during his term of office, had recommended that the board be reduced to nine, but his suggestion was not adopted.

The new law vacated all places on the board and provided for the appointment by the Governor of one trustee from each congressional district, two from the city of Ath-

ens and four from the State at large. The Governor, the chairman of the commission on the Technological School were *ex officio* members of the board, and subsequently, the chairmen of the commissions on the school for girls at Millidgeville and the college for colored youths at Savannah were added, running the number up to nineteen. The terms of office were fixed at eight years and the appointments made so that four shall expire every two years.

The appointees of the Governor met in Athens in September, 1889, and organized under the terms of the act, electing for their chairman, Hon. J. J. Gresham, who for seven years had been president of the old board, and appointing Lamar Cobb, Esq., secretary until the annual meeting in June. At that session, Major Cobb being ineligible under the rule, not being a member of the new board, Mr. A. L. Hull was elected to the office. Upon the death of Mr. Gresham, Hon. N. J. Hammond was made chairman and during his incumbency has added to the distinguished services he had already rendered the University.

Prior to the enactment of the existing law, the board had always filled its own vacancies, and without limit as to number.

The appointment of trustee of the University has always been esteemed an honor and the list of trustees comprises the most distinguished citizens of the State. As an evidence of the appreciation of the compliment of appointment, in 1825, Col. John A. Cuthbert asked of the Senatus Academicus the privilege of contesting the election of Governor Troup to a place on the board. It was not the habit of the board to re-elect one who had resigned, save under circumstances which precluded a regular attendance upon its sessions.

XXII.

Attendance and Patronage of the College—Offenses and Penalties—Examinations—Athletics.

The attendance upon the University of Georgia has never attained the mark its friends have set for it. It has seemed that there were very many boys in the State who were able and who ought to be desirous of attending college, and yet let us consult the record before passing judgment.

In 1802, President Meigs reported the attendance of about forty students which he says "compares favorably with William and Mary, Cambridge and Yale, none of which have more than two hundred students, although those institutions are from 100 to 170 years old."

The average number of students under Dr. Waddell was sixty and his administration was considered especially successful, both in point of numbers and work.

Towards the close of Dr. Church's term of office, the roll of students a little exceeded one hundred. In one of his reports, the president estimated the total number of young Georgians attending this and other colleges at six hundred. As the white population of the State was then about 600,000, that was a ratio of 1 to 1,000. In the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and the New England States, with a white population of 9,000,000, there were 5,000 college students—a ratio of 1 to 1,600, and that, too, with all the advantages of age and endowment in their favor.

In 1871, there was reported an attendance for the year of 262. Owing to extraordinary circumstances, this was a larger number than usual, and it is fair to discount it to arrive at an average of say 210.

Chancellor Lipscomb made the following statement to the board: "The number of undergraduates in all the colleges of this country in proportion to the population is onl

about one-half of what it was thirty years ago. The students in attendance on all the colleges in New England at the present time do not exceed by one hundred those in attendance in 1838. Thus, too, in the State of New York, the population within twenty-two years has been increased about fifty per cent. and yet the absolute numerical increase of undergraduates has been but 94 and that, too, with twelve colleges in 1870 instead of six in 1848. But Georgia has a larger ratio of students than is usual to population."

Without the data at hand to determine the ratio at the present time, it is safe to conclude that it has not increased. It has probably decreased.

But though we have nothing to be ashamed of as compared with other States, yet the question may be pertinently asked: "Why do not more young men go to college?" The causes which interfere are many and complex. Chief among them is the impatience of young men to make money. So soon as he is through the high school, the average boy—especially the city boy—wants to "go into business," and as the majority of parents yield to his wishes in the matter, especially if the pittance he may receive for his services will relieve them of his support, the stores and offices are filled with young men, clerks and bookkeeperes, who would be far better off completing their education.

And what shall be said of those Georgians who send their sons to colleges in other and distant States? Years ago when the University of Georgia was poorly equipped in many respects and the teaching force was cut down by the poverty of her resources, there might have been some excuse for such a course. But now when every department offers the undergraduate advantages equal in effective work to any other college in the country for all but special post-graduate training, it does seem a folly and a lack of patriotism, that he should go farther probably to fare worse.

On this subject, I cannot do better than quote Chancellor Lipscomb. Said he: "I deplore this as the last extreme of intellectual humiliation. The intellect of a people is essentially its own, and its first earthly necessity is to keep it as

its own. If this greatest of providential trusts is delegated by proxy to others, not a vestige of manhood will remain. It is important to educate our sons in our ideas, but still more in our associations of life, and in this view, I pray you see to it that Georgia is not left an alien and a stranger on her own soil." Would that that earnest appeal of the wise and patriotic chancellor could reach the heart of every father in the State. There would be but few Georgia boys to swell the rolls of foreign colleges, and there would be a greater pride in our own University.

It is a false but popular estimate of an institution of learning which makes the numerical attendance the measure of its success. As between different colleges, every condition of location, requirements for admission and standard of scholarship should be considered. A comparison of one year with another should carry with it all the circumstances surrounding each. The average attendance at the University of Georgia since the war has been 197—all students of college grade. We hear much from time to time of how much it costs the State to educate a student at the University. Waiving the point that the expenses are not paid by the State, such a calculation is childish and absurd. What father would calculate how much in dollars and cents it costs to raise his child or estimate his value by the amount paid for his support. Georgia is the better for such an alumnus of her University as Bishop Pierce, even if it had cost one hundred thousand dollars to educate him.

The question with us is how can the University of Georgia send out the wisest and purest men and the largest number of them, to solve the problems of the day and to promote the true civilization of the State? To furnish such men to the commonwealth is the work assigned it to perform. How that work has been done, the roll of the alumni is the best answer we have to make.

It is interesting to note the change in sentiment as to the gravity of offenses in the college.

In the earlier years of its history, students were held to strict observance of the Sabbath, and were permitted to take a quiet walk not more than a mile from the campus.

The circus was regarded as a delusion and a snare, and under no circumstances were students permitted to attend it. Professors kept close watch upon the tent, and in order to elude them, it was often necessary for the boys to black their faces and sit with the negroes.

But *tempora mutantur et nos mutamur cum illis.* In 1868, the faculty advanced the afternoon recitation to twelve o'clock so as to give the boys an opportunity to go to the circus, and since that time, there has been no inhibition on that amusement, provided, it does not conflict with any college exercise.

In 1822, J. B. was dismissed "for playing at the unlawful game of cards." Three years later, a hungry trio of youths were remanded to the grammar school for "bringing into college and preparing for eating, fowles." What the gravamen of this offense was, we do not know. Possibly some professor had missed a favorite hen and suspected the perpetrators of the theft, and the tell-tale feathers may have betrayed them.

A little later, five students were reprimanded for being found in an unoccupied house "eating cordial, wine, fowles and cakes, with fiddling and dancing." One sentimental swain was dismissed for "fiddling out at night," and another was fined one dollar "for fluting. Would that those stringent rules were still in force that an unoffending community might pass in peace and quietude the hours allotted to sleep, undisturbed by the twang of the weekly serenader!

TABULATED LIST OF DISMISSALS DURING SEVENTY YEARS.

OFFENCES.	1822-32	1832-42	1850-60	1860-73	1873-83	1883-93	Totals.
Idleness and Neglect.....	9	3	4	6	15	37	
Drunk.....		10	11	6	7		34
Disorderly Conduct.....	19	7	13	11	3	2	55
Gambling.....	2		2				4
Playing Cards.....	4						4
Fighting.....	4	9	5			1	19
Stabbing and Shooting.....		4	3				7
Disrespect to Professors	1	10	8	2		1	22
Fighting Chickens.....	4						4
Profanity.....	1						1
Cheating and Lying.....				1		1	2
Duelling.....							4
Indecency.....		3	5			1	9
Refusing to Recite.....	7	1					8
Disturbing Church.....	2	1					3
Having Arms.....			4				4

The faculty records prior to 1822 have been lost, as those from 1842 to 1850. The record shows that from 1822 to 1892, a period of seventy years, excepting the eight years above referred to, and three years during the war when the college was closed, there were 200 dismissals for the following causes:

Drunkenness, 34; disorderly and riotous conduct, 55; fighting, 19; shooting and stabbing 8, disrespect to professors, 22; idleness, 37; gambling, 8; refusing to recite, 8; duelling, 4; disturbing religious worship, 3; indecency, 8; carrying deadly weapons, 4; fighting chickens, 4; profanity, 1; lying and cheating, 2.

A study of the table will show that drunkenness has steadily decreased; disorderly conduct is variable, and so is neglect of study, while fighting has decreased and other minor offences have ceased altogether.

This may be taken as a fair criterion of the behavior of the students, for while it is not pretended that instances of violation of law and morals do not occur, their average conduct shows a very marked improvement. In 1832, a disgraceful riot occurred on the campus. A party of students

paraded the grounds, threw stones at the professors' houses, battered the door of a tutor's room, broke out his windows and threatened a personal attack upon him.

Eleven of the offenders were detected and expelled. In 1839, several students broke open the room of Professor McCay in the new college, during his absence, took his books, bedding and furniture down and made a bonfire of them on the campus. Two were detected and expelled.

The following year, six students of the senior class, including the honor men of the class, got drunk and created much disorder on the campus. President Church and Mr. McCay went out to quell the disturbance, and were both attacked with stones and sticks. Dr. Church was seriously hurt, Mr. McCay receiving a few bruises. All six of the rioters were expelled.

A year later, a serious affray occurred between four students, in which one was dangerously stabbed, it was thought fatally. This was followed by a shooting scrape between two others.

In 1851, a young man was expelled for cursing the entire faculty to their faces. The next year three students made an attack upon a tutor, badly wounding him.

These instances are given to show the lawlessness which would crop out from time to time. But in the last thirty years, despite the demoralization of the war, no such offences have been committed as would be denominated felonious in their character.

The drift of the times, the Christian sentiment of the age, and the personal influence of the faculty with the students have brought about the change.

It may be safely said that no institution in the country can show a better record for sobriety and general good behavior than the University of Georgia; and as for "hazing" and "rushing" and other specimens of rowdyism which we read of in Northern and Western colleges, such things were never known among us.

The old method of oral examinations allowed small opportunity for "booking." The present method of written

examinations with the pledge that no assistance has been received, admits abundant opportunity for cheating if the student is disposed to avail himself of it. Originating in a feeling of self-protection, a sentiment has arisen against this dishonesty, under which the class deals with the culprit instead of the faculty. Several cases have occurred where the accused was formally arraigned before his class, charged with the offense by the prosecutor and called upon to answer either in person or by attorney. If found guilty, he was tabooed or allowed grace upon promise of reformation, or reported to the faculty, according to the gravity of the offense. The contempt of his fellows has ten times the effect upon a boy that the condemnation of a college faculty has.

College athletics is a feature of comparatively recent origin in American institutions. In our University, thirty years ago it was unknown excepting in the occasional erection of a hand-swing and a horizontal bar, called by courtesy "the gymnasium," which after a few weeks use was allowed to go to decay. Once in a while, a game of foot-ball was played on the unfrequented streets—not the rough and tumble scuffle now called by that name, but a genuine old-fashioned game in which one side "bucked" the ball and followed it up to kick it home.

These, together with jumping with dumb-bells, comprised the active sports of the students. After the war, baseball was introduced, and the old field below the campus was alive with players and spectators.

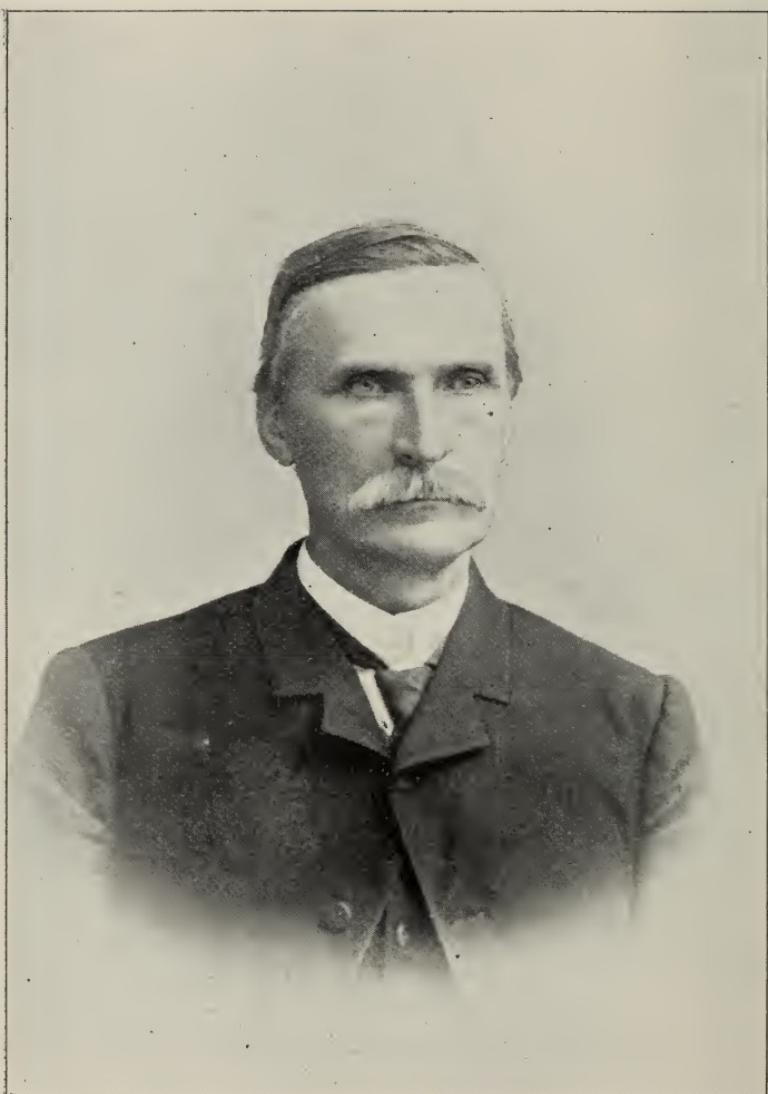
A stimulus to athletics was given when the trustees made the first Monday in May "Field day." A club was formed and prizes offered to contestants in running, jumping and feats of strength and activity. Baseball nines and football teams were organized and match games between classes and other colleges kept up the interest in the sports.

There have been many who decried the inter-collegiate games and lamented the time wasted and the distraction of the occasion. That there are evils attending such games none will deny; but that those evils have been greatly mag-

nified is doubtless as true. A close observation of the effects upon the students themselves warrants the belief that they are beneficial to the institution. With us, at least, as a rule, the best players have been the most diligent students, including the honor men of each year. The games work off the superfluous energy in the boys and take up the excess of vitality that in former days found its vent in riots and disturbances of various kinds.

During the year when a resolution of the board inhibited match games, and athletics were discouraged, there was more disorder in classes, more violations of the laws, more outrages committed than in the five previous years. If the professional element is kept out of the teams, their successes and defeats bind the boys closer, awaken their college pride, advertise the institution and attract other students to join it. This has been the practical result with this University so far, and the hard-fought battles on the ball-ground; the college yell and the college colors will be a sweet memory of a life-time with the boys.

To Dr. Charles H. Herty, adjunct professor of chemistry, perhaps, more than to anyone else, is due the development of athletic sports at the University of Georgia. An ardent player himself, he organized the society, taught them the yell and at much personal sacrifice brought up the teams to a state of efficiency which made them a credit to the college. The trustees have recently awakened to the importance of physical culture, and a department has been established with Dr. Herty as director. Sadly lacking in a suitable building and equipment, but little may be expected, until some one with the generosity with which Fayerweather equipped Virginia's State institution, shall prove his interest in the development of our own youths by a like bequest.



PROFESSOR CHARLES MORRIS.

XXIII.

Professor Charles Morris—Incidents and Reminiscences of Students—
The Alumni.

1893.

In June, 1893, the vacancy in the chair of English caused by the death of Professor Morris, was filled by the election of Dr. Benj. F. Riley, President of Howard College, Alabama. Mr. John Morris, son of the late professor, was made his assistant.

Professor Charles Morris was a gentleman of the old school, a Virginian of Virginians, courteous and brave.

Prior to the war, he was a professor at William and Mary and during the war served until the surrender as brigade-quartermaster.

Major Morris was a scholar of broad culture, filling at different times both the chairs of Greek and belles-lettres with ability, and as a writer, in purity of diction and elegance of expression, he had few equals. He had traveled abroad and had mingled with men and rubbed against the world, and was free from the dogmatism which is so apt to clothe the lifelong teacher. Major Morris professed to be a typical "old fogy," and clung to the manners and traditions of the *ante-bellum* days with a tenacity which never relaxed. He was a declared foe to "science" so-called, and all its pretensions. He planted by the moon, and insisted that wheat would turn to "cheat" and tobacco degenerate into mullein. Plain and unaffected in manner, but always a gentleman, sincere and tender-hearted, he was greatly beloved by all the students and esteemed by all who knew him. Throughout his entire connection with the University, he was not known to have an enemy.

Professor Morris was for many years a sufferer from neuralgia and was very sensitive to cold. In April, 1893, after

sitting throughout a contest for speaker's places, he went to his home feeling tired and sick. In a week, pneumonia ensued, and after a brief illness, he passed away in the morning of May 3d. In his death the University lost an able teacher, a wise counsellor and a faithful friend.

One of the greatest pleasures in meeting old friends is recounting the incidents and recalling the scenes of former days. Memory especially likes to dwell on the incidents of school-boy days, and even the hardships of those times, as we call them up, are surrounded with a pleasing glow. A volume might be written of these alone, but a few must suffice.

William E. Jones (1826), after editing a paper in Athens, emigrated to Texas, from which State he was sent to Congress. While attending court once near the Rio Grande, some of Santa Anna's pickets crossed over, captured judge, jury and lawyers, and marched them off to a Mexican prison. While they languished here in durance vile, the prisoners devised a plan of escape by tunnelling under a wall, but were discovered. Their jailor was a fat old Mexican of rotund proportions, whom the prisoners had dubbed "Gutsy." When they were asked who gave them the means to work with, Jones promptly replied, "Gutsy." The utter amazement of that individual at the unjust charge may be imagined. The Mexicans determined to convert their prisoners to the Catholic faith, and twice a day marched them to the church to prayers. The incorrigible Jones, having previously primed his companions, immediately after a prayer gave the command, "Single wiggle!" at which every man stood up, facing the priest, placed his thumb to his nose and wiggled his fingers with the utmost gravity. After the second prayer, the order, "Double compound action!" brought all to their feet with both hands extended from the nose and fingers wiggling furiously. In a little while further missionary work was abandoned.

Charter Campbell (1827) was a great wag, full of fun and mischief. To come within the pale of the law which required the wearing of homespun, but permitted the use of calico, he took the curtains from his windows and pinning them to

the waist of his broad-cloth coat, which he was loathe to discard, appeared thus at prayers to the intense amusement of the assembly. When called upon to "speak," Campbell arose and recited the multiplication table with all the dramatic expression of a tragedian. Dr. Church stopped him and required him to appear the next afternoon with a memorized speech. This time, with expressive gestures, he delivered the long rule for the traverse table. Dr. Church was teaching mathematics at the time, and so admired the thoroughness with which the rule had been memorized, that he let the recitation pass.

John D. Diometari (1835) was a native of Greece. How he came to Georgia is not known, but the Presbyterian Educational Society, a local organization of that day, adopted him and sent him to college with the ultimate view of his entering the ministry. If Diometari ever had that idea, he soon abandoned it, and it was not long before he was initiated into the mysteries of "High, Low, Jack and the Game." He was brought up by the faculty, his stipend was withdrawn by the society and there seemed nothing for John but to leave college. Being a general favorite, however, friends interfered with timely aid and the trustees remitted his tuition fees. Still he was compelled to leave college before graduating. The following resolution, in the ornate style of the day, appears in the minutes of the trustees: "A meritorious young foreigner, the native of a country whose history forms so large a portion of the meditations of the classical student, who has thrown himself upon our hospitality and proved himself worthy of it by the fidelity with which he has discharged his duties as a student in this institution, ought not to be deprived of any of the advantages which it can afford to him because, yielding to the pressure of necessity, he has retired from it before the final examination of his class. Therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the degree of A. B. be conferred on Mr. John D. Diometari."

Diometari was a smart fellow and quite popular with all classes. Later in life he was appointed American consul at

Athens, in his native country, where he sustained himself with credit.

Along in the forties, Billy and Davy, two carpenters belonging to Dr. Henry Hull, were at sundry times hired to the college to do general repairs. They were brothers, men of unusual intelligence and keen native wit, and each had by an accident lost an eye. Billy was working at his bench one day, shoving his plane in a leisurely way, when Dr. Church coming by, stopped and said: "Billy, why don't you work faster?" The old man laid down his plane and said: "Mars' Church, I ain't in no hurry 'bout dis. I'm workin' on a life-time job."

Davy was a favorite with the boys, who were continually chaffing him, and he had picked up a great many phrases from them, the meaning of which he could only conjecture. One day some students came by and one said: "Professor, let me hear you talk Latin." "I ain't got no time to be foolin' wid you white boys," said he. "Dave, I am told you talk Latin like your mother tongue. Let us hear you." Turning around and spitting in his hands as his habit was, Dave said: "*Tu es stultus damnatus,*" and resumed his plane, chuckling with great glee.

Sam Watkins was the bell ringer and factotum during the fifties and how many years before history does not relate. He was not very bright and the boys used to take delight in calling him from all parts of the campus at once. Sam would obediently turn to the last call and the state of utter confusion into which he was led was ludicrous enough to witness.

Stephen V. Benet (1844) was the son of Pedro Benet, a Minorcan, who settled in St. Augustine, Fla., and kept a little shop where he sold everything from buttons to beeswax. The children were educated above the station of the father, and Stephen came to the University to complete his course. Securing an appointment to West Point, he left Athens senior half-advanced. He graduated with credit from the Military Academy, serving afterwards in the regular army. When Florida seceded, Benet refused to resign and denied his alle-

giance to his State. He served but little in the field during the war, but rose to the rank of brigadier-general and was chief ordnance officer of the U. S. Army, which position he held at his retirement. General Benet is still living.

Henry M. Law (1846) was one of the most eloquent young men who ever attended the college, but sobriety and industry were not his distinguishing traits. On a certain night with some boon companions, Mr. Law paid a visit to the "Forks of the Road" a disreputable groggery near the present site of the Rock College, where they met other *habitues* of the den. After frolicking awhile and drinking a good deal, the crowd called on Law for a speech. Responding to their urgent demand, standing on a barrel-head, he announced as his subject "temperance," and warming as he spoke, he delivered an oration that for convincing argument, pathos and passionate appeal, it is said, has never been surpassed. His audience, first amused, then confounded, bowed beneath his eloquent periods like ripening wheat before the storm. It broke up the meeting and some of that party never tasted liquor again.

Shelton and Simeon Oliver (1849) were twin brothers and as alike as two peas. There was not a feature by which one could be distinguished from the other. Naturally, much confusion and many ludicrous mistakes arose from the likeness, which they enjoyed and encouraged as only two mischief-loving boys could. If one was absent from recitation, the professor never knew which to mark. A friend, referring to some former occurrence, would never know until he was told that he was talking to the other brother. One of them was engaged to a young lady while at college, but she was never sure which it was—in fact, it didn't matter as the other was exactly like him.

William D. Anderson (1859) was a hard student and first honor man in his class and those who knew him only in his later years would not suppose that he had been one of the most mischievous boys in college. But with all his love of fun, there was a manliness about him which made everybody love "Bill Anderson." On one occasion, he with other

students was standing at the hotel corner with a friend, who was indulging in loud and profane remarks. Suddenly, the young man's father came up behind them and astounded at what he heard, stopped, saying, "My son, can that be you?" "No, sir," said Anderson, "that was I," saving his friend a reprimand and relieving the grief and shame of the father. Dr. Lee, who only met the classes occasionally, never knew but one or two of the students. The boys, well aware of this, used to answer for any who were absent. Once Dr. Lee, beginning with the roll, said: "Mr. Anderson, explain if you please, the action of manure on a growing crop." Josh Head, thinking Anderson was absent, replied for him, but shot wide of the mark and made a dismal failure. Seeing this, Anderson said, "Dr. Lee, that was not Anderson who answered. I know that question perfectly well." But Head was not to be caught in that trap. He declared that he was Anderson. The class were silent witnesses. The professor looked puzzled. Anderson insisted that he should not be marked for a failure, and Head persisted in his identity. The truth of course came out eventually, but it was very funny while it lasted. Mr. Anderson was a gallant soldier and a distinguished lawyer, resigning a flattering political future to enter the ministry of the Methodist church.

George D. Bancroft (1868) entered college without any preparation, without any fondness for books, and chiefly, because his associates had entered. Almost immediately he became fired with the ambition to lead his class and so assiduously did he apply himself and so accurate was his work in every department that he went right to the front and graduated, sharing with another the first honor. He was most susceptible to the attractions of the fair sex and a few hours in the company of a sweet young girl would leave him over head and ears in love—and then it would be hard to say whether "Old Bangs" was most happy or most miserable. To one noted belle, he was engaged to be married; preparations for the wedding were begun, invitations had been engraved and presents purchased, when the astounding news reached him that the night before, the bird had flown.

A month's absence, during which he basked more or less in the sunshine of another bright presence restored him to good spirits. George Bancroft was a skillful musician and with Dennis, Alfriend and Victor Smith was a weekly recurring nightmare to many a sleepy household. Later he developed a remarkable aptness for mathematics, and, had not his health failed, bid fair to attain an enviable reputation. He was the soul of truth, honor and inflexible rectitude.

Not long after Dr. Tucker's induction to office, the faculty were startled one morning on coming out from prayers to find that they had nearly all been buried during the night. Some college humorist, with the aid of the college artist, had neatly rounded off seven graves side by side in front of the library building and borrowing suitable headstones from a neighboring marble-yard, erected them tenderly inscribed to the memory of the too early deceased professors. The janitor was called up, and with the assistance of a drayman, soon removed the sad memorials and smoothed the turf.

A sad occurrence in 1881 threw a gloom over the college. Walter Rountree, while out walking one afternoon with his brother and two other companions, became engaged in a difficulty with two negroes, who, it seems, had borne him some ill-will. They met in front of the courthouse, and after some words, pistols were drawn and in the *melee* which ensued, Walter Rountree was shot. He was taken to his boarding house, where he died that night. Great excitement ensued among the students and other negroes, and a riot was with difficulty averted. A post-mortem was held, but the ball was not found. The pistols used were found to be of different calibres and the identity of the fatal shot was a necessary evidence in the prosecution of the negroes. Under an order of court, two surgeons went to the young man's home, exhumed the body and continued the search for the ball until it was found. It proved to have been shot from the brother's pistol. The negroes were tried for assault with intent to murder, found guilty and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

A study of the lists of students who did not complete their course in college compared with those who took their degrees, is suggestive. Of course, many were not permitted by force of circumstances to continue at the University; and some—not a few of them brilliant youths of fairest promise—the icy hand of death snatched from the Alma Mater's arms ere they had laid hold on the laurels that were almost within their reach. But the majority, unused to study and unfit for work, idle and indolent, gave up the race, fell behind and out, and their comrades knew them no more. Some it is true became conservative citizens, plodding along, building homes and helpful in their spheres. A few names are found there which tell of power of intellect, widespread influence or devoted lives. But with these few exceptions, the makers of the commonwealth, the executors of her laws, the names which adorn her history are found among the alumni.

The reason is not hard to find. The youth who has a fixed purpose to go through the course, who turns not aside, who overcomes the obstacles he needs must meet, exercising his mental powers and training his intellect until his work is finished, goes out like the wrestler, with muscles hardened for the contest. But the laggard, unlearned, untrained to think or act except upon impulse, is swayed by his shrewder fellows or lives the creature of fortuitous circumstance.

A candid reviewer of the history and work of the University, however unfriendly he may be, must acknowledge the service she has done the State. Of a total attendance of more than forty-five hundred students, two thousand and fifty-six have taken degrees. Ten per cent. of these were ministers of the gospel, conspicuous among whom appeared George F. Pierce, Bishop of the Methodist church, Nathaniel M. Crawford, John N. Waddell, Gustavus A. Nunnelly and John D. Hammond, all presidents of colleges; Benjamin M. Palmer, Edward P. Palmer, Thomas A. Hoyt, Walter R. Branham, Robert Q. Mallard, William D. Anderson and Thomas F. Scott, Bishop of Oregon, while others living in the retirement of less prominent charges have shed

the sweet influences of their lives and prayers over many communities far and near.

Among distinguished physicians are found Charles D. Meigs, Paul F. Eve, Richard D. Moore, Charles W. West, DeSaussure Ford and Crawford W. Long, the tardily acknowledged discoverer of anaesthesia.

As jurists, Joseph H. Lumpkin, Eugenius A. Nisbet, John A. Campbell, Charles Dougherty, William C. Dawson, Alexander M. Speer, Robert P. Trippe, James Jackson, Linton Stephens and Samuel Hall shine pre-eminent.

As great advocates, Benjamin H. Hill, Thomas R. R. Cobb, William Hope Hull, Nathaniel J. Hammond and Henry Jackson are unsurpassed, while Junius Hillyer, Joel A. Billups, Joseph B. Cumming, Walter S. Chisholm, Pope Barrow and A. O. Bacon lead the attorneys at the bar.

Charles J. Jenkins, Howell Cobb, Herschel V. Johnson, James Johnson, John Gill Shorter and John B. Gordon all filled the gubernatorial chair and shared the honors of statesmen with Robert Toombs, Alexander H. Stephens and James H. Blount.

There are legislators like John Billups, Asbury Hull, Benjamin C. Yancey, William H. Felton, J. L. M. Curry, William H. Sims; financiers like Ferdinand Phinizy, John T. Grant and John J. Gresham; soldiers like Gordon, Bartow, Delony and Garlington; civil engineers like George G. Hull, Samuel Spencer and James M. Edwards; scientists like John, Joseph and Louis LeConte and William L. Jones; teachers such as Gustavus J. Orr, James P. Waddell, Shelton P. Sanford, Williams Rutherford, William D. Williams, John R. Blake, Morgan P. Calloway and William Henry Waddell.

These and younger men, some now nearing the meridian of life, who have graduated since the war, Samuel Lumpkin, Emory Speer, William R. Hammond, Henry W. Grady, Nat. E. Harris and Barrow, Hurt, Meldrim, Wm. H. Fleming, and Wm. Y. Atkinson, soon to fill the governor's chair, all swell the roll of the makers of the commonwealth and illumine the pages of her history.

What institution can boast of a longer or brighter list of names in proportion to the number on its rolls?

A historical sketch of the University would not be complete without at least an allusion to the present faculty. While it is not the purpose of the writer either to ignore or eulogize any one of the gentlemen who compose that able body, it is perhaps enough to say here, that for earnest devotion to their work, for conscientious discharge of their duties as professors, for thorough equipment and for a deep and genuine interest in the advancement of the college, the present faculty do not yield to any in other times or in other States. The discipline is firm—some of the boys say, severe—the curriculum is as full as the conditions will permit, the moral atmosphere is pure, religious influences surround and the best social advantages are open to the students.

Criticism and the condemnation of a professor by a student should not be accepted as an *ipse dixit*. Professors have no claim to perfection and students are not infallible; and it is impossible but that some of two hundred young men who are in almost daily contact with the teacher should discover his failings and reveal their own dislike. On the whole with us the *entente cordiale* between professors and students is as good as in other institutions; perhaps no better than the average, certainly no worse. The professors are doing good work and are insisting on thorough preparation in the class-room; the students know it and are responding manfully.

There has been no more potent factor in the development of Georgia than her University. But tardy justice has been done it, even by its friends, and efforts to decry its influence are constantly being made by its enemies. But despite it all the University of Georgia continues to grow in favor and in usefulness. It fixes the standard of scholarship for the schools and colleges of the State and is the fountain head of learning and education in Georgia. It is a popular fallacy that the common school is the foundation stone of our system of education. It is a mistake. The current runs the other way. The University sets the pace, the schools must

strive to keep up with it. Much injustice has been done, some through malignant opposition, but much through ignorance, which the friends of the University have borne in silence. It is amazing to learn how much is believed against it and how little is known about it.

Though these pages may not enlighten the ignorant, they will at least give some pleasure to those who have not forgotten their boyhood's days, and arouse, though dormant, their abiding love for their Alma Mater.

In either case, the author will be content.



A CORNER OF THE CAMPUS. 1883.

CATALOGUE

OF THE

TRUSTEES, OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

FROM 1785 TO 1894.

CATALOGUE.

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TRUSTEES.

Elected.	Resigned.
1785. *John Houston, Governor	Died. 1797
1785. *James Habersham, Governor	1798
1785. *William Few	1800
1785. *Joseph Clay	1798
1785. *Abraham Baldwin	Died. 1805
1785. *Nathan Bronson	Died. 1797
1785. *John Habersham	Died. 1799
1785. *Abiel Holmes	1797
1785. *William Houston	1797
1785. *Jenkins Davis	Died. 1797
1785. *Hugh Lawson	1798
1785. *William Glascock	Died. 1793
1785. *Benjamin Taliaferro	1799
1798. *Joseph Clay, Jr	1799
1798. *Seaborn Jones	1800
1799. *William Stephens, Governor	1800
1799. *George Walton, Governor	1800
1799. *Abram Jackson	1800
1799. *Peter Early, Governor	1808
1799. *Thomas P. Carnes	1800
1799. *John Springer	Died. 1799
1799. *William Stith	1800
1799. *George Walker	1800
1800. *James Jackson, Governor	1801
1800. *John Twiggs	1811
1800. *John Clark, Governor	1811
1800. *Robert Cunningham, D. D	Died. 1806
1800. *John Milledge, Governor	1806
1800. *Josiah Tatnall, Governor	Died. 1803
1800. *Ferdinand O'Neal	1811
1800. *John Stewart	1811
1800. *James McNeal	Died. 1804
1800. *George Walton, Governor	Died. 1804
1801. *David B. Mitchell, Governor	1811
1802. *Edwin Mounger	1811

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1802. *Abram Marshall.....	1811
1802. *Hope Hull	1811
1803. *Thomas P. Carnes.....	1811
1804. *Jared Irwin, Governor.....	1811
1804. *Dennis Smelt, M. D.....	1811
1806. *Thomas Flournoy.....	1811
1811. *Peter Early, Governor.....	Died. 1816
1811. *William H. Crawford, LL.D.....	1830
1811. *John Griffin.....	Died. 1814
1811. *Edward Paine.....	Died. 1841
1811. *Stephen Upson.....	Died. 1824
1811. *Joel Abbott, M. D	Died. 1826
1816. *Augustin S. Clayton.....	Died. 1839
1816. *James Meriwether.....	1831
1816. *Young Gresham.....	Died. 1820
1816. *Thomas W. Cobb.....	Died. 1830
1816. *John Elliott.....	1826
1816. *James M. Wayne	1858
1816. *Edward Harden.....	Died. 1849
1816. *Nicholas Ware.....	Died. 1824
1816. *Thomas U. P. Charlton.....	1824
1816. *John A. Cuthbert	1825
1816. *Henry Kollock, D.D.....	Died. 1820
1816. *Duncan G. Campbell.....	Died. 1828
1816. *Hope Hull.....	Died. 1818
1820. *Stephen W. Harriss.....	Died. 1828
1820. *James Nisbet, M. D.....	Died. 1832
1820. *George R. Clayton.....	1824
1822. *William H. Jackson.....	1864
1823. *Joel Crawford.....	1828
1824. *William Terrell.....	1828
1824. *Abram Walker.....	Died. 1834
1825. *George M. Troup, Governor.....	1833
1825. *Henry Hull, M. D.....	1829
1826. *George R. Gilmer, Governor.....	1857
1826. *John M. Berrien, LL. D.....	Died. 1856
1828. *Oliver H. Prince.....	Died. 1837
1828. *James Whitehead	1847
1828. *James Camak.....	Died 1848
1829. *Tomlinson Fort, M. D.	1856
1830. *William Schley, Governor.....	Died 1858
1830. *Alfred Cuthbert.....	1835
1831. *Howell Cobb, of Houston county.....	1839
1831. *John A. Cuthbert.....	1835

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1831. *Angus McD. King.....	1847
1831. *Wilson Lumpkin, Governor.....	1871
1831. *David A. Reese, M. D.....	1866
1831. *Stevens Thomas.....	Died. 1839
1831. *James Tinsley, M. D.....	1844
1831. *Zachariah Williams.....	Died. 1840
1831. *Jacob Wood	1842
1831. *Thomas W. Murray.....	Died. 1832
1831. *Daniel Hook, M. D.....	1839
1831. *James C. Watson.....	Died. 1845
1832. *Henry Jackson, M. D., LL. D.....	1836
1832. *Jephtha V. Harris.....	Died. 1856
1832. *George W. Owens.....	1845
1833. *Richard W. Habersham.....	1839
1834. *Thomas N. Hamilton.....	1851
1836. *Charles J. McDonald, Governor	1858
1836. *Thomas F. Foster.....	1845
1839. *William C. Dawson	Died. 1856
1839. *Charles Dougherty.....	Died. 1853
1839. *Jesse Cleveland.....	1840
1839. *Thomas W. Harris.....	1842
1839. *Charles J. Jenkins, Governor	1884
1840. *Mark A. Cooper.....	1885
1840. *Barzillai Graves.....	1847
1840. *Robert M. Echols.....	Died. 1848
1841. *John Billups.....	1871
1842. *Howell Cobb, Governor.....	Died. 1868
1842. *William L. Mitchell	Died. 1882
1483. *Stephen Elliott, Jr., D.D.....	Died. 1867
1844. *Junius Hillyer.....	1858
1845. *William Law	1860
1845. *Absalom H. Chappell.....	1855
1847. *James H. Couper, LL. D	1858
1847. *William Dougherty.....	1855
1847. *George W. Towns, Governor.....	Died. 1854
1847. *Samuel Boykin, M. D.....	Died. 1848
1848. *John Wingfield, M. D.....	Died. 1857
1848. *Marshall J. Wellborn.....	1848
1849. *Adam L. Alexander.....	1858
1849. *Leonidas B. Mercer, M. D.....	1859
1851. *Richard D. Moore, M. D.....	Died. 1873
1854. *Joseph H. Lumpkin, LL. D.....	Died. 1866
1855. *Herschel V. Johnson, Governor	1868
1855. *John B. Lamar.....	1858

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1855. *David W. Lewis	Died. 1883
1856. *Benjamin H. Hill.....	Died. 1886
1856. *Charles J. Munnerlyn	1860
1856. *P. M. Nightingale.....	1858
1856. *Iverson L. Harris.....	1873
1857. Joseph E. Brown, Governor.....	1889
1857. *Henry Hull, Jr.....	1867
1858. *John B. Barnard.....	Died. 1883
1858. *Thomas R. R. Cobb.....	Died. 1862
1858. *Francis S. Bartow.....	Died. 1861
1858. *A. E. Cochran.....	Died. 1866
1858. *Thomas W. Thomas.....	Died. 1864
1858. *William Dougherty.....	Died. 1872
1859. *Robert Toombs.....	Died. 1885
1859. *Benjamin F. Ward.....	1867
1860. *Marcellus Douglass.....	Died. 1863
1860. H. V. M. Miller, M. D.....	1867
1860. *Benjamin C. Yancey	1889
1863. Samuel Barnett.....	1873
1863. Richard M. Johnston	1867
1863. Henry R. Jackson, LL. D.....	1872
1863. *David A. Vason	1889
1864. *James Jackson, LL. D.....	Died. 1886
1864. *Eugenius A. Nisbet.....	Died. 1871
1866. *James L. Seward.....	Died. 1884
1867. *George F. Pierce, D. D.....	Died. 1884
1867. *Martin J. Crawford.....	Died. 1884
1867. Joel A. Billups	1889
1867. *Samuel Hall.....	Died. 1888
1867. David C. Barrow	1885
1867. *Stevens Thomas	1881
1867. *J. W. Armstrong.....	1869
1868. H. V. M. Miller, M. D.....	1889
1869. *John W. Beckwith, D. D.....	1889
1869. Lamar Cobb	1889
1871. Dawson A. Walker	1872
1871. *John J. Gresham	1889
1871. *Dunlap Scott.....	Died. 1874
1872. *William Hope Hull.....	Died. 1882
1872. *James M. Smith, Governor.....	1885
1872. Nathaniel J. Hammond.....	1889.
1872. Pope Barrow	1875
1872. Augustus O. Bacon.....	1874
1872. *John C. Rutherford	1880

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1873. *Young L. G. Harris.....	1884
1873. John Screven.....	1889
1873. John B. Gordon.....	1884
1874. *Charles T. Goode.....	Died. 1874
1874. *Ferdinand Phinizy.....	1876
1875. Alexander R. Lawton.....	1889
1875. *Thaddeus G. Holt.....	1876
1875. *Alexander H. Stephens.....	Died. 1883
1876. A. T. MacIntyre	1889
1877. Emory Speer	1885
1878. *Davenport Jackson	1882
1878. *A. H. Colquitt	1889
1878. *Abda Johnson.....	Died. 1881
1879. W. H. Felton	1889
1879. *S. M. H. Byrd	1889
1879. *James H. Fannin.....	1889
1879. L. F. Livingston.....	1889
1881. W. W. Thomas.....	1889
1883. Augustus L. Hull.....	1889
1883. J. B. Cumming.....	1889
1883. *R. C. Humber.....	1889
1883. *James S. Hamilton.....	Died. 1888
1884. *B. P. Hollis.....	1889
1884. W. A. Little.....	1889
1884. Pope Barrow.....	1889
1885. William M. Reese.....	1889
1885. D. B. Hamilton.....	1889
1885. Alex S. Erwin.....	1889
1885. Charles Z. McCord.....	1889
1885. *Henry W. Grady.....	1889
1885. Henry D. McDaniel.....	1889
1886. Henry Jackson.....	1889
1886. Pleasant A. Stovall.....	1889
1886. Peter W. Meldrim.....	1889
1887. John B. Gordon.....	1889
1887. Richard B. Russell.....	1889
1889. Henry H. Carlton.....	1889
1889. John B. Gordon, Governor.....	1891
1889. William H. Felton.....	
1889. Nathaniel L. Hutchins.....	
1889. Pleasant A. Stovall.....	1891
1889. Augustus L. Hull.....	
1889. Nathaniel J. Hammond.....	
1889. John J. Gresham	Died. 1891

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1889. Henry D. McDaniel.....	
1889. William A. Little.....	
1889. David B. Hamilton.....	
1889. William W. Thomas.....	1891
1889. Alex. R. Lawton.....	
1889. John Screven.....	
1889. A. T. MacIntyre.....	
1889. *Henry W. Grady.....	Died 1889
1889. *Benjamin P. Hollis.....	Died 1893
1889. H. V. M. Miller.....	
1889. Joel A. Billups.....	
1889. Nathaniel E. Harris, Ex-Officio.....	
1891. William J. Northen, Governor.....	
1891. Andrew J. Cobb.....	1893
1891. Augustus O. Bacon.....	
1891. Joseph B. Cumming	1894
1891. Spencer R. Atkinson.....	
1891. William Y. Atkinson, Ex-Officio.....	
1891. Peter W. Meldrim, Ex-Officio.....	
1891. William H. Fish.....	
1893. Howell Cobb.....	
1894. Roger L. Gamble.....	

SUMMARY.

Whole number.....	207
Deceased.....	164
Resigned and still living.....	22
In office.....	21

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

SECRETARIES.

Elected.	Resigned.
1801. *John Hamil	1810
1810. *Duncan G. Campbell.....	1811

TREASURERS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1801. *James Meriwether	Died. 1808
1808. *Augustin S. Clayton.....	1815

SECRETARIES AND TREASURERS COMBINED.

Elected.	Resigned.
1812. *Augustin S. Clayton.....	1815
1815. *John Hodges	Died. 1819
1819. *Asbury Hull.....	Died. 1866
1866. *William L. Mitchell.....	Died. 1882
1882. Lamar Cobb	1890
1890. Augustus L. Hull.....	

PRESIDENTS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1801. *JOSIAH MEIGS, LL.D.....	1811
1811. *JOHN BROWN, D. D.....	1816
1816. *ROBERT FINLEY, D. D.....	Died. 1817
1819. *MOSES WADDELL, D. D....	1829
1829. *ALONZO CHURCH, D. D.....	1859

CHANCELLORS.

1860. *ANDREW A. LIPSCOMB, D. D., LL. D	1874
1874. *HENRY H. TUCKER, D. D., LL. D.....	1878
1878. *PATRICK H. MELL, D. D., LL. D	Died. 1888
1888. WILLIAM E. BOGGS, D. D., LL. D.....	

PROFESSORS.

MODERN LANGUAGES.

Elected.		Resigned.
1805.	*Petit De Clairville.....	1810
1831.	*William Lehmann, A. M.....	1842
1853.	*Emanuel V. Scherb, (Instructor in French).....	1854
1869.	*M. J. Smead, Ph.D.....	Died. 1872
1872.	Cyprian P. Willcox, A. M., LL. D.....	

ANCIENT LANGUAGES.

Elected.		Resigned.
1811.	*John R. Golding, A. M.....	1819
1820.	*Joseph Wallace, A. M.....	1822
1830.	*James Shannon, A. M.....	1835
1836.	*James P. Waddell, A. M	1856
1856.	*Patrick H. Mell, D. D., LL.D.....	1860
1860.	*William H. Waddell, A. M	Died. 1878
1878.	William G. Woodfin.....	1889
1889.	Willis H. Bocock.....	

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY OR PHYSICS.

Elected.		Resigned.
1811.	*Henry Jackson, LL. D	1820
1820.	*James Tinsley, M. D.....	1822
1822.	*Henry Jackson, LL. D.....	1825
1825.	*Gamaliel S. Olds, A. M.....	1826
1826.	*Henry Jackson, LL. D.....	1827
1827.	*James Jackson, A. M.....	1842
1842.	*Charles F. McCay, A. M., LL. D	1846
1846.	*John LeConte, M. D., LL. D.....	1855
1855.	Charles S. Venable, LL. D.....	1856
1856.	John D. Easter, Ph. D	1859
1861.	William L. Jones, M. D.....	1866
1866.	William LeRoy Broun, LL. D.....	1875
1875.	Montgomery Cumming, A. M.....	1877
1877.	L. H. Charbonnier, A. M., Ph.D.....	

MATHEMATICS.

Elected.		Resigned.
1813.	*William Green, M. D.....	1816
1817.	*James Camak, A. M.....	1819
1819.	*Alonzo Church, A. M.....	1829
1830.	*Henry Hull, M. D.....	1846

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Elected.	Resigned.
1846. *Charles F. McCay, A. M. LL. D.....	1853
1854. William LeRoy Broun, A. M., LL. D.....	1859
1856. Williams Rutherford, A. M.....	1886
1889. David C. Barrow, Jr., C. & M. E.....	

CHEMISTRY AND GEOLOGY.

Elected.	Resigned.
1823. *James Jackson, A. M.....	1850
1851. William L. Jones, M. D.....	1852
1852. Joseph LeConte, M. D., LL. D.....	1856
1857. Joseph Jones, M. D., LL. D.....	1858
1858. Harry Hammond, M. D.....	1860
1861. William L. Jones, M. D.....	1872
1872. H. C. White, C. & M. E., Ph.D.....	

ETHICS AND METAPHYSICS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1826. *Stephen Olin, A. M.....	1828
1831. *Stephen Olin, D. D.....	1833
1833. *Samuel P. Pressly, A. M.....	Died. 1836
1860. *Patrick H. Mell, D. D., LL. D.....	Died. 1888

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

Elected.	Resigned.
1837. *Charles F. McCay, A. M., LL.D.....	1842
1867. L. H. Charbonnier, A. M.....	1877
1883. D. C. Barrow, Jr., C. & M. E., A. M.....	1889
1889. C. Morton Strahan, C. & M. E.....	

LAW.

Elected.	Resigned.
1843. *Joseph H. Lumpkin, LL.D.....	1866
1867. *William L. Mitchell, A. M., LL.D.....	Died. 1882
1880. Pope Barrow, A. M.....	1883
1880. George D. Thomas, B. S.....	1893
1884. Andrew J. Cobb, B. L.....	1893
1890. Howell Cobb, A. M.....	
1893. Sylvanus Morris, A. M.....	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

BELLES-LETTRES AND RHETORIC.

Elected.	Resigned.
1843. *William B. Stevens, D. D.....	1848
1848. *William T. Brantly, D.D.....	1857
1857. Richard M. Johnston, A. M.....	1861
1868. *Charles Morris, A. M.....	1872
1872. *Francis A. Lipscomb, A. M.....	Died. 1873
1874. E. W. Speer, D. D.....	1882
1882. *Charles Morris, A. M.....	Died. 1893
1893. Benj. F. Riley, D.D.....	

NATURAL HISTORY OR BIOLOGY.

Elected.	Resigned.
1831. *Malthus A. Ward, M. D.....	1842
1888. John P. Campbell, Ph. D.....	

AGRICULTURE.

Elected.	Resigned.
1854. *Daniel Lee, M. D.....	1862
1872. *E. M. Pendleton, M. D.....	1876
1876. George Little, Ph. D.....	1878
1878. *W. M. Browne, A. M.....	Died. 1883
1883. H. C. White, Ph. D.....	1883
1892. James B. Hunnicutt, D. D.....	

HISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE.

Elected.	Resigned.
1874. *William M. Browne, A. M.....	Died. 1883
1892. John H. T. McPherson, Ph. D.....	

LATIN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Elected.	Resigned.
1872. *William Henry Waddell, A. M.....	Died. 1878

GREEK LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Elected.	Resigned.
1872. *Charles Morris, A. M.....	1876

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Elected.	Resigned.
1875. William W. Lumpkin, A. M.....	1876

GEOLOGY.

Elected.	Resigned.
1888. W. M. Spencer, Ph. D.....	1890

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

ADJUNCT PROFESSORS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1847. *Nahum H. Wood, A. M., of Mathematics.....	1851
1858. *William H. Waddell, A. M., of Ancient Languages.....	1860
1858. *William D. Wash, A. M., of Mathematics.....	1861
1866. L. H. Charbonnier, A. M., of Ancient Languages..	1867
1866. J. Pembroke Jones, of Mathematics.....	1867
1869. *F. A. Lipscomb, A. M., of Ancient Languages	1872
1876. *George Bancroft, A. M., of Mathematics.....	Died. 1878
1878. D. C. Barrow, Jr., C. & M. E., A. M., of Mathematics	1883
1894. Charles M. Snelling, A. M., of Mathematics	
1894. William D. Hooper, of Ancient Languages.....	
1894. Charles H. Herty, Ph. D., of Chemistry.....	

INSTRUCTORS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1888. Charles M. Snelling, A. M.....	1894
1890. W. D. Hooper.....	1894
1890. Chas. H. Herty, Ph. D.....	1894
1891. Jesse Coates, C. E	1894
1892. Oscar H. Sheffield, C. E	
1893. John Morris, B. L.....	
1894. Andrew H. Patterson.....	

TUTORS.

Elected.	Resigned.
1804. *Addin Lewis, A. M.....	1808
1808. *James Meriwether, A. M.....	1809
1816. *Asbury Hull, A. M... .	1818
1818. *Ebenezer Newton, A. M.....	1820
1820. *Josiah J. Kilpatrick, A. M	1820
1821. *Alexander H. Webster, A. M.....	1823
1822. *James P. Waddell, A. M	1824
1823. *Charles D. Davis, A. M.....	1824
1823. *James C. Patterson, A. M.....	1825
1824. *Ephraim S. Hopping, A. M.....	1827
1825. *Alvin Lathrop, A. M.....	1830
1829. *Benjamin B. Hopkins, A. M.....	1832
1830. *William L. Mitchell, A. M.....	1833
1832. *William H. Hunt, A. M.... .	1833
1833. *Charles F. McCay, A. M.....	1835
1834. Shaler G. Hillyer, A. M.....	1835

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1835.	*Lamson Miner, A. M.....	1836
1836.	*James T. Phelps, A. M.....	1836
1837.	*Charles S. Dodd, A. M.....	1837
1838.	*George W. Schenck, A. M.....	1838
1838.	*Sylvander Hutchison, A. M.....	Died. 1838
1838.	*William A. Irving, A. M.....	1839
1838.	*Nahum H. Wood, A. M.....	1847
1842.	*Joseph T. Lee, A. M	1842
1845.	*William J. Perdue, A. M.....	1845
1846.	*Alexander M. Scudder, A. M.....	1846
1847.	Montrovile C. Fulton, A. M.....	1851
1850.	*Thomas G. Pond, A. M.....	1853
1852.	*William G. Deloney, A. M.....	1853
1853.	*Alonzo Church, A. M.....	1853
1853.	*William H. Waddell, A. M.....	1858
1853.	*Marcellus Stanley, A. M.....	1854
1854.	John W. Park, A. M.....	1856
1856.	*William D. Wash, A. M.....	1858
1872.	Edward Hunter, C. and M. E	1875
1872.	William A. Blount, A. M.....	1873
1872.	James Bonham.....	1875
1873.	*Charles A. Atkinson, A. M.....	Died. 1875
1876.	William H. Fleming, C. E	1875
1884.	A. W. Van Hoose, A. M.....	1885
1885.	C. M. Strahan, C. & M. E.....	1889
1893.	H. C. Moreno, A. M.....	
1894.	A. Belcher.....	

FACULTY AND OFFICERS.
1894.

WILLIAM ELLISON BOGGS, D.D., LL.D., CHANCELLOR

L. H. CHARBONNIER, Ph.D., Dean of the Faculty.

H. C. WHITE, Ph. D., President State College of A. & M. A.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOLS.

I.

Milledge Chair of Ancient Languages and Literature.

WILLIS H. BOCOCK, A. M., Professor.

WILLIAM D. HOOPER, Adjunct Professor.

A. BELCHER, Tutor.

II.

School of Modern Languages and Literature.

CYPRIAN P. WILLCOX, LL.D., Professor.

III.

School of English Language and Literature.

B. F. RILEY, D. D., Professor.

JOHN MORRIS, Instructor.

IV.

School of Metaphysics and Ethics.

WILLIAM E. BOGGS, D.D., LL. D., Professor.

V.

School of Physics and Astronomy.

L. H. CHARBONNIER, A. M., Ph. D., Professor.

ANDREW H. PATTERSON, Instructor.

VI.

School of Pure Mathematics.

WILLIAMS RUTHERFORD, A. M., Emeritus Professor.

DAVID C. BARROW, JR., A. M., C. & M. E., Professor.

CHARLES M. SNELLING, A. M., Adjunct Professor.

H. C. MORENO, A. M., Tutor.

GEORGE P. BUTLER, A. B., Fellow.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

VII.

School of Applied Mathematics and Engineering.

C. MORTON STRAHAN, C. & M. E., Professor.

O. H. SHEFFIELD, C. E., Instructor.

VIII.

School of Chemistry and Geology.

H. C. WHITE, Ph. D., Professor.

CHARLES H. HERTY, Ph. D., Adjunct Professor.

IX.

School of Agriculture and Horticulture.

J. B. HUNNICUTT, D. D., Professor.

X.

School of Biology.

JOHN P. CAMPBELL, Ph. D., Professor.

NOEL McH. MOORE, Fellow.

XI.

School of History and Political Science.

JOHN H. T. MCPHERSON, Ph. D., Professor

XII.

School of Law.

HOWELL COBB, A. M., }
SYLVANUS MORRIS, A. M., } Professors of Law.

SAMUEL C. BENEDICT, M. D., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence.

JOHN D. MELL, B. L., Lecturer on Parliamentary Law.

XIII.

Military Tactics.

CHARLES M. SNELLING, Commandant of Cadets.

Librarian.

MISS SARAH FRIERSON.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

GEO. W. RAINS, M. D., LL. D.,
Emeritus Professor of Chemistry.

DESAUSSURE FORD, A. M., M. D.,
Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.

THOS. R. WRIGHT, M. D.,
Professor of Operative and Clinical Surgery; Dean.

THEODORE LAMB, M. D.,
Professor of the Principles of Medicine and Diseases of the Chest.

WM. H. DOUGHTY, JR., A. B., M. D.,
Professor of Anatomy and Clinical Surgery.

GEO. A. WILCOX, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics and Gynæcology.

EUGENE FOSTER, M. D.,
Professor Practice of Medicine and State Medicine.

JAMES M. HULL, M. D.,
Professor of Ophthalmology, Otology and Laryngology.

THOMAS D. COLEMAN, A. B., M. D.,
Professor of Physiology and Pathology; Secretary.

JOSEPH E. WILLET, A. M., M. D., Ph. D., LL. D.,
Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

JOSEPH EVE ALLEN, M. D.,
Professor of Obstetrics and Pediatrics.

HENRY C. DOUGHTY, M. D.,
Demonstrator of Anatomy and Operative Surgery.

L. C. SPENCE, M. D.,
Demonstrator of Anatomy and Operative Surgery.

C. J. MONTGOMERY, B. S., M. D.,
Clinical Assistant.

W. W. BATTEY, M. D.,
Clinical Assistant.

ALUMNI,

WITH THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS.*

1804.	<p>*Gibson Clarke. *Augustin S. Clayton, Trustee; Judge Sup'r Court; Member U. S. Congress. *Jephtha V. Harris, Trustee. *Jared Irwin M. D. *Thomas Irwin. *William H. Jackson Trustee. *James Jackson, Professor of Chem. & Nat. Phil. *Robert Rutherford. *Williams Rutherford. *William Williamson.</p>	<p>*Samuel W. Meigs. *James Meriwether, Trustee; Member of U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court. *Joseph O'Neal. *George Putnam.</p>	8
1805.	10		1808.
1806.	<p>*Wilson Bird. *Gabriel Matthews. *Stephen W. Harris, Trustee; Judge Superior Court. *Roland Thurmond.</p>	<p>*John Atkinson. *Swpson Cox, M. D. *Charles M. Davis. *Henry Early. *Willis Gresham. *William Meriwether, M. D. *Alexander Thomas. *James Woodruff.</p>	8
1807.	4		1809.
1808.	3	<p>*Charles D. Meigs, M. D., Prof. Jefferson Med. Coll., Phila. *Creed T. Strong. *Robert Scott.</p>	3
1809.	5	<p>*Armistead Cary. *Peyton Cary. *William Mitchell. *Henry Neal. *James Tait.</p>	1810.
1810.	7		1811.
1811.	3	<p>*David Callehan. *James Hayes. *John H. Howard. *Joseph M. Molloy.</p>	5

*Under the rule of the Trustees all graduates of the University of three years' standing were entitled to the degree of A. M. This rule continued in force until 1872. It is safe to assume, therefore, that all Alumni prior to 1869, excepting such as died within three years after graduating, were *Masters of Arts*.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

*Ebenezer Newton.		1820.
*John Phinizy.		
*James Thweat.		
*John L. Wingfield, M. D.	8	
1812.		1821.
*Nathaniel Ashley.		*Robert W. Mechlin.
*Richard Jones.		*Eugenius A. Nisbet, LL: D.,
*Weldon Jones.		Trustee; Mem. U. S. Congress;
*Thomas F. Foster, Trustee; Member U. S. Congress.	4	Mem C. S. Congress; Judge Su- preme Court.
1813.		*Alfred V. Scott.
1814.		1822.
*William Baldwin, M. D.		*Paul Coalson.
*Thaddeus G. Holt, Trustee; Judge Superior Court.		*William H. Jack.
*Milton Howard.		*Robert A. Jones.
*Asbury Hull, Tutor, Sec'y and Treas. of Board of Trustees, Speaker of House of Represent- atives.	4	*Wiley W. Mason, Chancellor Su- preme Court of Ala.
1815.		*James C. Patterson, D. D.
*John Irwin.		*Turner H. Trippe, Judge Su- perior Court.
*Henry Hull, M. D., Trustee; Prof. Math. and Astr.		*James P. Waddell, Prof. Ancient Languages.
*Archer F. Matthews.		*Benjamin F. Ward.
*Jabez P. Marshall.	4	*Lucius L. Wittich.
1816.		1823.
*Waters Briscoe.		*Thomas N. Beall.
*William C. Dawson, Trustee; Mem. U. S. Congress; Judge Su- perior Court; U. S. Senator.		*James N. Bethune.
*Ethelred Langston.		*Norman L. Chester, M. D.
*Miles C. Nisbet.		*William B. Cobb.
*Richard W. Randolph, M. D.	5	*George Foote.
1817.		*James A. Frierson.
1818.		*John H. Gray, D. D., President LaGrange Synodical College, Tenn.
1819.		*Iverson L. Harris, Trustee; Judge Superior Court; Judge Supreme Court.
		*John S. Lewis.
		*James C. Martin.
		*Thomas J. Meriwether.
		*William Roberts.
		*John G. Rutherford.
		*Richard T. Sankey, M. D.
		*James Scott.
		*James S. Sims, M. D.
		*Isaac W. Waddell.
		*William W. Waddell, M. D.
		*Claiborn A. Watkins, M. D.
		*Ernest L. Wittich.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1824.

- *David Beck.
- *Abram B. Dale.
- *Benjamin C. Franklin, Judge Sup'r Court, Texas.
- *Richard K. Hines.
- *Hines Holt, Mem. U. S. Congress.
- *John H. Morton.
- *Hugh M. Neisler, M. D.
- *James O. Screeen.
- *Thomas A. Watkins, M. D.
- *Oliver Wiley.

10

1825.

- *Edmond Atkinson.
- *John Campbell.
- *William Dougherty, Trustee.
- *John F. Hillyer, D.D., LL.D.
- *Hugh A. Haralson, Mem. U. S. Congress.
- *Kinchen L. Haralson.
- *James W. Harris.
- *William L. Harris, Judge Supreme Court of Mississippi.
- *George Graves.
- *John J. Hunt.
- *William L. Mitchell, LL.D., Trustee; Professor of Law.
- *Henry H. Means.
- *William C. Micou.
- *Adrian N. Mayer.
- *Henry J. Pope.
- *Benjamin C. Pope.
- *John Sankey.
- *Reuben Y. Reynolds, M. D.
- *Ferdinand Sims.
- *Albert P. Torrence.
- *George J. S. Walker.
- *James B. Walker, M. D.
- *William E. Walker.
- *William N. Walker.
- *Edward R. Ware, M. D.
- *Edward H. Wingfield.
- *Middleton Witt.

27

1826.

- *Joseph H. Blackshear.
- *Thomas J. Bryan.
- *John A. Campbell, LL. D.; Mem. Alabama Legislature; Colonel in Indian War, 1836; Associate Justice Supreme Court U. S.; Ass't. Sec'y State Confederate States.

*Robert Caldwell.

*Hamden C. Carter.

*Daniel Chandler, Mem. Alabama Legislature.

*John A. Cowles, M. D.

*Robert Dougherty, Judge Superior Court of Alabama.

*Charles H. Dupont, Judge Superior Court of Florida; Judge Supreme Court of Florida.

*Paul F. Eve, M. D.; Professor Surgery Georgia Med. Coll.; do. Louisville Med. Coll.; do. Missouri Med. Coll.; Professor Operative Surgery Nashville University.

*William E. Jones, Mem. U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court of Texas.

*Ezekiel Lamar, M. D.

*Thomas McGruder.

*Richard H. Meriwether.

*James A. Meriwether, Mem. U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court

*Benjamin T. Mosely.

*William H. R. Mosely.

*Augustin Owen, M. D.

*William H. Paine.

*William H. Reynolds.

*Hezekiah W. Rice.

*Addison R. Semple.

*Isaac R. Walker.

23

1827.

*Erasmus L'Acée.

*Augustin S. Clayton.

*George R. Clayton.

*Nathaniel W. Cocke.

*Stewart Floyd.

*Leonidas Franklin.

*George Hargraves.

*Abram S. Hill, M. D.

*Henry P. Hill.

*Serenus A. Mayer.

*William B. McKigney, M. D.

*Benning B. Moore

*Giles Mitchell.

*Hugh W. Nesbitt.

*John Rutherford.

*David L. Sherrill.

*Robert A. Ware, M. D.

*Thomas B. White.

*William White.

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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1828.

- *John B. Barnard, Trustee.
- *Timothy G. Barnard, M. D.
- *James J. Bryan.
- *Thomas E. Blackshear.
- *John A. Calhoun.
- *Samuel J. Cassells, D. D.
- *Edmond B. Cobb.
- *Lowry L. DeGraffenreid.
- *Elam A. Erwin.
- *John J. Floyd, Judge Superior Court.
- *George H. Harris.
- *Sampson W. Harris, Mem. Congress from Alabama.
- *John R. Hayes
- *Junius Hillyer, Solicitor-General; Judge Superior Court; Trustee; Mem. U. S. Congress; Solicitor U. S. Treasury.
- *Joseph A. Kenney.
- *John Lamar.
- *Henry C. Lea.
- *Aaron L. Lewis.
- *William B. Lumpkin.
- *Ebenezer McKinley.
- *Archelus H. Mitchell, D. D.
- *Briggs H. Moultrie.
- *George M. Newton, M. D., Prof. Anatomy Georgia Med. Coll.
- *John B. Pinney, M. D., Governor of Liberia, Africa.
- *Andrew G. Semmes.
- *John Stoney.
- *Austin M. Walker, M. D.

27

1829.

- *James Adams
- *William E. Adams.
- *Gray A. Chandler.
- *Nathaniel M. Crawford, D. D., President of Mercer Univ.; Prof. Moral Phil. Univ. Miss.; Prof. Theological Seminary, Georgetown, Ken.
- *John M. Cuyler, M. D.; Surgeon of U. S. Mil. Acad., at West Point.
- *Edward J. Erwin.
- *William B. Flournoy.
- *William E. Fullwood, M. D.
- *George F. Heard.

- Shaler G. Hillyer, D. D.*, Atlanta, Ga., Tutor; Prof. Mercer Univ.
- *Samuel T. Lawrence, M. D.
- *Richard D. Moore, M. D., Trustee; Prof. Med. Jurisprudence.
- *Isaac N. Moreland.
- *Edward C. Paine.
- *George F. Pierce, D. D., LL. D., Trustee; President Emory Coll.; Bishop Methodist Episcopal Church, South.
- *Thomas F. Scott, D. D., Bishop Protestant Episcopal Church, Oregon.
- *William W. Smith.
- *John B. Trippe, A. M., Treasurer State of Georgia.
- *William J. Vason.
- *John N. Waddell, D. D., LL. D., Prof. Ancient Languages, Univ. Miss.; President LaGrange Synodical Coll., Tenn.; Chancellor Univ. of Miss.; Chancellor Southwestern Univ., Clarksville, Tenn.
- *John D. Watts.

21

1830.

- *Benjamin B. Beall.
- *John M. Borders, M. D.
- *Thomas W. Dyer.
- *Abram B. Elliott.
- *Nathaniel G. Foster, Mem. U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court.
- *Marcus A. Franklin, M. D.
- *Joseph Griffin.
- *Alexander Grinnage.
- *Francis R. Goulding.
- *Hugh L. Henderson.
- *Edward N. Heron.
- *Charles W. Howard.
- *William H. Hunt, Prof. Mathematics, Georgia Mil. Institute.
- *Robert B. Houghton.
- *William McElroy.
- *Felix G. McKinne.
- *William McKinley.
- *Albert G. Semmes, A. M., Judge Superior Court of Florida.
- *James M. Smythe.
- *George McD. Vance.
- *David White.
- *Amos Whitehead.
- *Frederick D. Wimberly.

23

	1831.	
*Robert E. Belcher.		C. S. Treasury; U. S. Consul to Callao, Peru.
*John S. Dobbins.		*James C. Cosby.
*Theodore M. Dwight.		*Adam G. Foster.
*Bolling Hall.		*Bedney Franklin.
*Bennett Harris, M. D.		*James F. W. Freeman.
*James W. Harris.		*James H. George.
*Henry W. Kneeland.		*John T. Grant, Mem. Ga. Legislature.
*Thomas J. Moore, Lawyer.		*John J. Gresham, Trustee; President Board of Trustees.
*James A. Nisbet.		*Bernard E. Habersham.
*Samuel B. Robertson.		*Edward R. Harden, Judge Superior Court of Nebraska.
*Todd Robinson.		*William H. Harris.
*Samuel Rutherford.		*Daniel Ingles.
*Joseph B. Saffold, Montgomery, Ala., Lawyer; Mem. Ala. Legislature Chancellor Supreme Court of Ala.		*Colden R. Ketchum.
*Ebenezer Starnes, Judge Superior Court; Judge Supreme Court.		*Allen B. Means.
*William Taylor, Judge Superior Court		*James S. Pinkard.
*William P. White		*Abner B. Powers, Judge Superior Court
*William W. Wiggins.	17	*Henry Saunders, M. D.
	1832.	17
*John W. Baker, Prof. Ancient Lang. Oglethorpe University.		*Henry L. Benning, Judge Supreme Court; Brig.-Gen. C S. A.
*William H. Crawford.		*Moses L. Barron, M. D.
*Robert M. Gunby.		*Edwin Carter.
*Joseph J. Hutchinson.		*Howell Cobb, Trustee; Sol.-Gen.; Mem. U. S. Congress; Governor of Georgia; Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives; Secretary U. S. Treasury; President Provisional Congress of the Confederate States; Col-16th Ga.; Brig.-Gen. and Major. Gen. C S. A.
*James Johnson, Member U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court; Provisional Governor of Georgia.		*Thomas M. Cobb.
*William LeConte.		*John R. Dyer.
*John W. Lumpkin.		*James F. Gibert.
*John B. Mallard.		*Henry S. Glover.
*Telemachus F. Montgomery.		*Henry M. Jackson, M. D.
*John R. Reid.		*Herschel V. Johnson, Mem. U. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court; Governor of Georgia.
*Alexander H. Stephens, Trustee; Mem. U. S. Congress; Vice-President of Confederate States; Mem. U. S. Congress; Governor of Georgia.		*John O. H. Lillibridge.
*Henry P. Thomas, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Col C. S. A.; killed in battle of Knoxville.		*William H. McBryde.
*Stevens Thomas, Trustee; Sec'y. So. Mut. Ins. Co.	13	*Charles G. McKinley.
	1833.	*William H. Meriwether, M. D.
*Philip Clayton, Auditor U. S. Treasury; Assistant Secretary		*John T. Milledge.
		*Augustus Reese, Judge Superior Court.
		*James H. Saye.
		*Michael C. Summerlin.
		*Francis J. Walker.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1835.

- *Francis S. Bartow, Mem. Provisional Congress, Confederate States; Col. C. S. A.; killed in battle of Manassas.
- *Walter R. Branham, D. D., Oxford, Ga.
- *John D. Diomatari, U. S. Consul to Athens, Greece.
- *David Finley, D. D.
- Robert Iverson.
- *David H. Janes.
- *Crawford W. Long, M. D., Athens, Discoverer of Anæsthesia.
- *Erasmus L. Ragan.
- *William G. Smith.
- *Samuel M. Strong.
- *James D. Thomas.
- *John J. A. Thomas.
- *George M. Troupe
- *Charles W. West, M. D., Prof. Chemistry, Geo. Med. Col. and Savannah Medical College.
- *John H. Whitehead.
- *Junius A. Wingfield.
- *Grafton D. Woodbridge.

17

1836.

- *Augustus O. Bacon.
- *James W. Bailey.
- *Francis G. Baldwin.
- *James F. Bonner.
- *Edmond W. Butt.
- *James C. Chalmers.
- *Andrew J. Cook.
- *Josiah W. Dunham.
- *James S. Hamilton, M. D., Trustee.
- Jeptha V. Harris, Atlanta, Ga., Planter; Mem. Legislature Miss.; State Senator; Colonel C. S. A.
- *Stephen W. Harris.
- William A. Jarrett, M. D., Millidgeville, Ga.
- *John Jones, D. D., Chaplain of the Senate
- *Joseph Law.
- *William H. Lee.
- *William S. Lowry, Professor of Latin, Erskine College, S. C.
- *Thomas L. McBryde, D. D., Missionary to China.
- *John McKittrick.

28

1837.

- *William Banks.
- *William J. Bulloch
- *George W. Cooper.
- *J. R. Cunningham.
- *Telamon A. Cuyler.
- *James Jackson, LL. D., Trustee; Judge Superior Court; Mem. U. S. Congress; Justice Supreme Court.
- *Palæmon L. Janes, Professor Math., Mercer University.
- *David W. Lewis, Trustee; Mem. Legislature; Pres. State Agri. Society; Mem. Congress; Pres. N. Ga. A. & M. College.
- *Richard A. Milner.
- *Thomas A. Mitchell.
- *George W. McCay.
- *Benjamin P. Pressley, Judge Circuit Court of South Carolina.
- *John G. Shorter, Judge Superior Court of Alabama; Mem. Provisional Congress C. S.; Governor of Alabama.
- *Albert Williams.
- *Augustin S. Wingfield, Solicitor-General.

16

1838.

- *Edmund Anderson, Terry, Ala.
- *Lewis Anderson, M. D.
- *Milton E. Bacon, Pres. Female Colleges LaGrange, Ga., Aberdeen, Miss., Winona, Miss.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

- *James A. Bradley.
- *Edward P. Clayton.
- *Robert Donald.
- *Abram B. Fall.
- *William R. Gignilliat, State Senator.
- *John M. Giles.
- *William P. Garrison, Uchee Anna, W. Florida.
- *William Hope Hull, Prof. of Law; U. S. Solicitor.
- *Isaiah T. Irvin, Speaker of House Ga. Legislature.
- John H. Jones, Merchant, Elberton, Ga.
- *Jones J. Kendrick, Pres. E. Ala. R. R.
- *John LeConte, M. D., LL. D., Prof. Nat. Phil. and Chem.; Lecturer on Chem., College of Physicians and Surgeons, N. Y.; Superintendent Confederate States Nat. and Mining Bureau, 1863-1865; Prof. Nat. Phil., University of South Carolina; Prest. of the University of California.
- *William R. Lowery, M. D.
- *Alexander H. Matthews.
- Albert O. Mosely, Eatonton, Planter; State Senator.
- *James P. McMullen; killed in battle.
- Benjamin M. Palmer, D. D., LL. D., New Orleans, La.; Prof. in Theological Seminary, Columbia, S. C.; Chosen Prof. of Hebrew in Danville Theological Seminary, Ky.; Pastoral Theology in Seminary at Princeton, N. J.; Chancellor Southwestern Presbyterian University at Clarkesville, Tenn.; Professor of Pastoral Theology in Seminary at Columbia, S. C., all of which he declined; Moderator of the first Southern Assembly, 1861.
- *Ferdinand Phinizy, Trustee.
- Williams Rutherford, Athens, Ga.; Prof. of Mathematics
- Shelton P. Sanfod', LL. D., Macon, Ga., Prof. Mathematics, Mercer University.
- *James D. Sharpe.
- *Patrick H. Shields.
- *Peter Winn.

26

1839.

- *Alexander S. Atkinson.
- *Burwell A. Brown.
- William H. Dabney, Rome, Ga.; Mem. Secession Convention; Lawyer; Mem. Senate of Georgia.
- *Jesse S. Felder.
- *Elijah W. Harris.
- *Paul Johnson.
- *Joseph B. Jones.
- *Thomas C. Nisbet.
- *John Phinizy.
- Alexander M. Speer, Madison, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Senator; Judge Superior Court; Colonel C. S. A.; Associate Justice Supreme Court.
- *Robert P. Trippe, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Mem. U. S. and C. S. Congress; Associate Justice Supreme Court.
- *Benjamin F. Whitner, Sanford, Fla., Planter.

12

1840.

- Sumner W. Baker.
- Andrew Baxter, Atlanta, Ga.
- *Benjamin C. Bonner.
- *Augustin L. Borders.
- *James Brownlee.
- *Joseph H. Echols, Mem. C. S. Congress.
- *Louis Goneke.
- *Milton A. Graham.
- *Claudius B. Gray.
- *James W. Greene, Judge Superior Court.
- *Jeremiah Kendall.
- *William H. Mosely.
- *William J. Perdue, Tutor.
- Joseph D. Pope, LL. D., Columbia, S. C.; Mem. Secession Convention; Mem. S. C. Legislature; State Senator; Prof. of Law S. C.; College.
- *John W. Quarterman.
- *Thomas P. Saffold, Madison, Ga., Planter.
- *William C. Stevens.
- *Thomas O. P. Vernon, Judge Circuit Court of S. C.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

**William Williams, D. D.*, Prof.
Theology. Mercer Univ.; Prof
So. Baptist Theol. Sem., Green
ville, S. C.
**William W. Winn.*

20

1841.

**Joseph A. Anderson.*

John Anderson.

**Solomon Baynard*

**Thomas R. R. Cobb*, Lawyer;
Trustee; Prof Law School;
Mem. Secession Convention;
Mem. Provisional Congress of
the Confederate States; Colonel
Cobb's Legion; Brig.-Gen'l C.
S. A.; killed in battle at Fred-
ricksburg, Va.

John P. Culbertson

**Luther J. Glenn*, Lawyer; Colo-
nel, C. S. A.

Joseph B. Gibert.

**Samuel Hall*, Trustee; Associate
Justice Supreme Court.

**Charles B. Jones.*

**Ulysses R. King.*

William W. Knox.

Joseph LeConte M. D., LL. D.,
Berkely, Cal.; Prof. Nat. Sci-
ence, Oglethorpe Univ.; Prof.
Natural Science, Univ. of
Ga.; Prof. Chem. and Geol., S.
C. Coll.; Prof. Chem. and
Geol., Univ. of California.

**Louis LeConte.*

**George R. McCalla.*

John L. Mallard.

Gideon A. Mallette.

**Zachariah L. Nabors.*

Henry Newton, Athens, Ga.

**John N. Newton.*

**William H. Newton*, M. D.

William H. Norman.

Jonathan W. Williams.

Thomas S. Winn, Stewart's Sta-
tion, Ala.

23

1842.

**Alexander A. Allen*, Judge Su-
perior Court.

**Henry M. Anderson.*

Thomas A. Baynard.

**Alfred Buckner.*

Thomas W. Carr, Tallahassee, Fla.,
Planter.

James C. Cooke.

**Jackson C. Curry*, Captain C. S.
A.; died in service.

William H. Felton, M. D., Car-
tersville, Ga.; Mem. U. S.
Congress; Mem. Legislature.

**Albert C. Garlington*, Brig.-Gen'l
C. S. A.

James Graves.

**Thomas A. Hamilton.*

John H. Harper.

**Stephen W. Harris.*

**Henry Hull*, Jr., Banker, Trustee.

**James R. McCarter.*

**Peyton C. Moore*, Merchant.

Elisha Strong, M. D., West Point,
Miss.

**John C. Vason.*

**James N. West.*

John M. White.

John W. Wofford.

21

1843.

**George W. Allen*, Mem. Alabama
Legislature.

**James H. Anderson.*

Samuel K. Borders, Alabama,
Farmer.

**John L. Byrd*, Senator Georgia
Legislature.

Jabez Lamar Monroe Curry, LL.
B., LL. D., D. D., Washington,
D. C.; in Mexican war, 1846;
Mem. Alabama Legislature;
Mem. U. S. Congress; Mem.
C. S. Congress; Colonel C. S. A.;
President of Howard College,
Alabama; Prof. English and
Philosophy, and President Board
of Trustees Richmond College;
U. S. Minister to Spain; Gen'l
Agent Peabody Education Fund
and the Slater Fund.

**Robert J. Henderson*, Covington,
Ga., Lawyer; Judge County
Court; Brig.-Gen'l C. S. A.

James F. King.

**Samuel D. Kirkpatrick.*

**James LaRoche*, Planter, Darien,
Ga.

**Lafayette Lamar*, Captain C. S.
A.; died in service.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

William Lundy, McElroy, Ga.,
Judge County Court; Planter.

*Lawson G. McElvey.

*James Morrow, M. D.

*Edward H. Pottle, Mem. Legislature; Senator; Judge Superior Court; Captain 5th Ga., C. S. A.; Colonel Ga. State Troops.

*Linton Stephens, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Colonel C. S. A.; Associate Justice Supreme Court.

*William T. Stokes.

*Joel L. Turner, M. D., Hartwell, Ga.

Thomas W. White, Hernando, Miss., Lawyer; Mem. Miss. Legislature.

18

1844.

*Peter W. Alexander, Journalist.

*John Ashley.

John M. Billups, Columbus, Miss., Banker; Planter.

Eli H. Glover.

*James L. Grant.

*Benjamin H. Hill, Trustee; Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Senator; C. S. Senator; Mem. U. S. Congress; U. S. Senator.

*H. H. Jones, Macon, Ga., Journalist.

*Benjamin Jordan, Planter.

Archibald G. McLeroy.

*John R. Norton.

*John Rucker.

*William Screven.

*James H. Towns.

*Dickinson H. Walker, Monroe, Ga., Lawyer; Sol.-Gen'l; Mem. Legislature; Major C. S. A.

14

1845.

*William Ashley, M. D.

Joel Abbott Billups, Madison, Ga., Lawyer and Planter; Trustee; State Senator.

*William T. Bailey, M. D.

William W. Carr, M. D., Calvary, Ga.

*William A. Dunn, M. D.

*Joseph T. Elston, M. D.

*Alexander A. F. Hill, M. D.; Surgeon U. S. Army; Captain C. S. A.

Robert R. Howard, Union Springs, Ala., Lawyer; Planter.

William L. Jones, Atlanta, Ga., M. D., Prof. Nat. Science; Director Ga. Experiment Station.

*Charles B. King.

*Henry R. J. Long, Athens, Ga., M. D., Surgeon C. S. A.; Physician and Plauter.

Edward P. Harrison, D. D., Harrisonburg, Va., Prof. Louisiana State College, Prest. Austin College, Texas

Thoinas B. Phinizy, M. D., Augusta, Ga., Planter.

*Thomas G. Pond, Tutor.

*George C. Whatley, Mem. Ala. Legislature; Major C. S. A., killed in battle.

*Nathaniel J. Way, Planter.

16

1846.

*William H. Allen.

*Daniel D. Bacot, M. D.

*Samuel J. Bailey.

William S. Basinger, Athens, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Major 18th Ga., C. S. A.; Lieut.-Col. Sav. Vol. Guards; Pres. N. G. A. & M. College.

John R. Blake, Prof. of Nat. Phil. LaGrange; Synodical College, Tenn.; Prof. Nat. Phil. and Chairman of Faculty, Davidson College, N. C.

James A. Carlton, Athens, Merchant.

*James G. Collier.

*George O. Dawson.

*William G. Delony, Tutor; Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Colonel C. S. A.; killed in battle.

*Charles H. Dendy.

*Henry M. Dunwoody; killed in battle.

Eugene W. Harris, Atlanta, Ga.

*John Hurt, Atlanta, Banker.

*George M. T. Hurt, Atlanta, Banker.

Thomas A. Hoyt, D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

*Abda Johnson, Lawyer; Trustee; Col. 40th Ga. C. S. A.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

- *Elijah C. Jones, M. D.
- *Henry M. Law, Lawyer.
- William A. Lofton, Lawyer, Macon.
- Thomas B. Moss, Lexington, Ga. Teacher.
- *Reuben P. Peoples.
- *Benjamin Screven, Capt. C. S. A.; died in service.
- *John M. Ware.
- James W. Warren, Atlanta, Secretary Executive Department.

24

1847.

- *William W. Anderson.
- *Henry H. Bacon, Mem. Legislature.
- *Lucius H. Briscoe, Lawyer.
- Alonzo W. Church, Lawyer; Tutor Univ. Ga., Washington, D. C.
- *Ira E. DuPre, M. D.
- Sylvester J. Farmer, M. D.
- Leonidas C. Ferrill, M. D.
- *Wesley P. Gahagan.
- *Alexander C. Hanson, M. D.
- *George G. Hull, Civil Engineer; Sup't. A. & W. P. R. R.
- *William B. Jones, M. D.
- Samuel E. Kerr.

Robert J. Morgan, Judge of Chancery Court, Tenn.

*Bolling A. Stovall.

*Ezekiel H. Taylor.

Joseph N. Whitner, Lake City, Fla., Prof. State College of Fla.

16

1848.

- *Gerard W. Allen. Killed in Battle.
- *Robert E. Allen.
- *Cornelius Ashley, M. D.
- *James Bancroft.
- *Thomas U. Camak, Capt. C. S. A.; killed in battle of Gettysburg.
- *Madison D. Cody, killed in battle of Crampton's Gap.
- *Eugenius L. Douglass.
- *Marcellus Douglass, Trustee; Lawyer; killed in battle of Sharpsburg.
- *Charles A. A. Dunwoody.
- Charles S. Hardee, Savannah, City Treasurer.
- Lucius M. Hart.

- Wm. L. Lampkin, Dalton, Ga., Banker.
- Winfield S. Lampkin, Merchant, Auburn, Ala.
- William W. Lumpkin, Atlanta, Capt. C. S. A.; Prof. of Eng. Lit.
- *Augustus M. McIver.
- *Richard H. McLeod.
- *Benjamin T. Mosely.
- *James O. Moss.
- *Joseph J. Singleton.
- *William A. Stokes.
- *Frederick R. Tarver; killed in battle.
- *Beverly A. Thornton, Columbus, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Capt. C. S. A.
- *John M. Tilley; killed in battle.
- James S. Walker.
- William D. Williams, Macon, Prof. Latin Emory College; Sup't of Georgia Asylum for the Blind.

25

1849.

- *Matthew Ashley.
- Edward Bancroft, Athens, Ga., Planter.
- Gustavus H. Bates, M. D., Covington, Ga.
- *Richard H. Bellamy.
- Isaac L. Bolton, Hickory, Miss., Planter; Probate Judge; Mem. Miss. Legislature.
- Morgan P. Calloway, D. D., Oxford, Ga., Vice-Pres. and Prof. Latin, Emory College; Pres. LaGrange Female College; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1865.
- *Charles W. Carey.
- *John R. Church, Lieut. U.S.A., Capt. C. S. A; died in service.
- *Ephraim L. Davis.
- *Edgar G. Dawson, M. D.
- *William E. DuBoise.
- Joseph Ganahl, Augusta, Lawyer; Major C. S. A.; U. S. District Attorney.
- *Robert C. Hall.
- *William T. Harris, Lawyer; Col. 2d Ga. Regt.; killed in battle.
- *John W. Hill, M. D., Planter.
- Wm. W. Hill, Planter, Washington, Ga.

- *Calvin E Johnston, Planter.
- *Woodford A Johnston, Planter.
- George W. Means, Ocala, Fla., Lawyer.
- Hugh N Mitchell, M. D., Hoschton, Ga., Physician; Surgeon C. S. A.
- *Adiel S. Moseley, M. D.
- *Tignell L. Moss, Planter.
- *George W. Norman.
- *Thomas J. Nuckolls.
- *Shelton Oliver.
- *Simeon Oliver.
- Benjamin H Pope, Panola Co., Miss., Planter.
- A. F Pope, Crawford, Ga., Planter; Captain C. S A.; Judge Inf. Court; Mem. Legislature.
- *George S. Riley.
- *Robert Thomas, Planter; Major C. S. A.
- *William R. Waring.
- Richard H. Wood, Morgan Co., Ga., Farmer.
- *John M. Wright.

34

1850.

- *Thomas J. H. Anderson, Planter.
- Emory F. Anderson*, Atlanta, Merchant.
- *John D. Barnard, M. D.
- *Henry C. Billups, Col. C. S. A.
- *Thomas L. Cooper, Lawyer; Major C. S. A.; killed in battle.
- James D. Frederick, Marshallville, Ga., Major C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Planter.
- William D Hoyt, M. D., Rome, Ga., Surgeon C. S. A.
- William King, M. D., Atlanta, Ga., General Supt. Internal Revenue Service.
- Washington L. Lang.
- *Robert Q. Mallard.
- William H. Milton, Marianna, Fla., Major C. S. A.; Judge Court Probate; States Attorney; Mem. Legislature of Fla.
- *Sempronius Moody.
- *Charles A. Redd.

- William Reid, Washington, D. C., Lawyer; Editor; Col. C S. A.; in Government service.
- *Martin W. Riden, Lawyer; Clerk Circuit Court of Utah
- *Richard D B. Taylor.
- *Robert G Taylor.
- John W Walker.
- Thacker V. Walker, M. D., Texas.

19

1851.

- Robert J. Bacon, Albany, Ga., Clerk R. R. Commission; Mem. Legislature and Senator.
- Nathaniel L. Barnard, Savannah, Lawyer.
- *William C. Bellamy, M. D. Atlanta, Ga., Surgeon C S. A.
- *David T. Blakely, M. D.
- Samuel Boykin*, D. D., Nashville, Tenn.; Editor and Author.
- Francis Canahil, San Francisco, Cal., Lawyer.
- *Thomas S. Hardee, M. D., Engineer C. S. A.
- *William T. Harris.
- *George T. Landrum..
- William P. McWhorter, Woodville, Ga., Merchant and Planter.
- Cicero A. Mitchell*, Athens.
- *Thomas G. Moffett, A. M.
- *Charles D. Moore.
- John W. Park, Greenville, Ga., Tutor in Mathematics; Lawyer; Major C. S. A.
- *Edward W. Pou, Smithfield, N. C., Mem. Legislature N. C.; Lawyer and Planter.
- *James H. Phinizy.
- *Reuben O. Reynolds, Aberdeen, Colonel C. S. A.; Lawyer; Attorney-General Miss.; Reporter Supreme Court; Lieut.-Governor.
- John N. Slaughter, M. D., Lafayette, Ala.
- *James I. Snider, M. D.
- *Joseph H. Stovall, Commission Merchant.
- *James Taylor.
- *Edward D. Tracy, Lawyer, Judge Superior Court of Alabama.; Brig.-Gen'l C. S. A.; killed in battle of Port Gibson, Miss.

23

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1852.

- Edward W. Abrahams.
 *Young J. Anderson, Major C. S. A.; died in service.
 Joseph G. Blount, Gadsden, Ala., Farmer.
 *Samuel W. Bowen, Lieut. U. S. A.; Brig.-Gen. C. S. A.; killed in battle.
 James S. Cothran, Abbeville, S. C., Lawyer; Judge Circuit Court, S. C.; Mem. U. S. Congress; Captain S. C. A.; Div. Counsel Southern Railway.
 *John A. Comer, M. D.
 Wade A. Culbertson.
 John F. Douglass, Major Nicaraguan Army.
 William E. Epps, A. M., Clarkesville.
 Nathaniel J. Hammond, A. M., Atlanta, Lawyer; Sol.-Gen.; Reporter Supreme Court; Attorney-Gen. State of Georgia; Mem. Const. Con. of 1865 and 1877, Mem. U. S. Congress; Chairman Board of Trustees.
 *Leroy W. Hayes, Merchant.
 James L. Heard, Elberton, Ga., Mem. Legislature, Planter.
 *James A. Hill.
 *William C. Jennings, Merchant.
 *Julian T. Johnson, Planter.
 *Andrew M. Jones.
 Walter G. Jordan, Jasper county, Planter.
 *Lucius M. Lamar, Hawkinsville, Ga., Col. 8th Ga. Reg., C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; Senator.
 *Edward P. Lumpkin, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Captain C. S. A.
 John B. McGehee, Savannah, Ga., Pres. Gordon Institute.
 *John McMillan, Planter.
 Henry T. Massengale, St. Louis, Mo., Merchant; Major C. S. A.
 Anderson W. Reese, Macon, Ga., Lawyer; Editor; Lieut. 15th Ga., C. S. A.
 John R. Respass, Butler, Ga.
 Thomas F. Screven, M. D., Savannah, Planter.
 *John J. Thomas, Athens, Planter.
 *William H. Waddell, Prof. Ancient Languages.
 Josiah L. Warren, Savannah, Ga., Commission Merchant; Mem. Const. Con. 28
 1853.
 George T. Barnes, Augusta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Mem. U. S. Congress; Col. C. S. A.
 John S. Baxter, M. D., Macon, Merchant.
 James H. Bowen, M. D.
 Richard Burroughs, M. D.
 *Joseph M. Cary.
 *Thomas J. Charlton, M. D., Assist. Surgeon U. S. Navy; Physician.
 *Allen E. Cochran, Lawyer; Mem. C. S. Congress; Judge Superior Court.
 *John F. Cooper, Captain C. S. A.; killed at Manassas.
 Leroy C. Dennis, Eatonton, Ga.
 *John H. Echols.
 John L. Felder, M. D., Texas.
 *Charles T. Goode, Lawyer; Trustee; Col. C. S. A.
 Edward S. Hammond, M. D.
 Isaac S. Hardeman, Macon, Lawyer.
 Burwell P. Hill, Washington, Ga., Planter.
 Robert H. Howard.
 Henry F. Hoyt, D. D., Elberton, Ga., Chaplain C. S. A.
 *Andrew J. Johnson.
 John E. Jones, Robinson Springs, Ala., Planter.
 *William H. Kerr.
 William H. M. King.
 *James N. LeConte, M. D.
 *Antony McCulloch, Lawyer.
 *James Marks.
 *Valerius C. Mason.
 Thomas J. Neel.
 Edward P. Newton, Social Circle, Ga., Farmer.
 Charles H. Phinizy, Augusta, Col. C. S. A.; President Ga. R. R., Atlanta & W. Pt. R. R. & W. R. R. of Ala.
 *Jacob Riley.
 *Frederick W. Sims.
 James M. Turman.
 *James D. Waddell, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Col. C. S. A.
 James W. Walker.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Roger L. Whigham.
 John C. Whitner, Atlanta, Ga.,
 Major C. S. A.; Editor; Insurance.
 35
 1854.

Dunstan M. Banks, Opelika, Ala.,
 Teacher; President Opelika Seminary.

*Robert D. Blackshear.
 *Edward N. Brown.
 *Gustavus A. Bull, Lawyer; Colonel C. S. A.; killed at Seven Pines.

Thomas B. Cabaniss, Forsyth, Ga., Lawyer; Sol.-Gen.; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Mem. U. S. Congress.

Milton A. Candler, Decatur, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Colonel C. S. A.; Mem. U. S. Congress.

*Benjamin E. Crane, Merchant; Major C. S. A.

*Jacob P. H. Cul'er, M. D.
 Joseph B. Cumming, Augusta, Ga., Lawyer; Speaker of House Georgia Legislature; State Senator; Lieut.-Col. C. S. A.; Trustee.

Thomas M. Daniel, Harmony Grove, Ga.; Lawyer; Sol.-Gen.; Capt. C. S. A.; Merchant.

Morton Fouche, Chattanooga, Tenn., Capitalist.

*Willis J. Gorham.
 *Cincinnatus S. Guyton, Lawyer; Col. C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; State Senator.

David B. Hamilton, Rome, Ga., Lawyer and Planter; Trustee; Mem. Const. Con., 1877.

*George E. Heard, Planter.
 *James C. Henderson.

*Peyton C. Holt.
 *Thaddeus G. Holt, Lawyer; Planter; Captain C. S. A.; Trustee; Judge County Court.

William F. Holt, M. D., Macon, Ga.; Surgeon C. S. A.; Pres. Georgia Medical Association.

*John Harvey Hull, Lawyer; Captain C. S. A.

*Randall Jones.

William G. Kendrick, Crawfordville, Ga.
 *Madison L. Lenoir.
 Nimrod W. E. Long.
 *John F. Mitchell.
 *Thomas H. Mitchell.
 Peyton B. Philpot, Blakely, Ga.
 *George S. Stovall; killed at Manassas.
 *Jessie M. Turpin, Planter.
 *Dennis M. Wade.
 *Thomas W. Walker, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
 Jesse A. Walton, Grovetown, Ga., Planter.
 *Richard F. Woolfolk, Planter.
 *William H. Young.

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1855.

Alexander Atkinson.
 *Edwin G. Baxter.
 Edward K. Bozeman, M. D., Draneville, Ga.
 Felix P. Brown.
 *Walter S. Chisolm, Savannah, Judge City Court; Major C. S. A.
 William A. Clark.
 Samuel J. Dean.
 Samuel Eberhart, Columbus.
 H. W. DeSassure Ford, M. D., Augusta, Surgeon C. S. A.; Dean Med. College University of Georgia.
 *Robert D. Fudge.
 *Eben G. Law, Lawyer.
 *Robert C. McGough.
 Alexander McMullen.
 *Jerome C. Matthews, Teacher.
 *J. Audley Maxwell, Civil Engineer.
 Elbert Miller.
 *James H. Neal.
 Joseph J. Norton, Wallalla, S. C., Lawyer; Colonel C. S. A.; Judge Circuit Court, S. C.; Mem. S. C. Legislature.
 Henry Persons, Talbotton, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Congress.
 George W. Philpot.
 John A. Reid.
 *Dunlap Scott, Lawyer; Trustee; Mem. Legislature; Captain C. S. A.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

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| <p>*<i>Julius Stanley.</i>
 Joseph R. Tolbert.
 *<i>Benjamin F. Thompson.</i>
 *<i>David A. Walker.</i>
 *<i>William D. Wash,</i> Adjunct Prof. of Math.; died in service C. S. A.
 <i>Eliab H. Wells, M. D., Belton, Texas, Lieut. Engineers C. S. A.; Prof. Math. Texas Univ.; Civil Engineer; Pres. Baylor College.</i>
 28
 1856.</p> <p>*<i>Edward P. Beman, M. D.</i>
 <i>Thomas D. Biggs, Danielsville, Ga., Teacher.</i>
 *i<i>William M. Chase, Journalist; killed at Franklin, Tenn.</i>
 *i<i>Bennett H. Crawford, Columbus, Ga., Lawyer; Senator; Captain C. S. A.</i>
 <i>Jonathan B. S. Davis, Newnan, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Const. Con., 1865.</i>
 *i<i>J. Andrew Dunn, Merchant.</i>
 <i>Francis M. Green, Silverton, S. C.; Farmer.</i>
 <i>Elisha Jones Hall, M. D., Midway, La.</i>
 *i<i>James M. Hull, Planter.</i>
 <i>John T. Hurt, Maxey's, Ga., Planter; Mem. Legislature, Capt. C. S. A.</i>
 *i<i>Samuel J. Jones, Thomasville, Planter.</i>
 *i<i>John Lamar, Lawyer.</i>
 <i>William H. Mattox, Heardmont, Ga., Planter; Col. C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; Senator; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1877.</i>
 <i>James W. Moore, Hampton, S. C., Adjt.-Gen. C. S. A.; Major-Gen. S. C. State Militia.</i>
 <i>Edwin D. Newton, M. D., Athens, Ga., Surgeon C. S. A.</i>
 <i>Francis M. Potts, Atlanta, Ga., Merchant.</i>
 <i>William H. Sims Columbus, Miss., Lawyer; Colonel C. S. A., Lieut.-Governor Miss.; 1st Asst. Sec. Interior U. S.</i>
 *i<i>William T. Walton.</i>
 i<i>Richard M. Whitehead, killed at Front Royal.</i></p> | <p><i>Joseph H. Wilkins, Waynesboro, Ga., Lawyer.</i>
 *i<i>Lucien S. Wilson.</i>
 21
 1857.</p> <p>*<i>John R. Arrington.</i>
 *i<i>Jarrell Beasley.</i>
 <i>James H. Blount, Macon, Lawyer; Lieut.-Col. C. S. A.; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1865; Mem. U. S. Congress; Special Envoy to Hawaii.</i>
 *i<i>Amni D. Burns.</i>
 <i>Wilson D. Cheney.</i>
 *i<i>John L. Couper, Lawyer.</i>
 *i<i>John W. Hancock, Lawyer.</i>
 <i>Sampson W. Harris, Carrollton Ga., Lawyer; Col. C. S. A.; Sol.-Gen.; Judge Superior Court.</i>
 <i>Robert W. Heard.</i>
 *i<i>Ridgeway W. Hogan, Capt. C. S. A.</i>
 *i<i>Benoni L. Jones, Lawyer.</i>
 <i>Augustus H. Jordan.</i>
 *i<i>Barna McKinne, Major C. S. A.; died in service.</i>
 *i<i>William A. McTyer, Eufaula, Ala., Capt. C. S. A.</i>
 <i>Thomas A. Merritt.</i>
 *i<i>James W. Moore, Augusta, Merchant.</i>
 <i>James F. Park, Ph. D., LL. D., LaGrange; Teacher; Planter.</i>
 <i>Keith A. Quarterman, Sumter Co., Ga., Planter.</i>
 <i>John F. Smith, Oglethorpe Co., Planter; Capt. C. S. A.</i>
 <i>James H. Tankersley, killed at Chickamauga.</i>
 *i<i>John P. C. Whitehead, Lawyer.</i>
 21
 1858.</p> <p>*<i>Robert W. Adams, Teacher.</i>
 <i>Gilmer Banks, Tallasseee, Ala., Planter; State Senator.</i>
 <i>Stephen T. Beasley, M. D., Texas, Surgeon C. S. A.</i>
 *i<i>Augustus P. Hodo, Lawyer.</i></p> |
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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

*Robert C. Humber, Eatonton, Ga., Planter; Mem. Legislature; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1865; Lieut. C. S. A.; Trustee.	Ivey F. Thompson, Cedartown, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Sol.-Gen.; Captain C.S.A.
*William T. Mitchell, Lieut. C. S. A.; died in service.	John Y. Wood, Cedar Grove, Ga., Lawyer; Major C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; Senator.
*John R. North, Lawyer; Capt. C. S. A.; died in service.	18
*James M. Oliver, Capt. C. S. A.; died in service.	1860.
*William M. Pritchett, Capt. C. S. A.; died in service.	*William D. Anderson, Marietta, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Captain C. S. A.
*George G. Ragland, Capt. C. S. A.; killed in battle.	Richard B. Baxter, Sparta, Ga., Planter.
*William R. Roberts, C. S. A.; killed in battle.	Milton A. Brown.
*Joseph Taylor, Planter.	*John T. Burns, Lawyer; State Senator; Comptroller-General of Georgia.
	*John H. Cline.
	*William F. Crane, Planter.
	James E. Harper, Augusta, Ga., Lawyer; Sergeant-Major 27th Ga. C. S. A.
	Hugh N. Harris, M. D., Athens, Ga., Agent Georgia R. R.
	*James J. Head.
	*N. C. Kimball.
	William H. Lee, Columbus, Miss., Banker.
	*Frank Lumpkin, Lawyer.
	*Robert C. Lumpkin.
	William D. Mitchell, Thomasville, Ga., Lawyer; Col. C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature; Judge County Court.
	Thomas A. Murray, Marietta, Ga., Teacher.
	*Crawford J. Reese.
	*John C. Rutherford, Lawyer; Captain C. S. A.; Trustee.
	William A. Tennille, New York, Captain C. S. A.; Cotton Merchant.
	Edward J. Thomas, Savannah, Ga., Civil Engineer; Sup't. R. R.
	*John H. Thomas.
	*Robert S. Thomas, Texas.
	*Samuel S. Tumlin, Lawyer.
	John Weatherly, Jackson county, Ga., Teacher.
	A. Grattan Whitehead, M. D.; Waynesboro, Ga., Physician, Captain C. S. A.
	*Thomas Wray, Planter.

1859.

John Q. Adams, Washington, Ga., Teacher.

Augustus O. Bacon, Macon, Lawyer; Major C. S. A.; Trustee; Speaker of House Ga. Legislature.

Pope Barrow, Savannah, Ga., Lawyer; Capt. C. S. A.; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1877; Mem. Legislature; U. S. Senator; Pres. N. E. R. R.; Trustee. Winfield S. Bird, Lawyer; Consul U. S. to South America.

Lamar Cobb, Athens, Ga., Lawyer; Major C. S. A.; Trustee; Sec. and Treas. Board of Trustees.

John Gerdine, M.D., Athens, Ga., Physician.

*William G. Hill, Lawyer.

*D. C. Hodo, Lawyer.

E. C. Kinnibrew, Athens, Ga., Lawyer, Teacher.

*L. A. Lane, Lawyer.

*A. S. Mitchell.

*Thomas Mosely; killed in battle. Gustarus A. Nunnally, D. D., Memphis, Tenn., Pres. Mercer University.

John D. Pope, Los Angelos, Cal., Judge Superior Court of Georgia; U. S. District Attorney.

*Joseph W. Roberts.

R. D. Seals, Ala., Dentist.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. L.

- Augustus O. Bacon, *ante*.
 Pope Barrow, *ante*.
 *Pitt M. Brown.
 *R. A. Chambers, Captain C. S. A.; died in service.
 *J. M. Cleveland.
 Lamar Cobb, *ante*.
 *Virgil C. Cook.
 *James Gardner; killed in battle.
 *James G. George.
 *William Robert Gignilliat, Captain C. S. A.
 George G. Grattan, Harrisonburg, Va.
 *A. A. F. Hill, *ante*.
 Wiley C. Howard, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer; Capt. Cobb's Legion C. S. A.; Judge Court of Ordinary.
 *Winder P. Johnson, Jefferson Co., Ga.; Mem. Legislature.
 *Roswell King.
 *L. A. Lane.
 S. C. Mitchell.
 L. O. Niles.
 George L. Peavy, Greenville, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Senator.
 A. C. Perry, Newnan, Ga.
 *H. J. Randal.

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1861.

A. B.

- Jabez M. Brittain, Covington, Ga.
 Edward A. Carter, Waynesboro, Ga., Planter.
 Edward Y. Clarke, Atlanta, Editor, Col. C. S. A.
 R. A. Clayton, Cartersville, Ga., Merchant.
 *J. A. Foster, killed in battle at Santa Rosa Isl.-nd.
 G. C. Gairdner, killed in battle.
 J. J. F. Gore, Farmer.
 William A. Hemphill, Atlanta, Ga., Publisher; Bank President; Mayor of Atlanta.
 *Thomas J. Hester.
 *E. T. Lankford; killed in battle.
 T. N. McMullen.
 *J. H. McWhorter; killed in battle.

- *Benjamin Mell; killed in battle at Crampton's Gap.
 *Benjamin R. Moseley.
 G. C. Riley.
 J. J. Robinson.
 *George W. Rush, Capt. C. S. A.; killed in battle.
 J. N. Sheats, Oconee Co., Ga., Planter.
 F. M. Stovall, Augusta, Ga., Merchant.
 J. M. Ware.
 *George C. Walker; killed in battle.
 Harry Wells, Zebulon, Ga., Judge Court of Ordinary.

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B. L.

- Madison Bell, Atlanta, Ga., Major C. S. A.; Mem. Constitutional Convention, 1867; Comptroller-General of Ga.
 Hezekiah Bussey.
 Thos. B. Cox, McBean, Ga., Capt. Cobb's Legion C. S. A.; Farmer, M. J. Cofer, Eatonton, Ga.
 *Thomas Evans, Lieut. C. S. A.; died in service.
 S. J. Flynt.
 Joseph H. L. Gerdine, Macon, Ga., Lawyer.
 John W. Heidt, Atlanta, Ga., Lieut. C. S. A.; Sol.-Gen.; Chaplain Ga. Senate; Pres. LaGrange Female College; Regent S. W. University, Georgetown, Texas.
 Sylvester M. Herrington, Athens, Ga., Judge Court of Ordinary, U. S. Commissioner.
 Robert Humphries.
 Samuel Humphries, Miss.
 John T. Jordan, Sparta, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Capt. C. S. A.; Lawyer.
 F. L. Little, Sparta, Ga., Judge County Court.
 *Frank Lumpkin, *ante*.
 *Robert McCay, Baltimore, Md.
 G. E. Macon.
 *George W. Moore.
 Thomas F. Newell, Milledgeville, Planter; Capt. C. S. A.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

James M. Pace, Covington, Ga., Captain C. S. A.; Mem. Const. Con., 1877.		John O. Waddell, Atlanta, Ga., Farmer; Major C. S. A.; Pres. State Agri. Society.
V. A. S. Parks, Journalist.		Chas. N. West, Savanah, Lawyer.
W. J. Raines.	12	
Cosmo B. Richardson, Savannah, Captain C. S. A.		
John C. Rutherford, <i>ante</i> .		
James D. Rush, Butler, Ga., Judge Ordinary.	1863.	
*W. D. Seymour.		
Toombs Speerman, Social Circle.		
George D. Smith, Savannah, Ga.. Sol.-Gen'l.		
John H. Swearingen.		
*John H. Thomas.		
Ivey F. Thompson, <i>ante</i> .		
Wells Thompson.	2	
*Samuel S. Tumlin, <i>ante</i> .		
Benjamin M. Turner, Barnesville, Ga.	1864.	
F. H. Turnipseed.		
H. D. D. Twiggs, Augusta, Ga., Lieut.-Col. 1st Ga. C. S. A.; Judge Superior Court; Mem. Legislature.	1865.	
R. J. Walton.		
W. S. Walton.		
*W. W. Williamson, Captain 8th Ga. C. S. A.; Mem. Legislature.	1866.	
W. T. Wimberly, McBean, Ga., Farmer.		
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	1862.	
Thomas A. Barrow, Pelham, Ga., Captain C. S. A.		*Robert B. Gunby, Columbus.
William H. Bass, Atlanta, Civil Engineer.		Carlton Hillyer, Augusta, Auditor Ga. R. R.
*William H. Brooke.		Augustus L. Hull, Athens, Banker; Trustee; Sec. and Treas. Univ. of Ga.
John W. Brumby, Athens, Captain C. S. A.; Manufacturer.		*Francis A. Lipscomb, Adjunct Prof. Ancient Langs., and Prof. of Belles-Lettres.
Howell Cobb, Athens; Judge City Court; Captain C. S. A.; Trustee.		Samuel Lumpkin, Atlanta, Sol.-Gen'l; State Senator; Judge Superior Court; Associate Justice Supreme Court.
*John R. Crane, Merchant.		James R. McCleskey, Atlanta.
Sampson II. Hardeman, Washington, Ga.; Judge County Court; Mem. Legislature.		B. L.
*Asey Huggins.		*William M. Browne, Prof. of History, Polit. Science and Agriculture Univ. of Georgia; Brig.-Gen. C. S. A.
*J. H. Kinnebrew.		Howell Cobb, <i>ante</i> .
S. F. Tenney, Crockett, Texas, Lieut. C. S. A.		Sampson II. Hardeman, <i>ante</i> .
		Henry Jackson, Atlanta, Ga., <i>ante</i> . Mem. Legislature; Lawyer; Capt. C. S. A.
		*James J. Turnbull, Mem. Legislature.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1867.

A. B.

- G. Legare Comer, Eufaula, Ala., Lawyer.
 William A. Fort, Americus, Ga., Judge Sup. Court; Mem. Legislature; Mem. R. R. Commission.
 Malcom Johnston, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer.
 Samuel Spencer, New York, Supt. V. M. R. R., 1st Vice-Pres. Balt. and Ohio R. R.; Pres. Southern Ry. Co.
 *Thomas A. Ward.

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1868.

A. B.

- Alfred H. Alfriend, Monticello, Ga., Planter.
 *George Bancroft, Prof. Math. Howard Coll., Ala.; Adj. Prof. Math. Univ. of Ga.
 *Horace D. Beene, Lawyer.
 Julius L. Brown, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer; Attor. W. & A. R. R.; Pres. Dade Coal Co.
 William A. Carlton, M. D., Athens, Ga.
 E. Baxter Connell, M. D., Texas.
 Alfred H. Cox, Atlanta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Sol. Gen.
 *William L. Dennis.
 John E. Donaldson, Donaldsonville, Ga., Lawyer; Mayor.
 *Charles Dubose, Lawyer.
 George T. Goetchius, Rome, Ga.
 Charles M. Goodman, Atlanta, Merchant.
 *Walter S. Gordon, Contractor.
 *Henry W. Grady, Journalist.
 *Robert B. Hodgson, Merchant.
 *Benjamin P. Hollis, Lawyer; Trustee.
 *Davenport Jackson, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
 *Louis E. LeConte, Lawyer.
 Martin V. McKibben, Jackson, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.

Peter W. Meldrim, Savannah, Ga., Lawyer; Trustee; State Senator.

- W. H. Mims, Vienna, Ga.; Lawyer.
 Herbert P. Myers, Savannah, Ga.
 William F. Parks, Augusta, Teacher.
 *F. Bowdre Phinizy, Cotton and Com. Merchant.

- J. W. Rhoads, M. D., Georgia.
 Jeph'a H. Rucker, Athens, Cotton Broker.
 R. A. Russell, Hamilton, Ga., Lawyer.
 W. B. Thomas, Augusta, Judge County Court of Clarke; R. R. Manager.

William W. Thomas, Athens, Pres. So. Mutual Ins. Co.; Trustee.

Robert Toombs, M. D., Washington, Ga.

Henry A. Whitman, Charleston, S. C.

S. F. Wilson, Gallatin, Tenn., Lawyer; Judge of Superior Court of Tenn.

Hamilton Yancey, Rome, Ga., Lawyer and Insurance Agent.

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C. E.

- *Frank H. Harris.
 George D. Harris, Adairsville, Ga.
 J. Fenwick Kollock, Savannah, Insurance.
 W. W. Kollock, Clarkesville, Ga.
 John M. Nevitt, Savannah, Architect.

5

B. L.

- *John Billups.
 *Alexander T. Dent.
 T. W. Dodd.
 M. C. Fulton, Decatur, Ga., Planter.
 *Thomas F. Greene.
 *Otis Jones.
 A. L. Mitchell, Athens, City Treasurer; Judge County Court; Sol. Gen.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

*M. W. Riden.	*R. T. Hull, Savannah; Banker.
J. E. Schofield.	*S. Jordan.
E. Thompson.	H. H. Linton, Athens, Planter; Tax Collector Clarke Co.
	*T. R. Lyon.
10	A. T. McIntyre, Thomasville, Lawyer.
1869.	*H. G. McIntyre, Thomasville, Lawyer.
A. B.	O. E. Mitchell, Atlanta, Ga., Dep- uty U. S. Marshal.
*A. P. Adams, Savannah, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Judge Supe- rior Court.	*S. S. Murdoch.
F. M. Allen.	*E. M. Murphy.
R. T. Barksdale, Washington, Ga.	J. C. McMichael, Atlanta, Editor.
Samuel Barnett, Atlanta, Ga., In- structor Univ. of Ga.; Prof.	*W. H. Parsons.
Math. Univ. La; Adjunct Prof.	J. D. Rambo, Bainbridge, Ga.
of Math. Davidson College, N.	J. L. Robertson.
C.; Lawyer.	Frank J. Spain, Quitman, Ga.
*Benjamin W. Barrow, Lawyer.	Emory Speer, Macon, Solicitor-
Thomas W. Baxter, Atlanta, Ga.,	Gen. Western Circuit; Mem. U.
Merchant.	S. Congress; U. S. District At- torney; now Judge U. S. Court.
William S. Bean, D. D., Clinton,	Benj. G. Swanson, LaGrange, Far- mer.
S. C., Editor.	Howard Van Epps, Atlanta, Ga.,
Edgeworth Bird, Baltimore, Com.	Lawyer; Judge City Court.
Merchant.	Jesse W. Walters, Albany, Mem.
William B. Bonnell, China, Pres.	Legislature; Solicitor-General;
Female Coll., Covington.	Lawyer.
N. J. Bussey, Columbus.	Jas. T. White, Atlanta, Teacher
H. H. Cabaniss, Atlanta, Pub- lisher.	and Merchant.
C. A. Crane, Atlanta, Ga., Mer- chant.	J. T. Wimbish, Columbus, Law- yer.
Charles A. Collier, Atlanta, Ga.,	H. W. Woodruff.
Banker.	Alex. C. Young, Columbus, Ga.,
James M. Edwards, New York,	Manufacturer.
Civil Engineer; Supt. M. & B.	45
Div. of E. T.; Va & Ga. R. R.;	
now Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mana- ger L., N. O. & T. R. R.	
Geo. H. Estes, Talbotton, Ga.,	
Merchant.	
*W. M. Finley, Lawyer.	B. S.
Wm. H. Fish, Americus, Judge	
Superior Court; Trustee.	
M. Guyton, Marianna, Fla.	
William R. Hammond, Atlanta,	
Lawyer; Judge Superior Court.	
*E. S. Harrison.	
Benj. H. Hill, Atlanta, Lawyer;	*Thomas W. Young.
Solicitor-Gen.; U. S. District At- torney.	1
*O C. Hill.	
A. C. Howze, Birmingham, Ala.,	
Lawyer; Probate Judge Perry	
Co.	
	C. E.
	William W. Thomas, <i>ante.</i>
	1
	B. L.
	John E. Donalson, <i>ante.</i>
	J. R. McCleskey, <i>ante.</i>
	P. W. Meldrim, <i>ante.</i>
	Bolling Whitfield.
	4

1870.

A. B.

Charles L. Bartlett, Macon, Lawyer; Sol.-Gen'l; State Senator; Judge Superior Court; Mem. U. S. Congress.

Walter C. Beeks, Griffin, Lawyer; Judge County Court; State Senator.

W. A. Broughton, Madison, Planter; State Senator.

Orville A. Bull, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer; Sol. County Court; Mem. Legislature.

*A. S. Campbell, M. D., Augusta, Prof. Medical College.

Washington Dessau, Macon, Lawyer; Presidential Elector.

Miller DuBose, Sparta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.

D. B. Fitzgerald, Omaha, Ga., Farmer; Mem. Legislature.

*J. M. Goss, Lawyer, Brenham, Texas.

John D. Hammond, D. D., Fayette, Mo., Pres. Central College.

Nathaniel E. Harris, Macon, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; State Senator; Trustee.

*R. W. Hardwick, Merchant.

Robert A. Hemphill, Atlanta, Publisher.

W. B. Hill, Macon, Lawyer; Prof. of Law Mercer Univ.; Reviser of Code of Ga.

John Hutchings, Rome, Merchant.

J. B. Hutcheson, Comanche, Texas, Lawyer, Sol'r.-General.

William E. Jackson, Augusta, Lawyer.

Walter M. Jackson, Augusta, Manager Street Ry.

R. H. Johnston, Atlanta, Ga., Insurance.

Thomas J. Jones, M. D., Newnan, Physician.

*C. A. Key.

E. C. Long, San Antonio, Tex., Druggist.

W. S. McCarty, Monroe, Ga., Teacher.

R. T. McMullen, Hartwell, Ga.

J. A. Morris, Hampton, Ga., Planter.

J. T. Olive, Lexington, Ga., Lawyer.

J. A. Robson, Sandersville, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.

H. C. Roney, Thomson, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Judge Superior Court.

J. W. Requemore, Mt. Pleasant, Texas, Prof. in College.

J. B. B. Smith, Atlanta, Journalist.

N. M. Solomon, Macon, Merchant.

M. D. C. M. Summerlin, M. D., Sun Hill, Ga., Mem. Legislature.

John B. Strong, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer; Ordinary Troup County.

*W. D. Trammell.

A. E. Trimble, LaFayette, Ala., Prof. in College.

George W. Vines, M. D., Dadeville, Ala., Mem. Ala. Legislature; Physician.

Isaac W. Waddell, Dahlonega, Ga., Pres. N. G. A. and M. College.

*R. J. Willingham, M. D., Lexington, Ga.

A. F. Woodward, Griffin, Ga., Merchant.

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C. E.

J. M. Edwards, *ante*.

R. S. Woolfolk.

2

B. L.

*B. W. Barrow, *ante*.

*W. M. Finley, *ante*.

A. W. Hill, Atlanta, Ga., Banker; Mem. Legislature.

*Samuel Hoyle.

R. M. Jackson, Watkinsville, Ga., Judge County Court.

*Davenport Jackson, *ante*.

J. A. Peedleton.

M. M. Richardson, Hartwell, Ga., Lieut. C. S. A.; Clerk Sup. Court.

*W. D. Trammell.

Howard Van Epps, *ante*.

John R. Webb.

Hamilton Yancey, *ante*.

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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1871.

A. B.

- Harry C. Ansley, Washington, D. C., Treasurer Southern Railway Co.
 W. T. Armstead, Jefferson, Tex., Lawyer; Mem. Texas Legislature; Senator.
 J. A. Barclay, Jeffersonville, Ga., Farmer.
 W. A. Bell.
 R. L. Berner, Forsyth, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
E. H. Briggs.
 *J. L. Brooks.
 A. W. Carswell.
**T. H. Cunningham.*
 Brantley A. Denmark, Savannah, Ga., Lawyer; Bank Pres.
 G. R. Glenn, Macon, Prof. Wesleyan Female College.
 R. Henry Goetchius, Columbus, Ga., Lawyer; City Attorney.
 Judson L. Hand, Pelham, Ga.; Merchant and Planter; State Senator.
 John L. Hardeman, Macon, Ga., Lawyer; Solicitor-Gen.; Judge Superior Court.
 J. T. Heard, Augusta, Merchant.
 George A. Howell, Atlanta, Lawyer.
 J. G. Johnson.
 C. T. Key.
 P. H. Mell, Ph. D., Auburn, Ala., State Chemist of Georgia; Prof. Alabama Polytechnic Institute.
 D. Munroe.
 A. A. Murphey, Atlanta, Lawyer.
 *R. W. H. Neal, Judge Co. Court.
 T. C. Newton, Washington, D. C., U. S. Patent Office.
**E. Newton.*
 G. G. Randall.
 *E. G. Simmons, Americus, Lawyer.
 J. J. Swann, Texas, Lawyer.
 J. E. Waller.
 Henry E. Ware, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer.
 G. W. Warren.
 J. Ernest Yonge, Pensacola, Fla., Lawyer; Mem. Gen. Assembly

of Florida; Presidential Elector; Adjutant-Gen. Fla.
 Philip K. Yonge, Pensacola, Fla., Banker; British Vice-Consul.

32

C. E.

- Joel Hurt, Atlanta, Gen. Manager Street Railways; Secretary Atlanta Home Insurance Co.
 E. K. Lumpkin, Athens, Lawyer.
T. K. Mikell.
J. S. Saunders.
J. B. B. Smith, ante.

5

B. L.

- W. A. Broughton, *ante.*
 Washington Dessau, *ante.*
 Walter B. Hill, *ante.*
 B. H. Hill, *ante.*
 Charles D. Hill, Atlanta, Sol'r-General.
 W. B. Hinton, Buena Vista, Ga., Lawyer.
 James L. C. Kerr, Atlanta, Lawyer.
**Stephen Clay King.*
Henry H. Linton, ante.
**R. W. H. Neal.*
 Charles W. Seidell, Atlanta, Lawyer; Secretary to Gov. Stephens.
 Brittain H. Tabor.
 Robert Whitfield, Milledgeville, Sol'r-General.
 Fletcher P. Wethington, Wakena, Fla., Lawyer.

14

1872.

A. B.

- Samuel B. Adams, Savannah, Ga., Lawyer.
 John C. Avery, Pensacola, Fla., Lawyer; Judge Criminal Court.
 J. A. Aycock, Tennessee, Editor.
 W. A. Blount, Pensacola, Fla., Tutor University of Georgia;

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Lawyer; Mem. Constitutional Convention of Florida, 1885; Attorney for four Railroads.	
M. C. Davis, Alabama, Lawyer.	
E. F. Dupree, Zebulon, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Judge County Court.	
Charles E. Harmon, Atlanta, Ga., Gen. Pass. Agent. W. & A. R. R.	
Robert N. Holtzclaw, Perry, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.	
J. F. Jackson, Athens, Ga., Merchant.	
W. H. C. Lloyd.	
James M. Mason, Fairburn, Ga., Farmer; Mem. Legislature.	
J. L. McWilliams, Stone Mountain, Teacher.	
*Benj. F. Payne, Lawyer; State Senator.	
Ralph Peters, Cincinnati, O., Superintendent Penn. Lines; Pres. C. G. & P. R. R.	
Leonard Phinizy, Augusta, Lawyer	
D. A. Small, Alabama, Teacher.	
C. J. Swift, Columbus, Manufacturer.	
B. F. Thompson, Newnan, Ga., Lawyer.	
W. B. Walker.	
B. S. Walker, Monroe, Lawyer and Editor.	
A. M. Williams, Savannah.	
*A. P. Whittle, Lawyer.	
William Wynne, Washington, Ga., Lawyer.	
	23
	B. S.
*Charles A. Atkinson, Instructor Univ. of Ga.	1
	C. E.
*Robert E. Bruce.	
Henry D. Collier, Atlanta, Chief Eng. G. J. & S. R. R.	
William R. Davenport.	
Edward Hunter, Louisville, Ga., Instructor Univ. of Georgia; Chemist State Agri. Bureau; Lawyer.	
P. H. Mell, ante.	5

B. L.	
Charles L. Bartlett, ante.	
Howell C. Glenn, Atlanta, City Recorder; Solicitor City Court.	
*Arthur H. Gray, Mem. Legislature.	
Andrew J. Lamar, Mobile, Ala.	
John W. McCalla, Elberton, Planter.	
A. A. Murphrey, ante.	
George G. Randall, ante.	
Tinsley W. Rucker, Atlanta, Ass't: U. S. Dist. Att'y.	
*Abna T. Smith, Cuthbert.	
John T. Tooley.	
George C. Tumlin.	
Philip K. Yonge, ante.	
J. E. Yonge, ante.	
	13
A. M.	
G. R. Glenn, ante.	
A. A. Murphrey, ante.	
P. K. Yonge, ante.	
J. E. Yonge, ante.	
	4
	1873.
A. B.	
Robert Adams, Americus.	
E. L. Anthony, Texas, Mem. U. S. Congress.	
*H. W. Barrow Lawyer.	
C. M. Beckwith, Houston, Tex., Asst. Prof. Mathematics Univ. of the South.	
*J. T. Buchanan, Lawyer; State Senator Texas.	
Thomas D. Huff, Columbus, Ga., Broker.	
C. A. Niles, Atlanta, Journalist.	
M. L. Parker, Hartwell, Ga., Teacher.	
R. H. Randall, Lithonia, Ga.	
S. Alonzo Reid, Macon, Lawyer.	
James D. Scott, San Antonio, Tex., Pres. Texas Chataqua Assembly.	
J. R. Shannon.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Wm. M. Slaton, Atlanta, Principal Boys' High School.		1874.
H. F. Strohecker, Macon, Lawyer.		A. B.
*W. A. Whittle, Lawyer.	15	
B. S.		
E. W. Montgomery.	1	
C. & M. E.		
Samuel Barnett, <i>ante</i> .		
J. G. Beasley.		
G. W. Gignilliat.		
Edward Hunter, <i>ante</i> .		
P. H. Mell, <i>ante</i> .		
*R. B. Trippe, Atlanta, Lawyer.	6	
B. L.		
W. A. Blount, <i>ante</i> .		
M. C. Davis.		
*Idus L. Fielder, Deming, New Mexico, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature of Arkansas.		
Daniel A. Groover, Statesboro, Ga., Lawyer.		
John E. Hartridge, Jacksonville, Fla., Lawyer; Judge U. S. Court.		
J. L. Johnson, Rome, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.		
A. A. Lipscomb, Washington, D. C., Lawyer; District Attorney.		
T. C. Milner, Calhoun, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.		
*P. W. Milburn, Lawyer.		
James Whitehead, Warrenton, Ga., Lawyer.	10	
A. M.		
*R. J. Willingham, <i>ante</i> .		8
Jesse A. Baker, Guthrie, O. T., Lawyer.		
E. L. Brinson, Waynesboro, Ga., Lawyer; Judge Court of Ordinary.		
W. E. Johnson.		
F. T. Myers, Tallahassee, Fla., Lawyer; Clerk Supreme Court of Fla.; State Senator.		
C. Z. McCord, Augusta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Trustee.		
Alonzo D. Schofield, Macon, Manufacturer.		
B. S.		
F. J. Amis, Texas.		
A. F. Moreland, Texas.		
W. R. Power, Marietta, Lawyer.		
D. C. Barrow, Athens, Assistant State Geological Bureau; Professor of Mathematics Univ. of Georgia.		
C. E.		
*G. A. Illges; died in Texas.		
B. C. McKinney, Sumter Co., Ga., Merchant.		
*Fort West, Teacher.		
C. & M. E.		
D. C. Barrow, <i>ante</i> .	4	
B. L.		
J. B. Conyers, Cartersville, Ga.		
H. B. Everett.		
*W. M. Jackson, Lawyer.		
J. M. Moon.		
S. W. Schofield.		
J. G. Parks, Dawson, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator.		
Lewis W. Thomas, Atlanta, Lawyer; Solicitor City Court.		

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

A. M.	
*Charles A. Atkinson, Instructor Univ. of Georgia.	
Sylvanus Morris, Athens, Lawyer; Solicitor City Court; Prof. of Law.	2
†M. D.	
James B. Adair. John G. Carithers. Clarence P. DeVore. William A. Gibson. William F. Hale. Milo G. Hatch. Wesley Jefferson. James T. Luyton, Jonesville, S. C.	14
Henry L. Hardy. William L. Meroney. William H. McNowill. William T. Morgan. Henry J. Raines.	14
1875.	
A. B.	
T. C. Carlton, Slater, Mo. H. G. Dickinson, Texas, Lawyer. W. H. Doughty, M. D., Augusta, Physician; Prof. Medical Col- lege. W. C. Foster. D. H. Hardy, Texas. R. M. Hodge, Macon, Lawyer. M. T. Hodge, Lawyer. W. T. Huguley, West Point, Ga., Manufacturer. *J. I. Ingraham, Washington, Teacher. D. R. Keith. J. H. Lumpkin, Atlanta, Lawyer; Supreme Court Reporter; Judge Sup. Court.	
H. B. Mitchell, Athens, Planter. James H. Mobley, Hamilton, Ga., Merchant. Daniel W. Rountree, Atlanta, Lawyer, Mem. Legislature; Sol'r-Gen. P. G. Smith. Hugh N. Starnes, Griffin, Ga., Station Horticulturist. *W. W. Sturges. H. P. Tanner, Atlanta, Lawyer; N. P. and J. P. James H. Worrill, Columbus, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature. W. C. Worrill, Cuthbert, Law- yer.	20
B. Ph.	
George D. Case, M. D., Druggist.	1
B. S.	
P. A. Stovall, Savannah, Journal- ist; Trustee. T. P. Vincent, Athens, Merchant.	2
C. E.	
Marion Erwin, Savannah, Lawyer; Clerk U. S. District Court. William H. Fleming, Augusta, Lawyer; Tutor Univ. of Geor- gia; Supt. Public Schools; Mem. Legislature. J. M. Hodgson, Athens, Merchant. M. L. Morris, Texas, Lawyer; Judge County Court. C. R. Twitty, Camilla, Ga., Bank- er.	5
C. & M. E.	
S. W. Cozart. Carlisle Terry, Los Angeles, Cal., United States Coast Survey.	2

† The Medical College of Georgia, at Augusta, was incorporated as the Medical Department of the University, August, 1873.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. L.

- *Henry W. Barrow, Lawyer.
- James M. Bellah.
- Frank L. Haralson, Atlanta, Lawyer; State Librarian.
- Rufus Hardy, Texas, Lawyer; Judge Superior Court.
- John C. Hart, Union Point, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
- James H. Hoskinson, Rome, Ga.
- Robert S. Howard, Athens, Lawyer.
- Samuel G. McLendon, Thomasville, Mayor; Mem. Legislature; Lawyer.
- *John A. McWhorter, Lawyer.
- Robert L. Summerlin, Lake City, Fla., Lawyer.
- John C. Williams.
- Boykin Wright, Augusta, Solicitor-General.

12

A. M.

- George F. Gober, Marietta, Ga., Solicitor-General; Judge Superior Court.

1

M. D.

- E. J. Burkhalter.
- A. H. Baker.
- G. B. Battle.
- L. M. Boyd.
- J. W. Bowie.
- G. D. Couch.
- E. A. Dugas.
- E. J. Eve.
- P. H. Eve.
- T. G. Erwin.
- G. F. Hunt.
- W. T. Lockey.
- P. A. McIntosh.
- T. B. Miller.
- J. A. Martin.
- J. G. O'Brien.
- J. L. Oliver.
- W. E. Prescott.
- W. R. Robson.
- L. O. Shivers.

- R. P. Sorrells.
- T. N. Skeen.
- W. O. Southard.
- J. H. Springer.
- H. C. Walton.
- R. J. Walton.
- J. E. Washington.

27

1876.

A. B.

- *James M. Carlton, M. D., Physician, Athens.
- Andrew J. Cobb, Atlanta, Lawyer; Prof. of Law, University of Georgia; Trustee.
- Richard W. Cone, Sandersville, Ga., Lawyer.
- Arthur W. Davis, Atlanta, Insurance.
- Henry G. Ganahl, Savannah.
- Thomas R. Gibson, Augusta, Editor; U. S. Consul to Beirut.
- *Robert P. Hill, Atlanta, Lawyer.
- Jarrell N. Hogg, M. D., West Point, Physician.
- John W. Hogg, M. D., Erin, Ga., Physician.
- *Bartee W. Jones.
- Leonidas M. Landrum, Atlanta, Principal Grammar School.
- William J. Matthews.
- *Robert Emmett Mitchell, Atlanta, Teacher; Mem. Legislature.
- Henry P. Moore, Macon, Journalist.
- Junius W. Nisbet, Macon, Lawyer; Clerk City Court.
- Alexander H. Reid, Eatonton, Farmer.
- W. Olin Sanders, Greene County, Farmer.
- Eugene Thompson, Florence, Ga., Planter.
- Henry H. Tucker, Jr., Atlanta, Lawyer; Editor.
- John L. Tye, McDonough, Ga., Lawyer.
- Henry B. Baker, Suspension, Ala., Merchant.

21

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. E.	G. T. Perrin. D. B. Nisbet. J. A. Liddell. W. P. deLaPerriere. T. R. Wright. B. R. Saxon. W. B. Standifer. J. H. Crozier. W. A. Adams. R. J. Matthews. F. R. Wallace. A. J. Graham. J. G. Medlock. G. R. Pattillo. E. M. McNair. F. M. Usry. G. W. Sherrer. S. G. Scoven. *W. J. Mitchell. E. J. Rowland. W. E. King. Pierce Hubert. J. M. Courson. S. V. Oliver. A. E. Oglesby.
Benjamin M. Hall, Atlanta, Prof. of Math. North Ga. Ag. & M. College.	1
C. & M. E.	
Martin L. Morris, Texas., Judge of County Court.	1
B. S.	
William M. Henry, Rome, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Judge Superior Court.	
George D. Thomas, Athens, Lawyer; Prof. of Law, Univ. of Georgia.	
Joseph S. Cook, Atlanta, Master Mechanic.	
Jas. U. Jackson, Augusta, Stock Broker and Pres. R. R.	4
Master of Agriculture.	
Martin L. Morris, <i>ante</i> .	1
B. PH.	
Thomas R. Rusk, Columbus.	1
B. L.	
Samuel J. Hale. Hudson A. Jenkins, Eatonton, Mem. Legislature.	
Barton E. Thrasher, Watkinsville, Judge Court of Ordinary.	
J. Harvey Turner, Texas.	4
M. D.	
M. M. Lively. H. H. Ivy. L. G. Hardman. F. M. Jordan.	
G. T. Perrin. D. B. Nisbet. J. A. Liddell. W. P. deLaPerriere. T. R. Wright. B. R. Saxon. W. B. Standifer. J. H. Crozier. W. A. Adams. R. J. Matthews. F. R. Wallace. A. J. Graham. J. G. Medlock. G. R. Pattillo. E. M. McNair. F. M. Usry. G. W. Sherrer. S. G. Scoven. *W. J. Mitchell. E. J. Rowland. W. E. King. Pierce Hubert. J. M. Courson. S. V. Oliver. A. E. Oglesby.	29
	Master of Arts in Course.
	W. D. Mitchell, Thomasville. See class of 1860.
	1
	1877.
	A. B.
	*William W. Black, Lawyer. C. Murphy Candler, Decatur, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature. James S. Hamilton, Gainesville, Ga., Mining. Alexander R. Lawton, Jr., Savannah, Lawyer. Artemus O. Murphey, Barnesville, Ga. Alonzo C. Riley, Macon, Ga., Lawyer. Robert A. Simpson, M. D. Washington, Ga., Physician. William H. Thompson, Gainesville, Lawyer; Solicitor County Court. William S. Walker, Monroe, Ga.
	9

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. S.	
Eli M. Mallette, Thomasville, Ga., Insurance.	
W. Remer McIntyre, Thomas- ville, Ga., Lawyer.	2
B. E.	
Benjamin W. Butler.	
Edward H. Dorsey, Watkins- ville, Merchant.	
Albert D. Smith, Prof. of Math. Howard College, East Lake, Ala.	
Orville L. Green, Fort Valley, Ga.. Merchant.	
John E. Witherspoon, M. D., Co- lumbus, Ga., Prof. Middle Ga. Ag. College.	5
B. C. Sc.	
George R. Alexander, Savannah, Merchant.	1
B. PH.	
Daniel P. Hill.	
William M. Howard, Lexington, Ga., Lawyer; Sol.-Gen.	
M. Young McIntyre, Savannah, Cotton Factor.	3
B. A.	
George W. P. Coates, Bliss Woodward.	2
B. L.	
William Y. Atkinson, Newnan, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Speaker of the House; Governor elect of Georgia.	
Andrew J. Cobb, <i>ante</i> .	
Wallace W. Fraser, Savannah, Lawyer; Sol'r-Gen.	
Robert M. Holley, Palmetto, Ga., Lawyer.	
Darling J. Knotts, South Carolina.	
Hamilton McWhorter, Lexing- ton, Lawyer; Judge Sup Court.	
Henry B. Mitchell, <i>ante</i> .	
W. S. Morris, <i>ante</i> .	
Moses M. Smith, Pittsburg, Tex., Lawyer; Mem. Georgia Legisla- ture.	
Seaborn L. Weaver, Birming- ham, Ala., Lawyer.	10
A. M.	
James C. Hinton, Macon, Ga., Prof. Math. Wesleyan Female College.	1
M. D.	
J. E. Allen.	
*E. C. Armistead.	
M. E. Bowers.	
W. F. Brunner.	
W. F. Carroll.	
A. C. Davidson.	
R. H. Drewry.	
J. G. Gilmer.	
D. H. Harrison.	
J. M. Head.	
J. W. Hogg.	
P. L. Hudson.	
M. W. Jester.	
W. S. Keisler.	
G. T. Miller.	
J. A. Marshall.	
*W. J. Rogers.	
L. W. Singleton.	
J. N. B. Spence.	
Robt. J. Walter.	
Robert C. Wiley.	
	22
	1878.
A. B.	
Richard D. Callaway, Washing- ton, Ga., Farmer; Capt. C. S. A.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Nicholas B. Chenault, Augusta.	A. M.
Charles L. Floyd, Atlanta, Teacher.	
*John J. Huguley.	
*Samuel T. Lane, M. D., Athens.	
Daniel T. McIntyre, Savannah, Commission Merchant.	1
Thomas S. Mell, Athens, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.	
William L. C. Palmer, Thomas- ville, Prof. So. Ga. Agricultural College.	
James G. Russell, Canton, Texas, Lawyer; Judge County Court of Texas.	
George G. Sale, Newberry, S. C., Math.; Lawyer.	
James B. Shields.	
Paul B. Trammell, Atlanta, Ga., State Senator; Collector Internal Rev.	5
Benton H. Walton, Hamilton, Ga., Lawyer.	
	13
	B. E.
Benjamin M. Gross, Thomson, Ga., Lawyer; Judge County Court.	
T. Foster McFarland, Chatta- nooga, Tenn.	
Moses G. Michael, Athens, Mer- chant.	3
	C. E.
Bliss Woodward.	
	1
	B. C. Sc.
Richard J. Moseley.	
L. Robert Coates, M. D., Balti- more.	
George H. Jackson, Augusta, Ga., R. R. Agent.	
William D. Dearing, Savannah, In- surance.	4
	A. M.
William F. Brown, Carrollton, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legisla- ture.	
	B. L.
Philip W. Davis, Lexington, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator.	
T. W. H. Harris, Rome, Ga., Lawyer.	
A. C. Lowrey, Deming, New Mexico, Editor.	
George D. Thomas, <i>ante</i> .	
H. H. Tucker, Jr., <i>ante</i> .	
	5
	M. D.
Julius C. Barnes.	
Reuben C. Binns.	
George A. Bunch.	
*John A. Butler.	
Robert G. Bryans.	
Colgan C. Carroll.	
William H. Doughty, Jr.	
Louis C. Fargo.	
Robert L. Purse.	
James M. Guess.	
George L. Hummell.	
Silas D. Mayes.	
John F. Winter.	
Samuel M. Mims.	
Francis H. O'Brien.	
Michael J. O'Dowd.	
Thomas S. Roney.	
Zachariah A. Smith.	
	1879.
	A. B.
John Hooper Alexander, Atlanta, Pres. South Georgia Agri. Col- lege; Lawyer.	
*Edward T. Bishop.	
James Bishop, Jr., Eastman, Ga., Lawyer.	
Elijah A. Brown, Atlanta, Treas- urer Dade Coal Mines.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Ignatius L. Candler, Jonesboro,
Ga., Teacher.
Samuel C. Candler, Los Angelos,
Cal., Lawyer; U. S. Land Agt.
Carlton B. Chapman, Macon,
Teacher.
R. Toombs DuBose, Jacksonville,
Fla.
Joseph H. Felker, Monroe, Ga.,
Lawyer.
Felix R. Groover, Grapevine,
Texas, Druggist.
Wallace W. Lambdin, West End,
Ga., Teacher.
Lewis F. McCord, Augusta, Mer-
chant.
William J. McCurdy, Madison
County, Ga., Farmer.
Joseph H. Napier, Jeffersonville,
Ga., Teacher.
Cadar S. Parker, Thomasville,
Merchant.
Richard B. Russell, Athens, Law-
yer; Mem. Legislature; Sol.-
Gen'l.
John J. Strickland, Athens, Law-
yer.
George W. Trenchard, Indian Ter-
ritory, Teacher.

18

B. S.

B. Johnston Edwards, Monroe,
Ga., Judge County Court.
Wyche W. Linlon, Thomasville,
Ga.
John F. Parker, Thomasville,
Prof. Math. So. Ga. Agri. Col-
lege; Farmer.

3

B. PH.

William T. Griffin, Jeffersonville
Ga., Farmer.
Richard B. Russell, *ante*.
William E. Smith, Bainbridge,
Lawyer.
John G. Stanley, Quitman, Far-
mer.

4

B. A.

John B. Hattaway, High Shoals,
Ga., Farmer.

1

B. C. Sc.

Sylvanus G. Carter, Walton Co.,
Ga., Farmer.

Eugene J. Frederick, Macon Co.,
Ga.

2

B. L.

John T. Anderson, Athens, Law-
yer; Real Estate.

J. H. Armstrong, Troy, Ala.,
Teacher.

*T. Charlton Dupont.

Alex R. Jones, Seattle, Wash.,
Lawyer.

William M. Ragsdale, Atlanta,
Merchant.

John J. Strickland, *ante*.

6

M. E.

Louis H. Jones, A. M., M. D.,
Atlanta, Physician and Chemist.

Thomas S. Mell, *ante*.

2

A. M.

Louis H. Jones, *ante*.
Thomas S. Mell, *ante*.

2

M. D.

Paul F. Bowers.
A. W. Carswell.
J. H. Chandler.
Horace Darden.
William H. Dugas.
J. D. S. Davis.
O. A. Fitts.
J. H. Gheisling.
A. A. Graham.
Sterling Gibson.
W. F. Gordon.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

W. C. Hewell.
 J. M. Hull.
 S. G. Moseley.*
 A. R. Oglesby.
 W. L. Rogers.
 O. R. Salley.
 J. F. Thompson.
 C. J. Wallace.
 J. A. Wright.
 J. L. Wikle, Anniston.

21

1880.

A. B.

James L. Baker, Buena Vista,
 Ga., Lawyer.
 O. H. B. Bloodworth, Monroe,
 Ga., Lawyer; Sol.-Gen.; Mem.
 Legislature.
 Walter T. Cheney, Rome, Ga.,
 Lawyer.
 Noah M. Collins, Griffin, Ga.,
 Lawyer.
 Irby Dunklin, Fort Worth, Tex.,
 Lawyer.
 Charles H. Edwards, Nunnally,
 Walton Co., Ga., Teacher.
 T. A. Hammond, Jr., Atlanta,
 Lawyer.
 W. Albert Hill, Georgetown, Ga.,
 Teacher.
 Thomas V. Lester, Fayetteville,
 Ga., Lawyer.
 Jos. Hansell Merrill, Thomasville,
 Ga., Prof. So. Ga. Agri. College;
 Lawyer.
 Robert W. Milner, Lithonia, Ga.
 Blanton H. Noble, Athens, Law-
 yer.
 Gustavus J. Orr, Jr., Dalton, Ga.,
 Pres. Dalton College.
 C. C. Richardson, Macon, Ga.,
 Lawyer.
 Archibald A. Willcox, Columbus,
 Ga., Insurance.
 C. DeWitt Willcox, Lieut. 2d
 Regt. U. S. Artillery.
 William J. Williams, Russellville,
 Ky.
 J. Walton Young, LaGrange, Ga.,
 Merchant.

18

B. E.
 Leonidas F. Daniel, Bonham,
 Texas.
 James M. Mayne, Oconee Co.,
 Ga., Farmer.

2

B. Ph

Walter T. Cheney, *ante*.
 Blanton H. Noble, *ante*.
 C. C. Richardson, *ante*.

3

B. C. Sc.

Onan M. Houser, Fort Valley, Ga.,
 Farmer.
 Albert L. Cumming, Warrenton,
 Ga., Farmer.

2

C. E.

William H. Steele, Rome, Ga.,
 Supt. Cotton Factory.

1

A. M.

Samuel Barnett, *ante*.
 W. S. Bean, *ante*.

2

B. L.

*Edward T. Bishop.
 Thomas S. Mell, *ante*.
 Richard B. Russell, *ante*.
 Owen J. H. Summers, Florida.

4

M. D.

A. R. Able.
 J. B. Barwick.
 A. S. Cooper.
 Joseph H. Crawford.
 John G. Crowley.
 C. J. Davis.
 W. T. Dalton.
 O. B. Evans.
 James R. Greer.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

J. B. Gordon.
W. H. Grooves.
J. R. Henderson.
J. R. Kidd.
Theo. Lamb.
C. W. L'Engle.
J. H. Mayfield.
F. M. Ownby.
J. D. Perkins.
H. P. Quillian.
*W. M. Starnes.
A. H. Story.
W. J. Thurmond.
F. A. Thomas, Walton.
C. J. Woodbridge.

1881

A. B.

Marcus W. Beck, Jackson, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator; Sol'r Gen.
George R. Brown, Canton, Ga., Lawyer.
Enoch H. Calloway, Waynesboro, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator
Joseph G. Camp, Douglasville, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
John E. Gross, McDuffie Co., Ga., Teacher.
Walter W. Hardy, Senoia, Ga.
*R. Fletcher Lowe.
John P. Matthews, Sharon, Ga., Farmer.
David W. Meadow, Danielsville, Ga., Lawyer.
*John T. Malone.
Gwinn H. Nixon, Augusta, Cotton Factor.
William L. Radney, Waco, Texas, Lawyer; State's Atty.
James B. Sanders, Washington Co., Ga., Teacher.
*John R. Slater, Valdosta, Ga., Lawyer.
Henry C. Tuck, Athens, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Mayor of Athens.
George Ware, Atlanta, Lawyer.
Williamson Worrell, Upson Co., Ga.

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B. E.

J. deBruyn Kopps, Savannah, Civil Engineer. 1

B. S.

Austin Lee McRae, McRae, Ga.
*W. T. Bennett, Jefferson, Ga.
Charles H. Brand, Lawrenceville, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator. 3

B. PH.

Thomas W. Alexander, Augusta, Ga., Cotton Factor.
G. M. Elbridge, Philadelphia, Pa.
Clement J. Hood, Harmony Grove, Ga., Banker.
M. Cooper Pope, Washington, D. C., Chief R. R. Dept. Interior. 4

B. C. Sc.

James J. Howell, Sumter Co., Ga. 1

B. L.

James H. Palmer, Mitchell Co., Ga. 1

M. D.

John R. Brooks.
Watson L. Coleman.
Wm. J. Covington.
John W. Colley.
Wm. D. Durham.
Edgar Ewell.
John Z. Ferrell.
Ashley C. Fulgham.
Joseph E. E. Green.
Jonathan M. Grimes.
Wm. P. Gaffney.
Franklin R. Gross.
Thomas L. Harris.
Robert J. Jamerson.
Thomas J. M. Kelley.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Oscar R. Lowrance.

George E. Lyndon.

Royall G. Miller.

Benj. E. Morgan.

Martin Morrison.

John K. Maloy.

Elijah P. Mixon.

Fletcher T. Mixon.

Daniel W. Maun.

James P. Miller.

Wm. A. Neal.

James C. Raley.

Leonidas C. Robins.

William B. Steedley.

Linton A. Stephens.

George L. Smith.

Wm. McHenry Shankle.

Henry J. Stephens.

Andrew J. Wood.

Cornelius C. Whelchel.

George H. Winkler.

*Harry H. Phinizy, Athens, Ga., Journalist.

John D. Pope, Albany, Ga., Lawyer.

A. W. VanHoose, Gainesville, Ga., Prof. So. Ga. Agri. College; Prof. Howard College, Alabama; Tutor Univ. of Ga.; now Pres. Gainesville College.

W. G. Woodfin, Jr., Savannah, Lawyer.

19

B. E.

A. H. Frazier, Columbus, Ga., Civil Engineer.

*P. H. Burruss, Columbus, Ga. Thomas P. Stanley, Athens, Ga., Civil Engineer.

3

B. PH.

Clarence T. Groover, Thomasville, Ga.

J. H. Pittman, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.

Burton Smith, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer.

Edward W. Wyatt, Baltimore, Md.

4

B. C. Sc.

Thomas B. Perry, M. D., Milledgeville, Physician.

James A. Wotton, Atlanta, Ga., Electrician.

2

B. A.

A. H. Frazier, ante.

1

B. L.

Stephen N. Woodward, Barnesville, Lawyer.

Ebb. T. Lamkin, Monroe, La., Planter.

David W. Meadow, ante.

George Ware, ante.

Hugh V. Washington, Macon, Ga., Lawyer; City Recorder.

John L. Asbury, Jefferson, Ga., Lawyer.

36
1882.

A. B.

Lucius C. Adamson, M. D., Atlanta, Ga., Physician.

Joe B. Alexander, Marietta, Ga., Lawyer.

Piromis H. Bell, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer.

Hugh L. Brock, Jefferson, Ga., Lawyer.

Milton A. Candler, Augusta, Ga., Clerk.

Frank W. Carswell, Hepzibah, Ga., Merchant.

Robert B. Cousins, Waco, Texas, Teacher.

Wm. A. Dodson, Americus, Ga., Mem. Legislature; Lawyer.

Walker Dunson, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer; Internal Rev. Department.

W. E. W. Dunson, Gainesville, Fla., Lawyer.

D. J. Gaffney, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer.

Wm. Galt, Canton, Ga., Farmer
G. G. Glower, Grantville, Ga., Teacher.

Walter H. Little, Washington, Ga.

Marcus A. Pharr, Jr., Washington, Ga., Warehouseman and Mayor.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Marcus W. Beck, <i>ante</i> .	J. T. Lofton, Fort Worth, Texas.
John Murrow, Bryan County, Ga.	D. C. Peacock, Gadsden, A'a, Teacher.
Burwell R. Calhoun, Montgomery Co., Ga.	J. H. Phinizy, Augusta, Ga., Law Student.
Henry C. Tuck, <i>ante</i> .	
John P. Moore, Statesboro, Ga., Lawyer.	12
	11
	M. D.
Thomas E. Arrington.	C. M. Strahan, Athens, Ga., Asst. State Chemist; Tutor; Prof. Engineering Univ. of Georgia.
Robert A. Ballard.	
W. W. Bruce.	1
Sam'l T. Bedingfield.	
Thomas C. Cannon.	B. E.
Noel M. Darden.	John Bostwick, High Shoals, Ga., Teacher.
John H. E. Sheridge.	Davis Freeman, Savannah, Lawyer.
Rufus S. Forehand.	Russell R. Reneau, Atlanta.
Jeff D. Heman.	Edwin M. Wade, Washington, D. C., Clerk in U. S. Treas. Department.
Geo. N. Ivey.	Warner L. Wade, Augusta, U. S. Commissioner.
Cyrus W. Kitchens.	Harris R. Willcox, Atlanta, Asst. State Chemist; Prof. in S. W. A. G. College; Insurance Agt.
Wm. L. Kneece.	6
Geo. C. Milner.	
Chas. P. McCall.	B. PH.
Swain N. Norris.	J. Prescott Brooke, Alpharetta, Ga., Lawyer.
Wm. H. O'Dowd.	Luther M. Farmer, Newnan, Ga.
James M. Page.	Robert N. Holland, Marietta, Ga., Lawyer; Mayor; Mem. Legislature.
John E. Roach.	Engene J. Jacobs, Atlanta, Pharmacist.
Drewry A. Rogers.	4
Chas. H. Raley.	
Adolphus C. Stephens.	
Wiley T. Simpson.	
Joshua L. Thigpen.	
1883.	
A. B.	
Joseph W. Bennett, Brunswick, Ga., Lawyer.	
Wm. S. Cheney, Marietta, Lawyer.	
Wm. M. Coile, Winterville, Ga.	
Herschel V. Duggar, Orlando, Fla., Teacher.	
Thomas R. Edwards, Atlanta, Ga.	B. L.
W. M. Foy, Egypt, Ga., Mercantile Business.	
Clark Howell, Atlanta, Journalist; Speaker Ga. House Rep.; Pres. Nat. Press Club.	A. J. Arnold, Monroe, Ga.
George F. Hunnicutt, Athens, Farmer.	Bernard Autrey, Chattanooga, Tenn.
Oscar E. Kinnebrew, Athens, Ga., Druggist.	*W. N. Conley, Union Co., Ga.
	T. B. Felder, Dublin, Ga.
	D. J. Gaffney, <i>ante</i> .
	Henry McAlpin, Savannah, Lawyer.
	Wm. Archer McLean, Gettysburg, Pa.
	S. A. McCall, Valdosta, Ga.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

John' P. Moore, Statesboro, Ga., <i>ante.</i>	J. W. Binns, Washington, Ga., Ordinary.
John P. Ross, Macon, Lawyer, Judge City Court.	Arthur F. Bishop, Avondale, Cin- cinnati, O.
Vernon B. Robinson, Wrights- ville, Ga.	James C. Bloomfield, M.D., Athens, Physician.
W. M. Ryals, Cartersville, Ga., Journalist.	Ashton H. Carey, LaGrange, Ga.
	Harry F. Dunwoody, Brunswick, Ga., Lawyer; Mem. Legislature; Mayor.
12	W. T. Garrard, Oakland, Ga., Teacher.
M. D.	R. Harvey Johnson, Atlanta, Ga., Lawyer; U. S. Consul at Ant- werp.
Henry H. Allen.	J. J. Kennedy, Laston, Ga., Teacher.
Thomas W. Bothwell.	Robert L. Moyer, Cuthbert, Ga., Lawyer; Mayor of Cuthbert.
Wm. B. Burson.	John D. Mell, Athens, Ga., Law- yer; Sol. City Court.
Felix H. Byrd.	Joseph E. Pottle, Milledgeville, Ga., Lawyer.
James J. Butler.	Jere M. Pound, Barnesville, Ga., Pres. Gordon Institute.
Columbus J. Carter.	14
Henry A. Coon.	B. E.
Lemuel Clements.	Robert A. Crawford, Jefferson City, Mo., U. S. Engineer.
Franklin S. Douglas.	Frank Upson, Athens, Ga., Law- yer.
Elijah W. Dean.	John G. Walker, Atlanta, Ga.
James P. Davis.	3
Richard T. Dowdy.	B. PH.
Almon Gage Gunter.	Charlie M. Nix, Alpharetta, Ga., Teacher.
Callistratus P. Graham.	John Phinizy, Augusta, Ga., Cot- ton Merchant.
James T. Hammond.	Thomas J. Ripley, Atlanta, Law- yer.
Robert A. Hutchins.	3
Lawson M. Johnson.	B. C. Sc.
Wesley King.	Arthur C. Blain, Brunswick, Ga.
Wm. J. McCurdy.	1
John L. McDaniel.	B. A.
Wm. B. Marks.	Thomas J. Britt, Sandover, S. C., Planter.
Joseph Pounds.	John G. Walker, <i>ante.</i>
Josiah P. Paye.	
John W. Robinson.	
Parker C. Smith.	
Wm. B. Tucker.	
Franklin S. Van Pelt.	
John E. Witherspoon.	
1884.	
A. M.	
Bennett J. Conyers, Atlanta, Law- yer.	
1	
A. B.	
James W. Anderson, Cornu-Copia, Ga.	
Samuel C. Atkinson, Brunswick, Ga., Lawyer.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. L.

John T. Allen, Milledgeville,
Judge County Court.
Albert P. Henley, Athens, Ga.,
Lawyer.
Edgar F. Hinton, Americus, Law-
yer.
John P. Perry, Elizay, Ga., Law-
yer; Mem. Legislature.
Pinckney D. Pollock, Macon,
Prof. English Mercer University.
Julius N. Rowland, Atlanta.
James W. Schell, Senoia, Ga.
Milton J. Tompkins, Wichita
Falls, Texas.
James R. Williams, Ellaville, Ga.

9

M. D.

Charles A. Able.
Sumpter B. Battery.
James Q. Burton.
John H. Burrus. •
Arthur A. Chance.
Thomas L. Calhoun.
John H. Conway.
Wm. H. Darnell.
Wesley E. Evans.
Lawrence B. Freeman.
Richard H. Galphin.
Columbus N. Hough.
Allen C. Holliday.
Lovick P. Herrington.
Samuel W. Harp.
Robert F. Harknessburger.
Andrew G. Irwin.
Wm. F. Jones.
Robert D. Jones.
John G. Kella.
Boze E. Kitchens.
Henry S. Loft.
Sidney G. Lanier.
Middleton D. Lanier.
Walter W. Lee.
Brittain W. Lockhart.
George T. Mitchel.
John H. McArthur.
Abijah F. McCrary.
Thomas Page.
Patrick W. Rhodes.
Wm G. Rhodes.
Alpheus B. Simmons.
Charles V. Smith.

Addison W. Smith.
Arthur W. Speer.
Wm. B. Tate.

37

1885.

A. B.

Percy H. Adams, Atlanta, Ga.,
Lawyer.
Joe R. Burdett, M. D., Washing-
ton, Ga., Physician.
Wm. D. Carswell, Irwinton, Ga..
Teacher.
Wm. H. Cobb.
Joe L. Gross, Warrenton, Ga.
Robt. M. Harbin, M. D., Rome,
Ga., Physician.
Thos. W. Harbin, Calhoun, Ga.
Farmer.
Horace M. Holden, Augusta.
Charles Edgeworth Jones, Au-
gusta, Histrian.
E. M. Mitchell, Atlanta, Lawyer.
W. W. Osborne, Savannah, Law-
yer; Mem. Legislature; State
Senator.
H. C. Quinn, Norton, Ga., Con-
tractor.
W. K. Stansell, Cartersville,
Teacher.
W. Turner, Atlanta.
Wm. H. Whipple, M. D., Vienna,
Ga., Physician.
*P. S. Wilcoxon, Newnan, Ga.,
Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
T. A. Williams, Hamilton, Ga.,
M. R. Wright, Rome, Ga.

18

A. M.

P. D. Langdon, Augusta.

1

C. & M. E.

B. W. Hall, *ante.*

1

B. E.

O. L. Cloud, Atlanta, Ga., Civil
Engineer Seaboard Air-Line.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

T. N. Kitchens, Warrenton, Ga., Civil Engineer.	2	B. W. Cobb. J. B. Carmichael. John S. Christian. J. D. Hardwick. C. G. Hery. John P. Holmes. E. H. Hope. Geo. F. Hudlow. James C. Jackson. Theo. Koeberle. Geo. P. King. T. J. Kitchens. L. P. Lanier. John P. Lardler. Jas. R. McKay. J. C. Matthews. J. A. Mulhouse. F. G. Noble. R. D. Nash. W. F. Peacock. D. L. Peebles. W. F. Quillian. A. E. Salley. H. J. Salley. W. W. Smith. Jas. P. Smith. L. K. Slurkie. Tucker I. Stevens. P. J. Stroman. A. N. Talley, Jr. T. E. Vickers. J. E. Whelchel.			
E. M. Mitchell, Atlanta, Ga., <i>ante</i> .	1				
B. Ph.					
Irvin Alexander, Augusta, Lawyer; U. S. Commissioner. Wm. H. Barrett, Jr., Augusta, Lawyer; City Recorder. A. L. Groover, Quitman, Ga., Banker. C. E. Jones, Augusta, Ga., <i>ante</i> . R. L. J. Smith, Harmony Grove, Ga., Lawyer. D. W. Wiggner, Winterville, Ga., Farmer.	6				
B. C. Sc.					
*Asbury Hull, Savannah.	1				
B. A.					
O. L. Cloud, <i>ante</i> . T. N. Kitchens, <i>ante</i> .	2		1886.		
B. L.					
J. W. Cox, Atlanta, Ga. Joe L. Gross, <i>ante</i> . R. H. Johnson, Atlanta, <i>ante</i> . N. B. Jones, Clayton, Ga. D. C. McLeman, McVille, Ga. J. M. Merritt, Clayton, Ga. Benj. E. Morgan, Statanville, Ga. John Morris, Instructor Univ. of Ga. John D. Mell, <i>ante</i> . *George R. Street. O. L. J. Walker, Carrollton, Ga. M. M. Wilson, Savannah.	12		A. M.		
M. D.					
A. F. Boyd. A. W. Boyd.			Clay, W. L., Savannah, Lawyer. Carswell, John D., Savannah, Insurance. Carter, Joseph B. Conyers, Samuel T., Atlanta. Cousins, William C., Atlanta, Lawyer. Dudley, James B. Franklin, Alfred L., Jackson, Ga. Gilbert, James J., Columbus. Hawkins, Benj. F., Americus.	2	A. B.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Hutchins, N. L., Atlanta, Lawyer.	
*Jackson, Tom Cobb, Lawyer.	
Meador, Richard D., Atlanta.	
McDaniel, Sanders, Monroe, Ga., Lawyer.	
Mell, Charles I., Athens, Cotton and Insurance.	
Lutes, Jacob M.	
O'Kelly, James W., Athens.	
Rudicil, Charles C., M. D., Chickamauga, Ga., Physician.	
Selman, George C., Atlanta.	
Shattuck, James P., LaFayette, Ga., Lawyer; Mayor.	
Sno k, Peyton H., Atlanta, Merchant.	
Sewell, Henry L.	
Upshaw, Wm. S., Atlanta, Lawyer.	
Upshaw, Eb. P., Atlanta, Lawyer.	
Wade, Peyton L., Dublin, Ga., Lawyer.	
Whatley, Edgar T., Santee, Ga., Ass't. State Geologist.	
Wooten, Wm. E., Albany, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.	26
C. & M. E.	
Bond, Marcus B.	1
B. A.	
Williams, Wm. P.	1
B. E.	
Ballard, Nath. H.	
Cook, Walter B., Brunswick, Banker.	
Jones, Arthur W., Civil Engineer.	
Willcox, Cecil H., Atlanta, Insurance.	
Wilson, G. Neal, Kansas City, Mo., Auditor K. C., P. & G. R. R.	5
B. C. Sc.	
Grant, John W., Atlanta, Real Estate.	

Lamar, George W., M. D., Savannah, Physician.	2
B. Ph.	
Cassels, Robert T.	
Herty, Chas. H., Ph. D., Athens, Adj. Prof. Chemistry Univ. of Ga.	
Morris, Chas. E., Kansas City, Mo., R. R. Service.	
Ramsey, M. F.	
Powers, Theo. T., Marietta.	
Williams, Jas. F.	
Williamson, Geo. H., Athens, Merchant.	
B. L.	7
Cheney, Jos. D., McRae, Ga.	
Mitchell, Eugene M., Atlanta, Lawyer.	
Moye, Robert L., <i>ante</i> .	
Smith, R. L. J., <i>ante</i> .	
Stone, Frank J., Atlanta.	
Upson, Frank, Athens, Lawyer.	
Williams, J. S., Waycross.	
Ward, C. A., Hazlehurst, Ga.	
M. D.	8
Stephens, R. R.	
Wood, T. A.	
Martin, J. O.	
Perry, J. B.	
Boling, J. M.	
Cobb, J. D.	
Roach, J. W.	
Cox, C. H.	
Hudlow, G. F.	
Kennedy, J. W.	
Armistead, R. L.	
Moss, F. G.	
Lovvarn, J. L.	
Duckett, P. Y.	
Whelchel, K. C.	
McMaster, D. E.	
Ray, R. L.	
Sanders, W. T.	
Price, J. M.	
Nunn, P. C.	
Colley, S. T.	
Howell, M. S.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Nunez, J. M.	B. A.
Nash, W. T.	
Stovall, A. S. J.	
Fuller, R. W.	
Morgan, J. B.	Crawford, Wm. B., M. D.
Brinson, S E.	
Carlton, J. M.	
Drane, W. A.	
Traylor, O. A.	
Bentley, B. S.	
Bush, S. T.	
Williams, W. D.	
Tucker, J. M.	
Smith, I. I.	
	1
36	
1887.	
A. B.	
Austin, W. L. M.	
Blount, Jas. H., Macon, Lawyer.	
Finch, Clarence F.	
Flowers, John E., M. D., Doraville, Ga., Physician.	
Florence, Wm. A.	
Hodges, Walter L., Hartwell, Ga., Lawyer.	
*Thomson, Ben Hill.	
*Smith, W. Frank.	
Walker, Chas. M.	
Wimberly, Warren W., Macon, Lawyer.	
Whipple, U. V., Vienna, Ga., Judge County Court.	
Walker, J. Henry, Griffin, Ga., Teacher.	
	9
12	
B. PH.	
Foreman, Robert L., Atlanta, Insurance.	
Hammond, Wm. H., Thomasville, Lawyer.	
Kontz, Ernest C., Atlanta, Lawyer; City Recorder.	
Nowell, Robert L.	
McGhee, Chas. C., Atlanta.	
Peacock, Wesley, Uvalde, Tex., Teacher.	
*Powers, Wm. B.	
	3
7	
B. S. C.	
Walters, Glenn, New York, Journalist.	
	1

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

W. D. Putz.	Downing, Hugh U., Columbus.
W. H. Heard.	Estes, P. H., Gainesville.
W. A. Richards.	Evans, John R., Rayle, Ga., Teacher.
A. M. Torbit.	Glass, W. M., Senoia, Ga.
R. B. Glass.	Giggs, Asa W., West Point, Ga., Teacher.
B. O. Sally.	Hardwick, T. R., Atlanta.
T. P. Mitchell.	Hawes, W. M., Warrenton.
Julian B. Thomas.	Heyman, Arthur, Atlanta, Lawyer.
P. B. Bedingsfield.	Jarrell, Jos. G., M. D., Savannah, Physician.
M. C. McClain.	Knight, Lucian L., Atlanta, Journalist.
W. J. Rowe.	Little, John D., Columbus, Lawyer.
W. H. Hutchinson.	Mell, Jas. C., Macon, Lawyer.
G. W. Bishop.	Quarterman, W. H., Wiunder, Ga., Lawyer.
J. R. Bealt.	Thomas, W. E., Valdosta.
D. R. Kneece.	Williford, Q. L., Madison, Ga.
A. D. Lewis.	
B. F. Jordan.	
W. R. Lovett.	
John C. Beall.	
W. R. Harris.	
W. D. Fowler.	
John M. Glover.	
A. D. White.	
J. B. Threatt.	
W. H. Baxley.	
T. A. Bargeron.	
S. E. McCutcher.	
I. J. Sanders.	

46

1888.

A. M.

Almond, R. W., Franklin, Ga.
Brown, W. G.
Franklin, A. L., Brunswick, Ga..
Tutor Univ. of Ga.; Lawyer and Teacher
Reed, T. W. Athens, Editor.

4

A. B.

Boone, Joseph C., Gainesville, Ga., Lawyer.
Boston, Jos. E., Marietta, Agt. W. & A. R. R.
Broyles, Nash R., Atlanta, Lawyer; U. S. Commissioner.
Coile, Frank W., M. D., Winterville, Ga., Physician.
Comer, H. M., Savannah, Cotton Factor.
Davis, E. C.
Davis, W. A., Lawrenceville.

Downing, Hugh U., Columbus.
Estes, P. H., Gainesville.
Evans, John R., Rayle, Ga., Teacher.
Glass, W. M., Senoia, Ga.
Giggs, Asa W., West Point, Ga., Teacher.
Hardwick, T. R., Atlanta.
Hawes, W. M., Warrenton.
Heyman, Arthur, Atlanta, Lawyer.
Jarrell, Jos. G., M. D., Savannah, Physician.
Knight, Lucian L., Atlanta, Journalist.
Little, John D., Columbus, Lawyer.
Mell, Jas. C., Macon, Lawyer.
Quarterman, W. H., Wiunder, Ga., Lawyer.
Thomas, W. E., Valdosta.
Williford, Q. L., Madison, Ga.

22

B. E.

Daniel, Jno. W., Augusta.
Davis, Oscar S., Greensboro, Ga., Merchant.
McCarroll, A., Augusta.
Kennon, Wm. A., Brunswick, Manufacturer.
Whitehead, Geo. A., Savannah, Merchant.

5

B. Ph.

Barnes, Jno. A., Augusta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature.
Bondurant, Emmet J., Athens, Plumber.
Brand, L. M., Lawrenceville.
Cohen, E. B., Athens, Book-keeper.
Cunningham, T. M., Savannah.
Day, J. B. H., M. D., Social Circle, Physician.
Mercer, Geo. A., Savannah, Lawyer.
Moore, Wilmer L., Atlanta, Merchant.
Smith, Victor L., Atlanta, Lawyer.
Wright, Francis W., Augusta, Insurance.

10

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

B. L.	Martin, G. E. Meadows, J. M. Moore, G. Y. Peacock, E. S. Pennington, J. E. Ray, C. C. Sandel, F. L. Short, O. J. Stothart, J. A. Story, C. R. Terrell, W. W. Thomas, D. N. Tinsley, A. S. Twiggs, R. H. Waldrep, B. F. Wall, J. M. A. Ward, V. J. Ware, F. N. Waters, J. D. Wright, J. B.	46
Beard, L. B., Dawsonville. Broyles, Arnold, Atlanta, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature. Curry, F. Z., Hampton. *Eberhart, Tol. P. Hodges, Walter L., <i>ante</i> . Howell, Albert, Atlanta, Lawyer. Hixon, Jas. A., Americus, Lawyer; Judge County Court. Hughes, F. M., Atlanta, Lawyer. Johnson, Albert S., Arlington. Johnson, Bartow B., Florida. Kinnard, W. C., Newnan. Lane, Wm. T., Monticello. Miller, Brick S., Columbus, Lawyer. Moore, John B. Ray, L. L., Jackson, Ga., Lawyer. Ritch, Jno. L., State of Washington. Steed, W. E., Columbus. Swain, R. V., Warrenton. Wallis, W. P., Americus.	1889.	
18	A M	
M. D.	Bassinger, J. Garnet, Civil Engineer. Gaston, Jas. M., M. D., Atlanta, Physician. Pope, Wm. H., Sante Fe, New Mex., Lawyer.	3
Allen, L. C. Boatwright, W. W. Brockington, W. V. Brown, L. R. Butts, R. M. Cheney, J. N. Coleman, E. T. Crafton, J. N. Derry, H. P. Douglass, W. J. Fulmer, J. Gordon, A. J. Grace, J. T. Gray, G. T. Grealish, D. N. Heavener, W. S. Henry, J. T. Howard, C. N. Hunt, W. T. Jenkins, G. W. Kendall, W. S. Kennedy, D. L. Kirksey, J. J. Lamar, G. W. Lanier, L. H. McCall, E. C.	A. B.	
	Anderson, Geo. D., Marietta, Lawyer. Cooper, Jno. R., Macon, Lawyer. Gitlis, Donald, Palatka, Fla. Hartsfield, Milledge, Washington, D. C., U. S. Treasury Dept. Henderson, W. O., Stilesboro, Ga., Planter. McGough, R., Monroe, Ga. Pohill, H'pe C., Macon, Lawyer; Mem. Legislature. Shepperd, W. W., Walthourville, Ga., Lawyer; State Senator. Stanford, L. W., Hamilton, Ga. Twitty, Frank S., M. D., Camilla, Ga., Physician.	10
	B. PH.	
	Black, Paul S., Washington, D. C., U. S. Land Office.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Cohen, Edward A., Macon, Lawyer.	Thomas, W. E., Valdosta.
Cranford, J. G., Valdosta, Lawyer.	Upshaw, E. P., <i>ante</i> .
Crawford, Remsen, Atlanta, Editor.	Ward, F. M., San Francisco, Cal.
Crawley, J. L., Waycross, Ga.	Ward, Walter R. E., San Francisco, Cal.
Hardeman, Frank, Athens, Cotton Buyer.	Warren, C. R., Hawkinsville.
Sample, R. S.	Watkins, E. W., County Line, Ga.
Varnadoe, S. M., Valdosta, Ga., Lawyer	Wellborn, Carl J., Atlanta.
Willcoxon, A. C., Atlanta, Lawyer.	
	27
	M. D.
Barnett, J. W., Athens, City Engineer.	Attaway, Edge, J.
Fleming, E. C., Augusta, Cotton Factor.	Bagwell, A. A.
Rockwell, W. O. D., Savannah.	Bell, D. A. J., Jr.
Stewart, E. C., Atlanta.	Bradfield, R. L.
	Brock, F. M.
	Brooker, B. D.
	Buford, O. H.
	Burch, A. W.
	Burk, D. H.
	Cason, C. W.
	Chitty, F. W.
	Clark, C. J.
	Davis, J. M.
	Dillashaw, J. A.
	Dillon, Jno. T.
	Dozier, L. G.
	Ethridge, S. G.
	Frost, W. J.
	Hairston, T. D.
	Hall, J. H.
	Hartly, D. J.
	Hicks, W. J.
	Heirs, J. L.
	Hood, W. J.
	Hull, J. L.
	Lasiter, O. F.
	Loovorn, R. M.
	Mayhugh, Jas.
	McClain, J. W.
	McLouchlin, T. J.
	McMath, J. F.
	McMillan, J. B.
	Meadows, J. W.
	Patton, B. W.
	Peacock, M. D. L.
	Peeler, J. E.
	Posey, J. M.
	Powell, J. W.
	Prather, W. S.
	Preacher, W. A.
	Price, Z. M.
	Smith, B. J.
	Smith, J. L.
	Smith, J. T.

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Smith, W.		B. Ph.
Troutt, J. H.		
Tutt, C. H.		
Tyson, J. D.		
Watts, W. B.		
Wyman, E. H.	50	
		Arkwright, P. S., Atlanta, Lawyer.
		Crittenden, Hiram O., Shellman, Ga., Merchant.
		Hall, John.
		Harper, A. S., Rome.
		Hill, Thos. L., Danville, Ga., Farmer.
		Holder, John N., Jefferson, Ga., Editor.
		Johnston, A. F., West Point.
		Jones, Percy, Atlanta.
		Lawrence, A. A.
		Russell, Edward G., Washington, D. C., U. S. Naval Office.
		Sandford D. Stetson, Enid, O. T., U. S. Land Office.
		Shackleford, Frank C., Athens, Lawyer.
		Sheffield, R. H., Blakely.
		Stallings, Wm. L., Newnan, Ga., Lawyer.
		Williford, J. H., Madison.
Basinger, Wm. S.	1	15
		B. L.
C. & M. E.		
Basinger, J. Garnet, <i>ante</i> .	1	
		Alexander, Jos. A., Baxley, Ga.
		Avary, Robt. L., Atlanta, Lawyer.
		Barclay, Wyatt D., Darien.
		Bond, J. F. L., Danielsville.
		Boone, Clifton, <i>ante</i> .
		Cannon, R. C., Waycross.
		Cohen, E. A., <i>ante</i> .
		Cooper, Jno. R., <i>ante</i> .
		Branford, J. G., <i>ante</i> .
		Drewry, Jas. H., Griffin.
		Edwards, M. C., Cuthbert.
		Evans, Geo. C., Sandersville.
		Fitzgerald, J. B., Americus.
		Frazier, Donald, Decatur.
		Fried, Jos., Macon.
		Geiger, Jas. B., Mt. Vernon, Ga.
		Gordon, W. W., Savannah, Lawyer.
		Green, Dan. W., Atlanta.
		Green, T. Fitz., Athens, Lawyer.
		Hart, Ebb. J., Americus.
		Little, Jno. D., <i>ante</i> .
		Martin, F. R., Macon.
		Maynard, R. L., Americus, Lawyer.
		Moore, Robt. L., Savannah.
Callaway, F. E., Columbus, Insurance.		
Ellis, W. D., Atlanta, Lawyer.		
Hall, B. W., Atlanta, Civil Engineer.		
Hardman, Thos. C., Harmony Grove, Ga., Merchant.		
Harrington, Alfred S., West Point, Ga.		
Hayes, Zach C., Elberton, Ga., Bookkeeper.		
Moore, E. B.		
Poullain, N. L., Madison.		
Reid, W. Dennis, Eatonton, Ga., Teacher.		
Shaw, W. J., Rome.		
Smith, J. R. L., Macon.		
Upson, Stephen C., Athens, Lawyer.		
Way, W. Spencer, Athens, Electrical Engineer.	13	
		B. E.
Coates, Jesse, Athens, Instructor in Physics.		
Collier, Bryan C., New York.		
Cooper, H. F.		
Dozier, Jas. H., Civil Engineer.		
Garbett, M. W., Civil Engineer.		
	5	

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Mynatt, Pryor L., Atlanta, Lawyer.
 Polhill, Hope C., *ante*.
 Pollhill, J. G., Frankville, Ga.
 Pope, W. H., *ante*.
 Quarterman, W. H., *ante*.
 Shepperd, W. W., *ante*.
 Smith, Joel E., Monticello, Fla.
 Spence, Wm. P., Waresboro, Ga.
 Walker, Joel P., Dublin, Ga., Lawyer.
 Wheatley, Walter K., Americus, Lawyer.
 Willcoxon, A. C., *ante*.

35

M. D.

L. M. Able.
 Jas. F. Baker.
 Jno. H. Barr.
 Chas. S. Brown.
 Jas. Roy Chappell.
 M. B. Cope.
 Jno. F. Cronin.
 H. W. Doster.
 J. W. Eberhardt.
 C. E. B. Flagg.
 Jas. M. Gostin.
 John E. Hanna.
 G. W. Hatcher.
 W. S. Hay.
 R. L. Huddleton.

Jno. J. Jones.
 W. T. Jones.
 D. C. Judson.
 R. T. Laseter.
 H. H. Malone.
 W. C. Maloy.
 W. H. Moore.
 E. M. Osborne.
 Geo. Paterson.
 Chas. B. Patterson.
 Jno. T. Pattison.
 F. H. Phillips.
 S. T. Potts, Jr.
 J. O. A. Reed.
 W. B. Rimes.
 W. W. Robertts.
 P. E. B. Robertson.
 W. T. Roney.
 S. Theo. Ross.
 Jos. S. Samuel.
 R. B. Sconyers.
 John R. Simpson.
 S. H. Smith.
 W. J. Smith.

W. P. Smith.
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 S. L. Wharton.
 E. A. Wilchester.
 Jos. J. Williams.
 J. G. Williamson.
 M. C. Wilson.
 Jas. I. Wilson.
 M. N. Wood.
 W. E. Wood.

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1891.

A. M.

Harwell, Frank, LaGrange, Ga., Lawyer.

A. B.

Anderson, Wm. D., Marietta, Lawyer.
 Boylston, A. D., Atlanta.
 Boston, Jno. H., Marietta.
 Brinkley, S. G., (*in course*) Teacher.
 Brumby, Campbell W., Athens, Druggist.
 Durden, Frank R., Swainsboro, Ga., Lawyer.
 Hurt, G. L., High Shoals.
 King, Walker, Crockett, Tex., Teacher.
 Mitchell, Frank, Crawfordsville, Lawyer.
 Lanier, R. R., West Point.
 Smith, J. D.

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Shackleford, Thos. J., Athens, Lawyer.		M. D.
Yoemans, M. J., Dawson, Ga., Supt. Public Schools.		
Wright, Anton P., Thomasville, Ga., Lawyer.	14	
B. S.		
Hull, Marion McH., M. D., Wash- ington, D. C., Gen. Land Office.	1	
B. Ph.		
Cloud, Joel, Thomson, Ga., Teach- er.		
Felder, Thos. S., Perry.		
Mathews, J. F.		
Peacock, J. H.		
Pollock, G. D., Canton, Ga., Teacher.		
Pickett, B. F.	6	
B. E.		
Camak, Jas. W., Athens.		
Gerdine, Thos. G., Los Angelos, Cal., U. S. Engineer.		
Sheffield, Oscar H., Athens, In- structor in Engineering.	3	
B. L.		
Arkwright, P. S., <i>ante</i> .		
Barge, J. J., Atlanta.		
Crawley, J. L., <i>ante</i> .		
Cone, J. H., Lake City, Fla.		
Davis, E. T., Savannah.		
Farmer, I. E., Thomson.		
Foote, M., Atlanta, Lawyer.		
*Fontaine, F. M.		
Garland, J. J., Barnesville.		
Hardeman, R. N., Clinton.		
Jones, W. R., Jonesboro.		
Jones, S. Percy, <i>ante</i> .		
Mills, M. M., Jackson.		
Mitchell, G. F., Atlanta.		
Philips Benj. Z., Atlanta.		
Smith, J. R. L., <i>ante</i> .		
Tribble, S. J., <i>ante</i> .	17	
C. B. Almond.		
W. E. Arnold.		
J. A. Barnes.		
W. R. Barnwell.		
J. J. Barton.		
D. H. Blackburn.		
F. P. Branch.		
J. A. Brown.		
J. J. Bridges.		
J. A. Bryan.		
B. M. Buffington.		
O. B. Bush.		
T. A. Buxton.		
G. T. Canning.		
R. L. Credille.		
J. G. Culpepper.		
Chas. H. Davenport.		
Jeff. S. Davis.		
W. A. Dees.		
Jas. L. Donnan.		
S. T. Ellis.		
E. W. Ellis.		
W. B. Finney.		
David Fitzgerald.		
C. E. Fiveash.		
John J. Green.		
B. W. Hall.		
John T. Hancock.		
J. T. Hawkins.		
R. N. Hicks.		
T. E. Hubert.		
H. W. Ilderton.		
Daniel W. Kennedy.		
Jas. J. Kilpatrick.		
W. W. Lee.		
F. W. McCall.		
John O. Mann.		
R. L. Miller.		
W. H. Mitchell.		
John A. Pirkle.		
Wm. Poulett.		
W. B. Rimes.		
W. W. Roberts.		
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W. T. Roney.		
John R. Simpson.		
W. P. Smith.		
L. C. Spence.		
Geo. W. Traylor.		
B. J. Veal.		
Jas. I. Wilson.		
Samuel Wilson.		
M. N. Wood.		53

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1892.		B. S.
M. S.		Hogg, R. N., West Point.
Hull, M. McH., <i>ante</i> , Fellow in Biology.	1	
A. M.		B. A.
Calloway, F. E., <i>ante</i> , Fellow in English.	1	Calloway, Eugene, Washington Ga.
C. E.		Horton, M. C., Pendleton, S. C.
Sheffield, O. H., <i>ante</i> .	1	Horton, O. E., Pendleton, S. C.
A. B.		
Black, Eugene R., Atlanta, Lawyer.		Brewton, S. B., Hagan, Ga.
Blasingame, Jas. C., Jackson, Ga., Teacher.		Crossland, D. F., Savannah.
Boggs, Adam A., Gottingen, Germany, Student.		Durden, F. R., <i>ante</i> .
Brown, Louis L., Fort Valley, Ga., Lawyer.		Glass, W. M., Senoia.
Cassels, Sam'l J., Thomasville.		Henry, J. E., Seal, Ala.
*Christie, W. E.		Hodgson, E. R., Athens, Cotton.
Denmark, E., Savannah, Lawyer.		Kimball, J. C., Atlanta, Lawyer.
Franklin, V. E., Excelsior, Ga.		Merritt, G. A., Siloam.
Frey, E. W., Marietta.		Milton, J., Marianna, Fla.
Horsey, Jos. S., M. D., West Point, Ga., Physician.		Shackleford, F. C., <i>ante</i> .
Kelly, W. Troy, Jackson, Ga., Teacher.		Shackleford, T. J., <i>ante</i> .
Lewis, J. Fred, Savannah, Journalist.		Stallings, W. L., <i>ante</i> .
Park, W. G., LaGrange.		Weems, E. F., Hampton.
Sibley, Sam H., Union Point, Ga., Lawyer.		
Smith, Harmon H., Senoia.	13	
Whelchel, J. E., Gainesville.		M. D.
Youngblood, Dudley, Atlanta.		
Tally, J. N., Macon, U. S. Court Reporter.	18	L. P. Bagwell.
B. E.		C. A. Blanchard.
Dallis, Roy, LaGrange.		F. H. Boyd.
Gramling, Wm. N., Brunswick, R. R. Service.		J. E. Brunson.
Lane, Julian R., Macon, R. R. Service.		E. A. Chance.
Lawrence, R. DeT., Marietta.	4	J. M. Christian.
		G. H. Dye.
		O. L. Deadwyler.
		W. N. Edenfield.
		J. L. Estes.
		M. O. Fulcher.
		J. W. Gillespie.
		D. C. Harrison.
		J. W. Jones.
		J. H. Kennedy.
		L. P. Lane.
		G. A. Lawrence.
		J. R. Littleton.
		W. H. Moss.
		M. U. Nix.
		J. E. Norton.
		R. R. Pickett.

A. M. Rountree,
 T. W. Taylor.
 C. C. Thompson.
 H. A. Wall.
 H. F. White.
 J. D. Whitehead.
 J. F. Wannamaker.
 J. D. Wilson.
 Y. E. Wright.
 W. D. Woods.
 L. P. Youmans.

33

1893.

A. M.

Boggs, A. A., *ante*, Fellow in Mod.
 Lang.

A. B.

Alexander, H. A., Atlanta, Lawyer.
 Barfield, F. G., Cuthbert, Teacher.
 Dorsey, Hugh M., Atlanta.
 Dodd, Eugene, Ford, Ga.
 Cabaniss, E. G., Savannah.
 Frey, B. F., Marietta.
 Goodrich, W. H., Augusta.
 Green, E. P., Marietta.
 Hillyer, George, Atlanta.
 Hodgson, Harry, Athens, Journalist.
 Halsey, A. O., Charleston, S. C., Merchant.
 Halsey, E. L., Charleston, S. C., Merchant.
 Johnson, Green F., Monticello, Ga.
 Lewis, M. A., Eatonton.
 Moreno, Hal. C., Athens, Tutor in Math.
 Rountree, B. L., Summit, Ga.
 Slade, Lester C., Columbus, Ga.
 Stewart, N. B., Washington, D. C., Pension Clerk.
 Taylor, James, Americus.
 Warren, W. P., Atlanta.
 Watkins, Newton, Rutledge.

21

B. E.

Gantt, R. J., Washington, D. C., Clerk,

Lawrence, Sam. L., Marietta.
 Lyndon, Lamar, Athens, Manufacturer.
 Nally, Rufus B., Douglasville.

4

B. S.

Barnwell, E. W., Athens.
 Bennett, T. J., Jefferson, Ga., Teacher.

2

B. L.

Bacon, W. W., Albany.
 Brown, Jas. P., Greensboro.
 Brown, L. L., *ante*.
 Dart, F. W., Brunswick.
 Dean, J. E., Rome.
 Dean, S. C., Atlanta.
 Erwin, Alex., Athens, Lawyer.
 Govan, F. G., Rome, Ga.
 Greer, L. C., Oglethorpe, Ga.
 Hardwick, T. W., Tennille.
 Harris, C. P., Watkinsville.
 Harvard, W. V., Vienna.
 Heyman, A., *ante*.
 Horton, M. C., *ante*.
 Horton, O. E., *ante*.
 Hiles, W. W., Rome.
 Humphries, Jno. D., Hapeville.
 Humphries, Jos. W., Hapeville.
 Kelly, J. V., Tennille.
 Mathews, W. J., Winder.
 Moon, E. T., Logansville.
 Morris, N. A., Roswell.
 Ogden, Monroe G., Macon, Lawyer.
 Overstreet, E. K., Sylvania.
 Park, O. A., Cochran.
 Peacock, Zeb, V., Eastman, Ga., Lawyer.
 Persons, G. O., Fort Valley.
 Rutherford, Sam., Culloden.
 Sheppard, W. W., *ante*.
 Sibley, Sam. H., *ante*.
 Smith, T. C., Atlanta.
 Sweat, L. L., Waycross.
 Whelchel, J. E., *ante*.
 Whitaker, D. B., Franklin.
 Winship, Blanton, Macon.

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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

M. D.

G. R. Aultman.
J. J. Burch.
J. N. Childs.
N. J. Coker.
M. M. Connor.
A. J. Deas.
H. C. Doughty.
T. W. Ellis.
W. C. Hatcher.
J. L. Kennedy.
W. C. Leary.
J. C. LeHardy.
F. Lotheridge.
W. C. Lyle.
G. R. Maner.
H. L. Martin.
C. H. Meldrim.
J. E. Moon.
G. W. Mountain.
C. N. Nix.
J. C. Norton.
W. W. Pilcher.
T. A. Powell.
A. T. Ray.
J. H. Self.
H. Smith.
H. H. Towns.
R. J. Vidotto.
J. H. Williams.
J. W. Wyman.

1894.

A. M.

Alexander, Harry A., *ante*, Fellow in Mod. Lang.
Gerdine, Lynn V., Baltimore,
John Hopkins.
Johnson, Green F., *ante*, Fellow
in English.
Moreno, Halcott C., *ante*.
Slade, Lester C., *ante*, Fellow in
Biology.

5

A. B.

Akerman, Jos., Athens.
Bacon, Wm. T., Madison, Ga.
Baldwin, Benj. S., Cuthbert.
Barrow, David C., 3d, Savannah.
Brannen, J. E., Irac, Ga.

Bower, Byron B., Jr., Bainbridge.
Davis, Edwin, Greensboro.
Dorsey, Jasper N., Gainesville.
Fleming, Paul L., Atlanta.
Fricks, Lunsford D., Chatta-
nooga.
Fuller, W. A., Atlanta.
Harbin, Wm. P., Carrollton.
Harrington, Jno. M., West Point.
Madden, Jno. B., Griffin.
McCutcheon, Cicero D., Jr.,
Dalton.
McGregor, Thos. A.
Moore, Noel McH., Athens, Fel-
low in Biology.
Moye, T. Ralph, Cuthbert.
Stephens, Alex. W., Atlanta.
Stubbs, Jno. V., Cedartown.
Tidwell, Chas. R., Atlanta.
Yow, S. Benj., Toccoa.

22

M. S.

Barnwell, E. W., *ante*.
Franklin, V. E., *ante*, Fellow in
Biology.

2

B. S.

Cloud, D. L., Thomson.

1

C. E.

Camak, Louis, Athens.

1

B. E.

Beckett, Geo. W., Savannah.
Brown, Henry C., Augusta.
Butler, Geo. P., Athens, Fellow in
Math.
Stelling, Jno. D., Augusta.
Wrigley, Arthur, Macon.

5

B. L.

Bush, Robt. D., Camilla.
Daly, Aug. D., Macon.
Kline, Chas. D., Savannah.
Lanier, Jeff. D., Savannah.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Lester, Pharos R., Savannah.	Brown, R. A.
Martin, Gab. P., Arp.	Crider, J. G.
Mell, Jas. C., <i>ante</i> .	Carlton, B. J.
Mitchell, Frank, <i>ante</i> .	Fressel, J. C.
Mobley, Jno. H., Lumber City, Ga.	Houssien, M. D.
Smith, Chas. H., Jr., Buford.	Herne, G. T.
Stafford, Eleazer J.	Kessler, J. C.
Sterling, D. S., Atoka, Tenn.	Mobley, J. W.
Strong, H. C., Atoka, Tenn.	Mole, E. C. B.
Upson, Stephen C., <i>ante</i> .	Ramsey, W. T.
Wallace, Jas. Q., Albany.	Smith, C. R.
Warren, Louis B., Macon.	Sheppard, C. C.
Young, Geo. McLean, N. Dakota.	Turner, H. N.
	Taylor, T. W. J.
	Wilkinson, W. S.
	Wright, J. C.
	Wahl, F.
	Walden, W. V.

17

M. D.

Bryan, W. C.
Bowen, J. H.

HONORARY DEGREES.

1804.

- *Ebenezer H. Cummins, A. M.
- *Elijah Clarke, A. M.
- *John Forsyth, A. M.
- *Henry Meigs, A. M.
- *William Prince, A. M.

1806.

- *William Best, D. D.
- *Addin Lewis, A. M.

1807.

- *John Thomson, A. M.

1809.

- *Joel Barlow, LL. D.

1814.

- *Duncan G. Campbell, A. M.

1815.

- *John R. Thompson, D. D.

1820.

- *Francis Cummins, D. D.

1823.

- *Augustus B. Longstreet, A. M.
- *Joseph V. Bevan, A. M.
- *Charles C. Mayson, A. M.
- *Joseph H. Lumpkin, A. M.
- *George W. Crawford, A. M.

1824.

- *William H. Barr, D. D.
- *William H. Crawford, LL. D.
- *Albert Iverson, A. M.
- *Alexander H. Webster, A. M.
- *Nathan Warner, A. M.
- *James Rembert, A. M.
- *Joseph Traris, A. M.

1825.

- *Abram Walker, A. M., Trustee.
- *Alvin Lathrop, A. M., Tutor.

1826.

- *Francis H. Cone, A. M.
- *Nathaniel H. Harris, A. M.

1827.

- *Robert Cunningham, D. D.
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1831.

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- *George D. Rice, A. M.
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1832.

- **William McWhir, D. D.*
- **Richard K. Hill, A. M.*
- **Miller H. Hubbard, A. M.*
- **Edward Lawrence, A. M.*
- **William A. Rembert.*
- **William S. Rockwell, A. M.*

1833.

- **George L. Holmes, A. M.*
- **Jacob G. McWhorter, A. M.*

1834.

- **James A. Groves, A. M.*
- **Joseph B. Shaw, A. M.*

1835.

- **Adam T. Holmes, A. M.*

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- **John S. Pressley, A. M.*
- **James T. Phelps, A. M.*

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- **Robert A. T. Ridley, A. M.*

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- **James Gardner, Jr., A. M.*

1839.

- **William Preston, D. D.*

1841.

- **Nathan Hoyt, D. D.*
- **Stephen Elliott, D. D.*
- **Charles D. Bowman, A. M.*
- **William B. Stevens, D. D.*

1842.

- **James Camak, A. M.*

1843.

- **George McDuffie, LL. D.*

1844.

- **Alexander B. Meek, A. M.*

1845.

- **Samuel S. Davies, D. D.*
- **Edward Neufville, D. D.*

1848.

- Henry R. Jackson, A. M.*
- Henry Coppee, A. M.*
- Abram H. McClaws, A. M.*

1849.

- **Walker J. Brooks, A. M.*

1850.

- **John McPherson Berrien, LL. D.*
- **Daniel S. Printup, A. M.*

1852.

- **Marcellus Stanley, A. M.*
- **James W. Armstrong, A. M.*

1854.

- **William T. Brantley, D. D.*
- **Nathaniel Macon Crawford, D. D.*
- **John A. Crawford, A. M.*

1855.

- Stephen V. Benet, A. M.*

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1856.

- **Samuel H. Higgins, D. D.*
- **I. S. S. K. Axson, D. D.*
- **James R. Thomas, D. D.*

1857.

David C. Barrow, A. M., Trustee.

1858.

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- **Andrew DeLeffre, A. M.*
- **Patrick H. Mell, D. D.*

1859.

Eustace W. Speer, D. D.

1860.

- **Thomas J. Bacon, A. M.*
- **Joseph C. Stiles, LL. D.*

1861.

C. M. Cooper, A. M.

1863.

**William N. White, A. M.*

1866.

**William M. Browne, A. M.*

1867.

- L. H. Charbonnier, A. M.*
- **John W. Beckwith, D. D.*
- **Joseph S. Key, D. D.*

1868.

- **William B. Johnston, A. M.*
- John Fulton, D. D.*
- **Eugenius A. Nisbet, LL. D.*

1869.

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- S. B. Sutherland, D. D.*
- L. A. Dugas, LL. D.*

1870.

- **Henry Moore, A. M.*
- **Ferdinand Jacobs, D. D.*
- **Lucius Q. C. Lamar, LL. D.*

1871.

- Alexander S. Erwin, LL. B.*
- W. B. Howe, D. D.*
- **James O. A. Clarke, D. D.*

1873.

- A. J. Battle, D. D.*
- **John N. Waddell, LL. D.*

1874.

- **Frank Schaller, A. M.*

1876.

- **John Jones, D. D.*
- Eugene H. Beck, A. M.*
- Benj. P. Gaillard, A. M.*

1877.

- Thomas A. Hoyt, D. D.*
- **Wm. L. Mitchell, LL. D.*

1878.

- **James Jackson, LL. D.*
- **John LeConte, LL. D.*
- Joseph LeConte, LL. D.*
- **David L. Buttolph, D. D.*

1880.

- George W. Rains, LL. D.*
- P. J. Berckmans, A. M.*

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

D. C. Barrow, Jr., A. M. S. J. Coffman, A. M. P. H. Mell, Jr., Ph. D.	1889.
Nathan H. Bass, A. B.	
1881.	1890.
S. D. Bradwell, A. M.	William H. Fleming, A. M. J. G. C. Parker, A. M. <i>Henry F. Hoyt, D. D.</i> Abner W. Calhoun, LL. D.
1882.	
Walter LeConte Stevens, Ph. D. Wm. M. Hammond, A. M.	1891.
1884.	William F. Slayton, A. M. L. C. Adamson, A. M. Morgan L. Parker, A. M. <i>William J. Scott, D. D.</i>
<i>John L. Johnson, D. D.</i> Walter P. Wilson, A. M.	1892.
1885.	Joseph Jones, LL. D.
W. F. Crusselle, A. M. James C. Harris, A. M.	1893.
1885.	I. P. Mendez, A. M. Charles M. Snelling, A. M. John D. Robins, D. D. <i>Henry R. Jackson, LL. D.</i>
Joseph D. Pope, A. B. J. H. Belcher, A. B.	1894.
1888.	Alex. R. Lawton, LL. D. W. Leroy Broun, LL. D. W. M. Slaton, A. M.
J. U. Long, A. B.	

*A LIST OF STUDENTS WHO MATRICULATED, BUT DID NOT GRADUATE.

1821.

Andrews, Edwin R.	Rutherford, Phaedrus.	Jones, William.
Barnett, Charles.	Sample, _____.	Kennedy, John L.
Baldwin, Thomas.	Sims, Henry.	Ligon, Thomas.
Blanton, James.	Sullivan, Thomas.	Macon, William.
Billups, John, Trustee:	Sturges, Daniel.	Meriwether, James.
Speaker of the House:	Taylor, John J.	Mosely, Richard.
President of the Senate.	Thweatt, Micajah W.	Myers, Adrian.
Brown, Robert.	Thornton, James.	Philips, James.
Bugg, Charles.	Thornton, Vincent.	Pope, Charles.
Bugg, Benjamin.	Turell, James C.	Reid, George.
Crabb, William.	Ware, Henry.	Reynolds, James M.
Clements, Massey.	Watkins, David.	Reynolds, Joseph.
Coulson, Paul.	Watkins, James.	Scott, Josiah.
Davis, Robert.	Walker, Robert, Judge	Scott, William.
Frierson, Samuel D.	Superior Court.	Ware, Joseph.
Gage, James.	Williams, Robert.	Ware, Thomas.
Gautier, Peter.	Williams, Stephen.	Watkins, Anderson.
Goode, Mackerness.	Young, George H.	Weems, Berrien.

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40

1822.

Andrews, Elbert.	Browning, Albert.
Blackshear, James H.	Cleveland, John.
Bibb, George B.	Early, Thomas.
Brown, William.	Hambleton, Joseph.
Bunkley, Jesse L.	Matthews, Joel.
Bryant, Jefferson.	Myers, Syrenius.
Clarke, John.	Sanders, Joseph.
Clarke, Wiley P.	Shelman, Joseph.
Crawford, John.	Skrine, Quintilian.
Crawford, Levi.	Welborn, Marshal.
Coulson, William.	
Dawson, Burwell.	
Dillard, George.	
Franklin, Robert.	
Feay, William.	
Gardner, John.	
Green, William P.	
Harris, Peter C.	
Hill, Meriwether.	
Hoff, Taliaferro.	
Holt, Fowler.	
Howard, Augustus.	

10

1824.

Bryan, Jackson.
Clark, Joseph T.
Dubose, James C.
Dupont, Joseph.
Gibson, Joseph.
Gibson, Richard.
Huguenin, Edward.
King, Thomas.

*NOTE.—The record prior to 1821 has been lost. So from 1851 to 1861. The names for the latter period have been supplied from other sources, but doubtless there are many omissions. The date indicates the year the student entered college.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Mitchell, Walter H.	Banks, ——.	Williams, Edwin.
Moulton, Briggs.	Barrow, A.	Wright, Augustus R.,
Nesbitt, Hugh W.	Barrow, Thomas G.	Judge Sup. Court.
Semmes, Andrew.	Campbell, Charter.	26
Shepherd, Abbot.	Drysdale, Alex.	
Toombs, Robert, Trustee; United States Senator; Secretary of State of Confederate States; Brig.-Gen'l C. S. Army.	Gaither, Burgess.	
Walker, John T.	Hall, John.	1829.
	Harris, Watkins.	
1825.	Hill, William P.	
	Hines, John M.	
Bacon, William.	Howard, John.	
Bunkley, William.	Jones, Iverson.	
Cabell, William.	15 Knox, Milton.	
Crafton, Archibald.	Lamar, John B., Colonel C. S. A.; Killed at Crampton's Gap.	
Cook, Asa B.	Mitchell, Samuel.	
Dubignon, Charles.	Mitchell, William H.	
Greenwood, Edwin.	Moore, Edwin T.	
Heard, John.	Price, ——.	
Hobby, ——.	Porter, James M.	
Lewis, John L.	Reeves, John S.	
Rembert, William P.	Robert, Samuel.	
Speers, Robert H.	Robert, William.	
Wilkins, William.	Shields, Benjamin G.	
Womack, John.	Wray, Albert.	
Wyche, Jeremiah.	Wimberley, Henry.	
1826.	15	27
Dubose, William.	Alexander, Robert.	
Henley, John W.	Bacon, William B.	1830.
Jack, William.	Branham, James.	
Jones, George W.	Blackshear, Jefferson.	
Jones, Wylie.	Batty, Thomas, M. D.	
Kenney, Charles.	Breazial, Willis.	
Kenney, Joseph.	Bouchelle, Francis.	
Lacey, ——.	Bowdre, Lucian.	
Marable, E. G.	Caldwell, John M.	
Murrah, William.	Espey, James.	
Rogers, Charles.	Franklin, William.	
Rogers, William.	Fulton, Hamilton	
Stevens, James D.	Foster, James.	
Stoney, Gailliard.	Flournoy, John.	
Strobert, Thomas.	Gaulden, John P.	
Wilkins, Thomas.	Henderson, H. S.	
Wiggins, John.	Holt, Richard.	
1827.	17 Jones, Albert.	
Alexander, James.	Moultrie, Joseph L.	
Baker, ——.	Norwood, James.	
	Nott, Edward.	
	Rupert, James C.	
	Russell, Benjamin T.	
	Saffold, Joseph.	

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Toombs, James H.		1833.	Taylor, James.
Walker, Alex.			Varnadoe, Samuel.
Watkins, S. G.			
White, William B.			
Whitehead, John P. C.			
Williams, George.			
Wiggins, James.			
	25		
			1835.
Auge, Theodore.			Anderson, George.
Baldwin, William.			Attaway, John W.
Boling, James M.			Baker, John T.
Cunningham, John R.			Blanton, William.
Dabney, Anderson.			Battle, Oliver.
Furlow, Timothy M.			Bartow, John.
Grant, Augustus L.			Boyd, Joseph T.
Hamilton, Charles T.			Boykin, James.
Howard, Thomas.			Boyce, John.
Iverson, Robert.			Brock, James T.
Marion, Joseph M.			Buffington, C.
Martin, B. T.			Courvoisie, Joseph A.
Mitchell, Thomas A.			Early, Alex.
Mills, John T.			Fall, Calvin J.
Owen, A. F.			Gordon, A. G.
Page, F. F.			Hartridge, Theo.
Rivers, John G.			Hunt, Robert.
Vason, Jesse M.			21 Love, Peter.
Wade, Seaborn.			Mimms, William.
Whidby, James.			Mitchell, A. C.
Williams, Milton.			Murdock, John.
	18	1834.	Pressley, Benj.
			Pope, R. R.
Blackshear, Hamilton.			Rowland, John.
Baird, Benjamin.			Seton, George.
Calhoun, A. T.			Smith, Benj.
Cary, John.			Wade, James.
Clark, Archibald.			Whatley, E. L.
Chambers, James C.			Womack, H. B.
Cooper, George.			
Cooper, William A.			
Fannin, James H.			
Fleming, Thomas.			
Foster, Hiliary.			
Gardner, Samuel E.			
George, Alfred.			
Hart, Levi.			
Howard, J. G.			
Houston, John.			
Jones, Augustus.			
Lamar, Thomas B.			
Loyd, Benjamin.			
Lowther, William.			
Manning, William.			
Mallard, Samuel.			
McCan, William H.			
Miller, George W.			
Nisbet, Robert.			
Pope, Alex.			
Polhill, Thomas H.			
Reddick, James C.			
22 Remsen, Rem.			
			1836.
			Atkinson, Nat.
			Baldwin, Augustus.
			Baker, Thomas.
			Briggs, Stewart.
			Bonner, Thomas C.
			Cox, Edward.
			Cox, Mat.
			Cobb, Joseph B.
			Cumming, William H.,
			M. D.
			Dearing, Albin P.
			Dawson, William R.
			Ewing, Joseph E.
			Footman, Henry.
			Harris, Edwin.
			Holland, A. S.
			Jones, Russell.

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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Lewis, R. S.	Bibb, George R.	Smith, John C.
Low, ——.	Bibb, Joseph.	Trippe, James.
Lumpkin, Samuel H.	Bibb, William C.	Tucker, John.
McGehee, E. F.	Boykin, James.	Walton, William N.
McCleskey, L.	Brownlee, James.	Wagner, Edwin.
Mitchell, M. G.	Camak, James, M. D.	Watkins, Robert.
Moore, C. B.	Chisholm, John K.	Winn, Sumner.
Moore, S. G.	Chisholm, Richard.	
Phinizy, John T.	Dawson, William R.	
Rentry, G. S.	Dearing, Alfred L.	1840.
Renwick, William.	Evans, William.	
Semmes, John.	Evans, Washington.	
Stevens, J.	Felder, Adam.	Abercrombie, Charles.
Whaley, E.	Felder, Lewis.	Branch, William H.
Whaley, W. J.	Fleming, Julian.	Byrd, James R.
Way, Richard.	Hancock, George.	Cheatham, John L.
Young, C. W.	Harris, Thomas.	Curry, William.
Yonge, C. C.	Hunter, George L.	Grey, H. N.
	35 Jordan, Green J.	Harris, Stephen W.
	LeFils, Daniel.	LaRoche, R.
1837.	Meriwether, Thomas M.	Lumpkin, John C.
Baldwin, John.	Phinizy, Jacob.	Nisbet, John.
Battle, Thomas.	Poullain, Thomas.	Price, Joseph A.
Bibb, William J.	Pope, Charles.	Rich, David A.
Bowdre, ——.	Pope, William.	Strother, C.
Crawford, Anderson.	Roberts, Daniel.	Wilie, A. P.
Crawford, William.	Spann, Henry R.	Wright, M. R.
Cone, John.	Stevens, Thomas S.	Wynne, ——.
Demery, John.	Strong, Elisha.	
Dunham, James H.	Thomas, David.	1841.
Dunham, Joseph.	Thompson, William G.	
Fulton, James A.	Turman, W. R.	
Greenwood, H. T.	Walker, Q. P.	
Grimes, George S.	White, Joseph.	
Huggins, Joel A.	Winstead, William.	
Jones, Thomas H.		Andrews, Geo. W.
Lowe, James H.		Bartlett, Geo. T., Judge
Martin, A. W.		Superior Court.
McGehee, Abner.		38 Barron, E. J.
McGehee, James.		Branch, James.
Pope, John H.		Berry, William T.
Render, ——.		Boyle, James.
Sanders, B. M.		Carlton, Joseph B., M. D.
Turpin, William H.		Coalson, John J.
Whaley, B. T.		Croom, Alex.
White, Fred.		Daniel, Francis.
Yarborough, Thos. H.		Daniel, Miller.
	26 Kendall, John.	Cutliff, John M.
1838.	Lindsey, John O.	Fannin, Oliver P.
Baldwin, William.	Puryear, John.	Gaines, George.
Barber, Philip.	Riddle, Archibald.	Graves, John T.
Bellamy, R. H.	Remsen, D. H.	Graham, Wm.
	Spalding, Randolph.	Gibson, Robt.
	Stevens, L. H.	Holland, Geo. W.
	Schley, William.	Holt, Wm. C.
		Lamar, Henry.
		Lowe, B.
		McIntosh, M.
		McNeil, L. R.
		Mann, Thomas.

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Orr, Gustavus J., Com-missioner of Educa-tion.	Sereven, John, Trustee-Spencer, Solomon.	Moody, Waldemar.
Pope, John.	Schley, H. J.	McLeod, R. H.
Pope, John W.	Varnadoe, N.	Nelms, James.
Powers, _____.	Wingfield, Alonzo C.	Newsome, Lewis.
Russell, J. A.		Rucker, Elbert.
Shepperd John C.	1844.	20 Rutherford, James.
Scott, Wm. B.		Reynolds, Thomas H.
Taylor, M. T.		• Saffold, Isham H.
Taylor, J. L.	Bacot, Edward.	Steadman, James.
Warren, Walter.	Bailey, Henry.	Stroud, John.
Wells, Joseph M.	Benet, Stephen V., Brig.-Gen. U. S. Army.	Timrod, Henry, Poet.
Witherspoon, Cicero.		Verstille, H. W.
		Walker, Nathan.
		27
1842.		
Bacon, Thos. J.	36 Bryan, Joseph.	Cox, R. R.
Barnett, William.	Howard, Geo. T.	DeLyon, C. A.
Billups, Joseph P.	Hurt, John W.	Eppes, Thomas J.
Borders, Abner.	Hughes, Daniel G.	Ferrell, Coleman.
Dawson, Oscar.	Jackson, Wm. Bulloch.	Fitzsimmons, O. P.
Fort, Elias.	Jones, A. L.	Gamble, Roger A.
Fort, John.	Lockhart, Richard H.	Gregory, Jno. C.
Hall, Geo. A.	Lumpkin, Jos. Troup.	Hand, B. A.
Harrison, S. E.	Maxwell, Edward, Lieut. U. S. Army; killed by Indians.	Houston, B. C.
Harris, William.	McKay, Robert.	Hooten, H. C.
Hedden, John A.	McDonald, R.	Johnson, Wm.
Hunt, William.	Meriwether, Valentine.	King, Henry C.
McElroy, A. L.	Mosely, William.	King, Stephen C.
Moore, Richard E.	Pringle, Edward H.	Lamar, Lavoisier.
Moore, Geo. W.	Shannon, Chas. J.	Montgomery, W. W., Associate Justice Supreme Court.
Montgomery, James.	Stevens, C. W.	Oliver, Thomas.
Norris, F. M.	Smith, Charles H., "Bill Arp."	Ogilvie, L. B.
Saunders, Thos. S.	Timmons, F. R.	Pearman, Robert.
Way, Wm. F.	Thomas, Edward.	Pope, H. C.
	Vason, Marcellus.	Rogers, Henry L.
1843.	Watkins, John D.	25 Rogers, B. M.
Barnett, Augustus.	19 Williamson, Thos. S. Wright, Edwin.	Seabrook, Wm. E.
Baxter, Thomas.		Scott, Joseph J.
Bradford, A.	1845.	Smith, Charles.
Brown, Geo. R.	Burke, R. H.	Ware, Robert Y.
Crawford, Nat. A.	Cassaday, H. E.	Ware, James H.
Clinch, D. L.	Crawford, A. T.	Whitehead, John B.
Coppee, Charles.	Chisholm, W. A.	Williams, Andrew.
Collins, A. M.	Davis, Geo. S.	28
Dunwoody, D. M.	Dawson, Edgar.	
Flewellen, A. C.	Gorely, Henry.	
Foster, Thomas.	Holt, Cicero.	
Gorman, W. A.	Holt, Leonidas.	
Lumpkin, Robert.	Howard, Chessley.	
Mosely, Augustus.	Kerr, Samuel.	
Neal, R. S.	King, Thomas.	
	LaRoche, Edward.	
	Milner, John.	
		1847.
		Appling, Otho.
		Baldwin, Augustus S.
		Bean, Jesse.
		Belser, James E.
		Boddie, O. B.
		Brown, W. A. J.

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1852.	Adams, Archibald. Armstrong, Joseph. Arnold, John W. Black, George R., Col. C. S. Army: Member of U. S. Congress. Blackshear, R. D. Bowen, Francis M. Carmon, William S. Chaires, Joseph J. Clements, John W. Curry, N. Curry, Walker. Dent, John M. Ellington, David H. Fouché, Robert T. Hayes, Charles. Irby, A. P. Jemison, Elbert. Johnson, Andrew J. Jones, Daniel C. Lawrence, Wm. H. Massengale, _____. Mitchell, Thomas C. Montgomery, James G. Mobley, James B. Miller, F. H. McCant, _____. McBray, William. Napier, Nathan. Peek, David. Pope, Chandler M. Read, Cullen S. Remshart, W. W. Stinson, Joseph J. Smith, Junius P. Torrance, Wm. C. Varnadoe, Rufus. Vaughn, Samuel R. Walker, J. D. Ware, James H. Walton, Jesse. Young, Wm. E.	Eleming, Wm. O. Garlington, John D. Grant, William D. Hardee, John S. Hart, Charles T. Hayes, George E., Lieut. C. S. A.; killed at Petersburg. Hill, Blanton M., Lieut. C. S. A.; killed in battle. Holsey, Julius M. LaFitte, Thos. S. Lyle, James R. Meriwether, Mat. Mitchell, Charles B. Neal, Andrew J. Norton, Thaddeus S. Pope, Wm. E. Pou, Joseph. Peasley, Wm. N. White, James. *Whitehead, Amos. Wilbourne, Chris. C. Wilkins, William A. .	Merritt, John R. Murray, Robert R. Nisbet, John W. Owens, John E. Parrott, Abner B. Raines, Cadwal W. Rogers, Walter T. Sereven, George. Steele, Daniel. Taylor, Charles A. Thornton, William T. Ward, William. Wilkins, Hamilton. Winn, Sammel J., Col. C. S. A. Wolfe, John B.	41
1853.	Andrews, Henry F. Arrington, James M. Battle, John C. Brown, J. McAdams. Campbell, W. W. Carter, Joseph M. M. Eberhart, E. P.	.	Allen, W. Arrington, S. Callaway, A. F. Cleveland, W. C. Cobb, John A., Capt. C. S. A. Gatewood, Ainsworth D. Hill, Edward P. LeConte, Wm. L. Lockett, R. S. Kimball, N. C. Mitchell, S. Dalton, Capt. C. S. A. Murphy, John W. Oliver, William. Patterson, W. F. Robinson, Cornelius. Russell, Charles R. Shelby, James. Stewart, Joseph. Spivey, Samuel C. Smith, Geo. D. Swipes, J. DeWitt. Sullivan, William D. Vason, William J. Vickers, P. N. Young, Alfred J.	25
1854.	Blackshear, James J. Blackshear, Thomas E. Barron, William. Belcher, William W. Bolton, Charles S. Calhoun, Andrew J. Cantelou, Rainsford. Chandler, John L. Cox, Swepson. Dawson, Thomas. Deadwyler, George E., Capt. C. S. Army. DeLaigle, Henry. Dix, William J. Eberhart, Harrison. Freeman, Alonzo. Furlow, Wm. L. Gordon, Charles P. Harden, John F. Hill, George. Hoxey, Thomas R. Kennon, Richard E. Kilpatrick, Whitner. Lee, Absalom E.; killed in battle. Little, William A. Maltby, Richard. McMillan, James C.	.	1855.	
41			Amos, Edward. Blackshear, E. T. Benson, Lawrence. *Billups, Thomas C. Coleough, F. W. C.	1857.

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Dougherty, Henry.	Fleming, J. L.	McGinty, Valerius A.
Eubank, Chas. H.	Hawkins, E. A.	Mills, George H.
Erwin, J. G. B.	Hale, R. A.	Stevens, James D.
Fitzpatrick, H. C.	Hester, T. J.	Stoddard, John.
Jamison, W. D.	Howell, Evan P., Capt.	*Willis, Frank E.
Lee, Alonzo C.	C. S. A.	Willy, T. B. King, Surgeon in French Army.
McElroy, Hugh.	Jones, W. M.	*Winfrey, Henry.
Mongin, Wm. D.	Jones, A. M.	Weed, Edwin, D. D., Bishop of Florida.
Pinson, A. J.	Kinnebrew, J. H.	20
Reese, David.	McMullen, T. M.	
Rutherford, Williams.	Reid, James M.	
Stow, Elijah B.	Smith, J. Morgan.	
Thompson, Peyton G.	Wimberly, F. D.	
	18 Winn, W. A.	1862.
	Winn, W. M.	
1858.	1860.	
Bass, Walter.	*Barry, John P.	23 *Billups, John.
Cobb, Thos. W.	*Billups, C. William.	Dowdell, Allie.
Clements, J. P.	*Brittain, Robert I.	Franklin, Bernard.
Dougherty, Robert.	Brooke, J. S.	Gibson, ____.
Hayes, Samuel C.	Cobb, C. H.	Gilbert, ____.
Holleyman, George C.	*Cooper, L. C.	Harris, James L.
Janes, J. L.	Edwards, W. A.	Hunt, A. L.
Jones, H. A.	Ford, G. T.	Keaton, J. K. Polk.
Lawson, W. H.	Goolsby, R. C.	Lipman, Lawrence.
Pope, Henry L.	*Greer, John T.	Mayo, ____.
*McCleskey, Joseph H.; killed at Malvern Hill.	Hidell, W. H.	Stoddard, Harry.
McFarland, T. S.	*Hodgson, Wm. H.	*Young, Wm. H.
Milner, Algernon.	Lyle, Lee M.	12
Nance, Almon L.	Manley, R. C.	
Patrick, John H.	Oliver, William.	
Reese, Milton E.	Roberts, D. B.	
Roberts, Joseph M.	Starr, F. R.	
Sims, A. B.	Smyth, W. W.	
Thomas, James D.	Thompson, B. M.	
Thompson, W. M.	*Ware, Edward H.	
Williams, J. C.		
Whitehead, Wm. D.; killed in battle.		1863.
Whitner, Alonzo C.		
Whitner, Benj. F.		Atkinson, ____.
Wright, C. C.		Bailey, Edward.
	1861.	Brittain, William F.
1859.		Ellis, H.
Bailey, D. H.	Beasley, Wm. B.	Fulton, ____.
Bailey, S. W.	*Berry, Wm. B.	Hodgson, E. R.
Banks, E. A.	Briscoe, Mat. P.	*Lucas, Singleton N.
Bennett, G. P.	Callaway, John.	McCou, ____.
Brown, D. H.	*Calhoun, James M.	20 McCleskey, Lucius L.
Cheney, John F.	Dozier, A.	Thompson, ____.
Chisholm, S. W.	Estes, ____.	White, John R.
Douglass, J. H.	Gaminell, Wm. A.	Wells, ____.
	Hull, E. Seabrook.	Woolfork, J. H.
	*Johnston, Malcolm H.	13
	*Lamar, A. C. C.	
	*McGinty, Flavius H.	
		1864.
		1865.
		1866.
		Armstrong, Septimus F.
		Barnett, Frank W.
		*Barnwell, R. W.
		Barnwell, Wm. H.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

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CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Lampkin, W. W.	Johnson, W. G.	Heath, W. A.
Lane, Jeff.	Johnston, Young.	Howe, R. R.
Lewis, E. E.	Juhan, J. J.	Hull, J. Hope.
Long, Jas. W.	Lark, G. G.	Hunter, T. W.
Martin, P. W.	Lamar, W. B., Attorney-General of Florida.	Hunter, J. M.
Matthews, T. V. R.	Livingston, T. B.	Hudson, T. H.
Monroe, D.	Laing, J. D.	Hurt, E. F.
Morrison, Ben.	Linder, J. C.	Holtzclaw, B. C.
Morrison, J. B.	Kendall, J. S.	Jenkins, A. S.
Mitchell, Chas. B.	McLendon, Wm.	McKie, J. S.
Murph, J. M.	McCoy, G. W.	Mims, C. T.
McDowell, W. A.	Myers, L. M.	Moore, Elliot,
McMullin, A. J.	Myers, Jas. M.	Murphrey, P. A.
Peabody, Douglass C.	Myers, W. E.	Payne, B. F.
Pendergrass, J. E.	Nelson, E. G.	Patterson, R. W.
Persons, Clarence.	Prather, J. D.	Patrick, J. H.
Pinson, M. B.	Seidell, C. W.	Powell, J. S.
Powell, J. S.	Speights, J. C.	Rusk, T. R.
Pope, J. Hunter.	Stephenson, C. A.	Smith, Abner T.
Redd, Soule.	Simpkins, W. H.	Suttle, J. T.
Redd, T. S.	Smith, E. J.	Taylor, H. N.
Smith, R. N.	Simpson, C. T.	Thornton, A. E.
Spencer, W. A.	Strickland, E.	Thomas, A. H.
Shorter, W. A.	Trippe, W. T.	Walters, John.
Turner, C. A.	White, T. W.	Walker, A. T.
*Weil, Theo. J.	Yonge, C. C.	Wilcoxon, T. B.
Wills, T. J.		
Wynn, W.		

54. 50 1872.

1870.

Angier, C. V.
Bagley, H. A. C.
Baldwin, W. O.
Bannerman, W. F.
Bibb, Wm. G.
Beane, Jos. E.
Buchanan, E. S.
Brumby, L. R.
*Clayton, C. W.
Cooper, M. B.
Cook, Ira W.
Coley, Jno. D.
Davis, M. C.
Davis, J. S.
Dennis, M. B.
Dodgen, W. J.
Duncan, E. D.
Gaskill, Chas. B.
Golson, J. L.
Hemingway, W. E.
Hunter, J. M.
Hunter, T. W.
Ison, W. L.
Jester, S. H.

1871.

Atwell, John.
Ashley, C. R.
Ballinger, E. W.
Bessman, J. F.
Bibb, W. C.
*Brumby, R. H.
Brumby, Thos., Lieut. U. S. Navy.
Craig, W. B.
Carpenter, J. T.
Cheney, J. A.
Chilton, R. L.
Dearing, A. P.
Dowdell, W. L.
Dubose, W. R.
Epping, H. H.
Fulton, T. N.
Grace, W. C.
Gray, F. P.
Gamble, W. A.
Goree, C. P.
Hall, J. H.
Head, W. C.
Hammond, E. M.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Flatau, J.
 Graves, J. Temple.
 Greer, R. A.
 Griffith, W. J.
 Gormley, J. R.
 Gordon, H. H.
 Haralson, C. A.
 Harris, R. J.
 Hallenbeck, M.
 Hawkes, T. N.
 Head, J. L.
 Hitch, C. F.
 *Hemphill, J. L.
 Hightower, M. H.
 Hoskinson, J. H.
 Houser, F. C.
 Hunter, Ellis.
 Hunter, J. M.
 Hunter, T. W.
 Hulbert, Pierce.
 Jester, M. M.
 Johnson, W. S.
 Johnson, J. N.
 Jones, E. E.
 Jones, H. C.
 Kenney, J. R.
 Kirby, J. T.
 Lamar, T. R.
 Lampkin, Cobb.
 Leon, H. D.
 Lilly, C. C.
 Lockett, Jas.
 McCurry, A. G.
 *McKinley, A.
 McKinney, T. G.
 McLean, E. S.
 Martin, G. J.
 Mann, J. E.
 *Milburn, F. H.
 Miller, A. J.
 Michael, W. M.
 Morris, B. T.
 Moore, R. D.
 Myers, D. F.
 Newton, J. T.
 O'Brien, T. P.
 Odom, E.
 Patrick, D. S.
 Padgett, R. R.
 *Pou, J. T.
 Ramey, W. H.
 Randle, J. P.
 Redding, C. A.
 Riviere, J. F.
 Reid, J. W.
 Rodwell, W. H.
 Roberts, G. M.

Rodgers, R. S.
 Saye, Jno. A.
 Stanford, J. C.
 Saffold, E. H.
 Speer, C. C.
 Smith, N. J. E.
 Smith, E. D.
 Smith, Olin.
 Strickland, Henry.
 Sturges, Wm. W.
 Tatow, W. G.
 Tilton, N. B.
 Thomas, Geo. E.
 Thompson, Scott.
 Vason, A. P.
 Vonderleith, A. H.
 Walton, Thos. C.
 Walker, T. N.
 Wilkes, W. D.
 Wilcoxon, J. W.
 Wilson, J. W.
 Weaver, D. J.
 West, Fort.
 Wooten, W. M.
 Wynn, E. S.
 Yerby, W. R.
 Young, R. A.

1873.

Moss, J. A.
 Pease, Wm. C.
 Phinizy, Jacob
 Ridley, F. M.
 Reid, J. W.
 Robinson, S. B.
 Spratlin, W. M.
 Sells, J. D.
 Taylor, R. G.
 Thornton, W. J.
 Warren, Lott.
 Zorn, J. C.
 Zorn, W. O.

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1974.

Arnold, Milton.
 Benedict, Sam. C., M.D.,
 Prof. Law.
 Brandon, J. A.
 Calhoun, W. L.
 Dixon, R. J.
 Harris, M. W.
 Harralson, Frank L.
 Heard, W. N.
 112 Jones, W. Edgar.
 Latham, Geo.
 McGuire, R. L., Jr.
 Parker, J. G. C.
 Prophit, R. L.
 Weller, Telfair, U. S.
 Consul South Africa,
 Zachry J. Greer.
 Alexander, W. H.
 Alford, W. S.
 Brandon, J. A.
 Cornwell, R. H.
 Cook, Philip.
 Drake, J. Frank.
 Heard, W. S.
 Lamar, Jos. R.
 McLendon, Wm.
 Neal, J. N.
 Tanner, G. H.
 White, B. A.

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1875.

Atkinson, T. A.
 Brown, Ray.
 Browne, C. M.
 Burdette, J. L.
 Childs, W. L.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Chisholm, S. A.		1877.	Stanley, Millard L.
Cooper, T. L.			Smith, Jos. E. W.
Cooke, H. R.			Stephens, Geo.
Delony, Thos. C.	Alston, R. W.		Tye, Geo. B.
Glenn, L. Jud.	Cooper, Walter G.		Warren, R. H.
Gordon, Frank H.	Davenport, Jno. L.		Williamson, J. L.
Henry, W. M.	Ficklen, O. B.		Warr, T. T.
Holt, T. R.	Fuller, O. G.		Wooten, J. M.
Hodge, P. J.	Goulding, E.		
Kelly, B. A.	Goulding, R.		
Kelly, J. M.	Harralson, J. A.		
Lainkin, Robt. W.	Hartridge, Gazaway,	1879.	
Lampkin, R. C.	Halley, R. M.		
Mason, E. H.	Hunicutt, L. L.		
Miller, W. K.	Johnson, Geo. S.		
Morris, John W.	Knott, Darling J.		
Payne, Arthur.	Lowry, Alva C.		
Poyner, J. B.	McKinley, Guy.		
Singleton, Terrell W.	Newman, J. W.		
Stokely, Jno. M.	Pope, Alex. B.		
Suggs, L. C.	Swanson, J. E.		
Walker, H. B.	Smith, Moses M.		
Walker, Seth M.	Wade, Arthur B.		
Walker, D. A.	Wade, Walter B.		
Ware, Pleas. H.	Ward, Whyte.		
	30		22
		1878.	Hampton, T. C.
			Hawin, W. C.
1876.	Adams, C. O.		Hodgson, F. M.
*Adair, Robin.	Anderson, J. C.		Howell, J. P.
Adams, E. D.	Baker, W. W.		Hughes, J. J.
Allen, E. H.	Brantly, W. G.		Huggins, J. H.
Bayne, M. G.	Buchanan, H. M.		Hull, Robert M.
Baggs, C. W.	Candler, S. C.		Joiners, J. J.
Bullard, J. B.	Carmichael, J. R.		Kiser, E. A.
Carter, P. H.	*Chandler, Walter S.		Lanier, T. J.
Cartledge, L. H.	Cumming, A. L.		Lavender, J. S.
Erwin, H. C.	Daniel, E. F.		Lester, Alvin O.
Flournoy, Geo.	Field, Julian P.		Lamkin, W. B.
Griffin, W. L. Y.	Fuller, R. W.		*Lowrance, H. H.
McCurdy, W. D.	Gross, John E.		McBean, Alex.
Nowell, F. T.	Hardie, J. C.		McCleskey, H. S.
Oliver, J. W.	Harris, W. H.		McIlhenny, Oliver.
Peek, S. W.	Hamilton, G. E.		McWhorter Thos.
Respass, J. N.	Hawkins, A. L.		McCulloch, C. R.
Richardson, C. C.	*Heckman, Tracy I.		Marks, Mordecai.
Sadler, W. B.	Martin, D. S.		Magouirk, W. J.
Smith, Alex. W.	McCleskey, F. W.		Milner, P. C.
Taylor, R. Murray.	Newton, W. W.		Montfort, T. W.
Tibbs, G. E.	Oliver R. S.		Morgan, S. C.
White, S. G.	O'Neal, B. P.		Myers, Moses A.
Wilcox, Jas. R.	Phinizy, Billups.		Neill, Jas. T.
Willhite, J. O.	Petty, Moses L.		Perkins, Capers D.
Woodward, S. N.	Price, Jas. D.		Perkins, Lamar.
	Remington, W. H.		Price, Parker M.
	Ruff, M. V.		Pittman, Marcus.
	25 Ruff, S. E.		Persons, A.P.
			Rowland, R. S.
			Stapler, M. M.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Smoot, Chas. X.	Willcox, Hugh N.	Brown, J. L.
Tappan, John H.	Wilson, R. E.	Callaway, R. M.
Twitty, J. N.		44 Cartledge, S. J.
Watkins, W. E.		Cartledge, T. D.
*Yarborough, Pierce.		Carter, J. W.
Youmans, T. J.		Chappell, C. J.
Young, J. W.		Crawford, T. C.
	1881.	Cary, A. H.
	Austin, R. N.	Charbonnier, L. H.
51	Bacon, N. W. P.	Charlton, H. A.
	Bailey, L. E.	Carlton, W. J.
	Berekmans, J. P. A.	Coile, F. W.
	Berkmans, R. C.	Cobb, W. McK.
1880.	Biggs, E. D.	Cobb, Thos.
	Booz, B. T.	Cope, J. C.
	Brown, Geo. M.	Cook, Walter B.
	Burton, J. Q.	Culver, C. A.
	Burton, H. E.	Deese, J. T.
	Cleveland, T. J.	Duggar, H. W.
	Carriger, J. S.	Estill, H. T.
	Cothran, C. H.	Evans, B. B.
	Davis, W. C.	Eberhart, L. H.
	Dearing, J. A.	Fraser, E. P.
	Dobbs, W. J.	Flanders, W. P.
	Freeman, Henry.	Frey, G. H.
	Garner, T. S.	Foy, W. M.
	Gunn, J. D.	Foy, E. J.
	Hester, Ramey.	Garrett, C. B.
	Hutcheson, J. B.	Groover, E. A.
	Malone, W. H.	Gallaher, J. E.
	Matthews, W. C.	Hamilton, G. C.
	Mell, Ben.	Harper, Wm. P.
	Milner, C. T.	Hayes, J. E.
	Miner, J. T.	Henster, H. K.
	Mize, T. H.	High, Forest D.
	Murphey, T. D.	Jones, E. R.
	Nunnally, J. J.	Kennedy, J. J.
	Pead, E. L.	Kelly, Robt.
	Oliver, Geo. W.	Latimer, R. M.
	Reaves, W. A.	Lang, J. H.
	Reneau, R. R.	Levy, A. R.
	Richardson, A.	McRae, M. N.
	*Rountree, Walter J.	McDonald, F. C.
	Rountree, Jackson.	McCan, W. A.
	Sanders, A. J.	Moore, J. P.
	Stone, J. W.	Napier, E. T.
	Scruton, Geo. H.	41 Nicholson, M. G.
	Wallis, H. J.	Reid, W. A.
	Wilkinson, E. J.	Rodgers, J. E.
		Riley, A. A.
	1882.	Ryals, W. M.
	Adair, E. F.	Steele, Jno. R.
	Arnold, C. W.	Sibley, G. T.
	Britt, C. J.	Smith, J. H.
	Bishop, Burton M.	Stovall, A. S. J.
	Bostwick, John.	Scott, T. M.
	Brooke, William.	Twiggs, J. W.
	Browne, Rhodes.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Wade, C. J.	
Waldrop, E. O.	
Young, R. M.	
	1883.
Alexander, J. B.	
Asbury, W. R.	
Ashton, Jno. D.	
Brown, Jno. T.	
Brown, W. G.	
Brunson, Wm.	
Crane, Wm. H.	
Chappell, C. L.	
Charlton, H. G.	
Collins, M. H.	
Cooley, Jas. A.	
Davis, Thos. S.	
DeWolf, S. W.	
Duncan, J. P.	
Eberhart, T. L.	
Freeman, Herry.	
Lang, Sam J.	
Long, J. M.	
Lowrance, N. D.	
McBride, Robt. B.	
Moss, J. D.	
Murphy, T. D.	
Oliver, Geo. W.	
Page, C. L.	
Park, Frank.	
Paterson, Geo. K.	
Peacock, Clayton.	
Perry, Jno. P.	
Phinizy, Hamilton.	
Seymour, Robt. H.	
*Street, G. R.	
Tisinger, Ben.	
Thompson, Wm. H.	
Thornton, S. P.	
Weaver, W. B.	
Williams, W.	
	1884.

Broadnax, B.	
Caraway, Jno. C.	
Cason, Curtis L.	
67 Cason, Robt. A.	
Cheney, A. D.	
Cheney, Paul.	
Chiles, S. L.	
Clark, R. B.	
Clark, W. L.	
Cobb, Howell.	
Cobb, John E.	
Coggan, W. T.	
Cooker, Stephen A.	
Crusselle, G. W.	
Cubbidge, B. W.	
Cubbidge, L. L.	
Davis, Marion T.	
Davis, Thos. S.	
Dennis, W. W.	
Farker, C. M.	
Fletcher, J. M.	
Garrard, W. T.	
*Gordon, Jno. B., Jr.	
Grant, Daniel.	
Grant, Peter G.	
Heard, Robt. L.	
Hinkle, A. B.	
Holder, H. M.	
Holliday, O. T.	
Jones, M. H. N.	
Kennedy, W. A.	
Kennon, B. M.	
Lane, A. H.	
Littlefield, S. C.	
Malone, H. H.	
McCandless, Jno. M.	
McElmurray, J. S.	
McNair, R. O.	
Meadors, A. D.	
Means, W. L.	
Miller, R. E.	
Montgomery, C. J.	
Neil, S. J.	
Pitner, Jno. R.	
36 Pitts, Logan.	
Poole, W. T.	
Potts, Frank.	
Purse, Ashby.	
Rambo, W. E.	
Reynolds, J. J.	
Rice, Chas. F.	
Smith, Jas. H.	
Stern, Jacob.	
Strickland, H. C.	
Strother, W. A.	
Tutt, C. H.	
Vaughn, S. B.	
	1885.
Welch, W. P.	
Williams, T. A.	
Williams, W. T.	
Wingfield, Junius.	
Wynn, H. E.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Winston, Geo. H.	Tuggle, A. J.	Vaughn, H.
Woolfork, R. T.	Upshaw, J. P.	Wade, E.
Wright, Sewell.		52 Warren, C. R.
1886.	49 1887.	Walker, E. S.
Arnold, R. R.	Allen, Clarence L.	Wells, W. L.
Austin, M.	Arnold, J. W.	57 Wilson, Philip D.
Baldwin, W. E.	Atkisson, H. B.	
Chase, Lawson.	Barnes, B. B.	1888.
Chase, Sanborn.	Barry, Eugene.	Atkins, T. E.
Crawford, J. G.	Bates, Jack M.	Axson, F. Stockton,
Crawford, T. R.	Beard, E. C.	Prof. Univ. Vermont.
Day, J. B. H.	Bingham, F. F.	Beck, W. L.
Dixon, W. B.	Burrows, C. L.	Brown, Jos. A.
Drake, A. F.	Carlton, Jno. N.	Bryan, John A.
Dudley, R. L.	Carter, Curtis B.	Carr, B. T.
Evans, J. R.	Chandler, C. G.	Childress, W. C.
Fleming, L. A.	Crane, W. M.	Cobb, Lamar.
Fleming, L. J.	Crittenden, Z. A.	Crane, J. R.
Fuller, C. P.	Daniel, John.	Crawley, E. H.
Gerdine, Joseph L.	Davis, Alonzo.	Crummey, C.
Glower, B. B.	Dobbs, J. E.	Crittenden, H. C.
Harrison, C. M.	Dozier, Luther G.	Daniel, J. Z.
Heard, G. E.	Edwards, M. C.	Davidson, W.
Henderson, W. O.	Felton, H. E.	Deadwyler, G. E.
Hopkins, A. S.	Gilbert, F. W.	Dean, F. S.
Humphries, W. H.	Glass, W. M.	Dozier, A. W.
Hunnicutt, T. P.	Gunn, F. B.	Eckles, T. F.
James, A. S.	Hairston, W. M.	Fears, A. C.
James, L. W.	Hall, Maxey R.	Foster, R. L.
Johnson, G. L.	Hardee, Robt. E.	Fowler, J. J.
Jowers, C.	Horton, W. C.	Fowler, J. M.
Kendrick, T. F.	Jones, Jas. A.	Gantt, Jesse T.
Kline, T. A.	Maddox, R. F.	Garmany, H. H.
Lanier, W. V.	Martin, W. W.	Gilleland, C. E.
Lester, H. M.	McRee, E. J.	Harris, B. Yancey.
Lovern, R. M.	McWilliams, E. J.	Hard, Ewd.
Mallory, C.	Mitchell, J. M.	Hubert, T. E.
Morrison, C. W.	Palmer, G. T.	Hutchings, R. H.
Morton, E. H.	Parks, Jas. A.	*Jackson, Henry R.
Munnerlyn, J. D.	Pittman, W. A.	Lamar, R. L.
Nesbit, W. D.	Reaves, Sidney P.	Lane, W. T.
Norris, W. J.	Reaves, H. N.	Lane, E. W.
Pace, Lewis D.	Reid, W. D.	Lovell, E. F.
*Poe, C. C.	Riley John L.	Lyle, Dan C.
Richardson, S. P.	Russell, L. C.	Miller, W. E.
Rintels, D. W.	Shockly, W. T.	Morton, James W.
Roberts, Ernest.	Simms, J. H.	Patrick, O. M.
Shaw, W. J.	Smith, Bryant J.	Robertson, A. B.
Stanton, E. O.	Spence, R. E. L.	Robertson, J. W.
*Stovall, B. A.	Stanton, E. O.	Rodgers, E. W.
Tappan, P. A.	Sykes, J. H.	Ross, T. L.
Thomas, Cuming F.	Talmadge, C. A.	Smith, John R.
Thompson, A. S.	Tate, Cale R.	Threadcraft, F. L.
Tift, Maurice W.	Thomas, E. L.	Thomas, Jno. M.
	Thornton, T. J.	Tribble, G. J. D.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

West, Jas. B.	Ponder, A. A.	Tuggle, W. T.
Westenburg, John.	Robertson, M. P.	Wadley, W. M.
Whitaker, J. H.	Simmons, T. B.	Walker, J. J.
1889.	49 Stephenson, J. R.	45
Alexander, Geo. L.	Sibley, W. Langley.	
Braswell, W. O.	Short, Z. N.	1892.
Burum, Percy.	Sewell, D. A.	
Carbine, W. L.	Smith, J. G.	
Choate, C. E.	Thompson, C. R.	
Culpepper, J. O.	Thompson, G. A.	
Dearing, M. G.	Wood, F. L.	
Duncan, C. C.		33
Edmundson, J. W.		
Harris, W. J.	Arnold, W. V.	
Yolton, T. L.	Armstrong, W. B.	
Lipscomb, F. A.	Bethea, C. E.	
Lowe, W. H.	Brodnax, J. C.	
Meinhard, Leo.	Butner, J. H.	
Mullane, J. A.	Breitenbucher, P. W.	
Nevin, J. B.	Brumby, Hardeman.	
Perry, J. C.	Carson, Marcus.	
Richards, Geo.	Cleghorn, R. C.	
Russell, C. R.	Durham, C. F.	
Salisbury, E. B.	Delaپerriere, R. L.	
Salisbury, J. H.	Dunlap, J. T.	
Sibley, B. Dunbar.	Doster, B. R.	
Slade, J. J.	Evans, C. W.	
Vason, Joseph.	Goodrum, C. L.	
Willcox, C. P.	Grady, Henry W.	
1890.	Garrard, Barrow.	
Battle, L. B.	25 Harrell, J. W.	
Behre, D. H.	Harris, S. T.	
Bishop, Walter H.	Hall, E. T.	
Bennett, T. P.	Harvey, E.	
Cooper, Houston F.	Herty, F. J.	
Calhoun, Lowndes.	Hitchcock, M. S.	
Dozier, W. B.	Hodgson, R. P.	
Estes, Geo. H., Jr.	Hoyle, L. C.	
Goetchius, Julian S.	Howell, E. Park.	
Happ, L. M.	Irwin, D. A.	
Hodgson, C. N.	Jones, Geo. Noble.	
Hutcheson, W. O.	Lawrence, C. C.	
Hemphill, W. A.	Lipscomb, Rutherford.	
Hirsch, M. L.	Little, W. F.	
Jarrett, Geo. D.	Love, H. J.	
King, W. R.	• Morton, Jno. White.	
Martin, J. C.	Nisbet, Chas. R.	
Mell, E. B.	O'Hagan, J.	
Meacham, R. R.	Olive, Sam L.	
Matthews, A. B.	Paulk, S. B.	
Newell, Alfred C.	Simpson, H. S.	
Reeves, John H.	Smith, Boykin.	
	Steedly, B. B.	
	Stone, C. D.	
	Teasley, W. A.	

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

Shearouse, P. J.	Roberts, V. A.	Hoffmayer, I. J.
Smith, A.	Rounsville, F. H.	Hunt, H. R.
Smith, J. G.	Smith, T. F.	Hunt, G. P.
Toomer, L. C.	Selman, L. S.	Hurt, Geo. F.
Thompson, C. P.	Steiner, H. H.	Hutchinson, M. O.
Turner, Oscar C.	Taggart, G. I.	Jackson, Geo. T.
Welch, John W.	Wilson, P. K.	Larson, W. W.
Wilkins, W. A.		50 Lindsay, L. A.
Williams, Bion.		Lovejoy, R. H.
	1894.	Lyndon, Oscar.
1893.	59	Matthews, J. T.
Abbot, Sam K.	Barrow, Craig.	Mize, C. A.
Akerman, Alfred.	Barwick, J. A.	Mobley, A. B.
Akerinan, Charles.	Brinson, G. G.	Moss, W. L.
Bean, Frank W.	Bradwell, J. D.	Neal, T. A.
Bivings, W. F.	Branch, Steiner.	Nisbet, O. B.
Boggs, G. H.	Boland, F. K.	Niesler, C. H.
Boggs, T. R.	Born, E. W.	O'Brien, E. S.
Brooks, Shirley	Carson, C. C.	O'Neal, M. E.
Brunson, C. E.	Carter, F. A.	Osborn, E. S.
Buttrill, T. H.	Cato, G. E.	Pettis, J. O.
Carter, F. A.	Clark, D. T.	Pettis, W. M.
Crane, Geo. S.	Cook, W. A.	Pittman, J. G.
Cannon, G. M.	Crane, Geo. S.	Porter, J. Henry.
Cloud, Hawes.	Clanton, H. V.	Phillips, U. B.
Cumming, H. H.	Colvin, H. G.	Powell, L. E.
Dougherty, E. E.	Crane, Ben A.	Pierce, D. C.
Daniel, T. Z.	Cook, W. G.	Phinizy, Barrett.
Dickey, J. L.	Cook, J. O.	Richmond, F. C.
Gilbert, Thos.	Crittenden, O. A.	Reese, Henry.
Guyton, Moses.	DeLoach, R. J. H.	Reaves, R. K.
Gammon, E. M.	Dancy, Wm. R.	Ryals, E. C.
Greenfield, A. D.	Dodd, Harry.	Sanders, K. D.
Gerdine, John.	Dubose, C. W.	Sanders, Laetus.
Griffeth, J. W.	Dubose, M. D.	Steiner, Pinckney.
Griffeth, F. E.	Dunlap, S. C.	Stephenson, J. W.
Hamilton, W. W.	Davis, R. Burton.	Sibley, Jas. H.
Hillyer, Henry.	Dearing, Frank.	Smith, T. F.
Holden, C. H.	Draper, Robt. D.	Stovall, Harvey.
Hunter, R. Stuart.	Erwin, H. C.	Stubbs, H. W.
Harrington, F. T.	Ezelle, P. P.	Taggart, G. I.
Hilsman, A.	Fletcher, Van.	Tidwell, A. L.
Jones, Frank S.	Fender, W. B.	Traylor, G. T.
Langley, Lee M.	Ferrill, F. C.	Thornton, S. W.
Lockhart, Milledge.	Fleming, Frank L.	Thornton, A. E.
Lockhart, J. B.	Floyd, C. H. B.	Tuggle, W. T.
Lockhart, M. M.	Franklin, D. B.	Upson, Edward.
McDougald, W. A.	Fleming, C. A.	White, R. E.
McCarthy, W.	Graham, R. W.	White, Walker.
McRae, G. L.	Hansell, H. S.	Wellhouse, Leo.
O'Brien, E. S.	Halsey, M.	Williams, H. A.
Pittman, J. G.	Hendricks, J. W.	Yancey, Wm. L.
Peeples, R. W.	Hill, P. N.	
Reab, G. W.	Hirsch, David.	
	Hiles, Gordon.	
	Haskell, C. T.	

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NOTE.—Gen. James N. Bethune, of Columbus, Ga. (1823), erroneously marked with a star, is at present the oldest living alumnus of the University.

INDEX.

The numbers prefixed designate the year of graduation recorded in the preceding Catalogue, in which, under some one of the Degrees conferred, the name of the graduate will be found.

A BRAHAMS.	1841 John.	AUSTIN.	1858 Gilmer.
1852 Edward W.	1842 Henry M.	1887 W. L. M.	BARCLAY.
ADAMS.	1843 James H.	AUTREY.	1871 J. A.
1829 James.	1847 William W.	1883 Bernard.	1890 Wyatt D.
1829 William E.	1850 Thomas J. H.	AVERY.	BARFIELD.
1858 Robert W.	1850 Emory F.	1872 J. C.	1893 Fred G.
1859 John Q.	1852 Young J.	1890 Robt. L.	BARGE.
1869 A. Pratt.	1860 William D.	AYCOCK.	1891 J. J.
1872 Samuel B.	1879 John T.	1872 J. A.	BARKSDALE.
1873 Robert.	1884 James W.	BACON.	1869 R. T.
1885 Percy H.	1889 George D.	1836 Augustus O.	BARNARD.
ADAMSON.	1891 William D.	1838 Milton E.	1828 John B.
1882 L. C.	Jr.	1847 Henry II.	1828 Timothy G.
AKERMAN.	ANDOE.	1851 Robert J.	1841 Solomon.
1894 Joseph.	1887 Robert E.	1859 Augustus O.	1850 John D.
ALLEN.	ANTHONY.	1860 Thomas J.	1851 Nathaniel L.
1807 John.	1873 Edward L.	1893 W. Wallace.	BARNES.
1842 Alexander A.	ANSLEY.	1894 William T.	1853 George T.
1843 George W.	1871 Henry C.	BACOT.	1888 John A.
1846 William H.	ARKWRIGHT.	1846 Daniel D.	BARNETT.
1848 Gerard W.	1890 Preston S.	BAILEY.	1869 Samuel.
1848 Robert E.	ARMISTEAD.	1836 James W.	1889 J. W.
1869 Francis M.	1871 W. T.	1845 William T.	BARNWELL.
1884 John T.	ARMSTRONG.	1846 Samuel J.	1893 Edward W.
ALEXANDER.	1879 J. H.	BAKER.	BARRETT.
1844 Peter W.	ARNOLD.	1832 John W.	1885 Wm. H., Jr.
1877 George R.	1883 A. J.	1840 Sumner W.	BARRON.
1879 J. H.	ARRINGTON.	1874 J. A.	1834 Moses L.
1881 Thomas W.	1857 John R.	1880 James L.	BARROW.
1882 Joe B.	ASBURY.	BALDWIN.	1859 Pope.
1885 Irvin.	1882 J. L.	1814 William.	1862 Thomas A.
1890 Joseph A.	ASHLEY.	1836 Francis G.	1869 Benjamin W.
1893 Harry A.	1812 Nathaniel.	BALLARD.	1873 Henry W.
ALFRIEND.	1844 John.	1886 Nath. H.	1874 David C., Jr.
1868 Alfred H.	1845 William.	1887 Edgar L.	1894 D. C., Jr. 3d.
ALMON.	1848 Cornelius.	1894 Benjamin S.	1894 D. C., Jr.
1888 R. W.	1849 Matthew.	BANCROFT.	BARTLETT.
AMIS.	ATKINSON.	1848 James.	1870 Charles L.
1874 F. J.	1808 John.	1849 Edward.	BARTOW.
ANDERSON.	1825 Edmond.	1868 George.	1835 Francis S.
1838 Edmond.	1839 Alexander S.	BANKS.	BASINGER.
1838 Lewis.	1854 Dunstan M.	1837 William.	1846 William S.
1841 Joseph H.			

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1889 J. Garnett.	BENNING.	BOND.	BROCK.
1890 William S., Jr.	1834 Henry L. BERNER.	1886 Marcus B. 1890 J. F. L.	1882 Hugh L. BROOKE.
1862 William H.	1871 R. E.	BONDURANT.	1862 William H. BROOKES.
1862 BATES.	BERRIEN.	1888 Emmett J.	1871 J. L.
1849 Gustavus H.	1806 Thomas M.	BONNELL.	BROOKS.
1849 BAXTER.	BETHUNE.	1869 William B.	1883 J. Prescott.
1840 Andrew.	1823 James N.	BONNER.	1836 James F.
1853 John S.	BIGGS.	1840 Benjamin C.	1870 W. A.
1855 Edwin G.	1856 Thomas D.	BOONE.	BROWN.
1860 Richard B.	BILLUPS.	1888 J. E.	1839 Burwell H.
1869 Thomas W.	1844 John M.	1890 Clifton.	1854 Edward N.
1869 BAYNARD.	1845 Joel A.	BORDERS.	1855 Felix P.
1842 Thomas A.	1850 Henry C.	1830 John M.	1860 Milton A.
1842 BEALL.	1868 John.	1840 Augustin L.	1860 P. M.
1823 Thomas N.	BINNS.	1843 Samuel R.	1868 Julius L.
1830 Benjamin B.	1884 J. W.	BOSTON.	1878 William F.
1869 BEAN.	BIRD.	1888 Joseph E.	1879 Elijah A.
1869 William S.	1805 Wilson.	1891 John H.	1881 George R.
1869 BEARD.	1859 Winfield S.	BOSTWICK.	1888 W. G.
1888 L. B.	1869 Edgeworth.	1883 John.	1889 L. J.
1857 BEASLEY.	BISHOP.	BOWER.	1892 Llewellyn L.
1857 Jarrell.	1879 Edward T.	1894 Byron B., Jr.	1893 James P.
1858 Stephen.	1880 E. T.	BOYKIN.	1894 Henry C.
1873 J. G.	1879 James, Jr.	1806 Samuel.	BROWNLEE.
1873 BECK.	1884 Arthur F.	1851 Samuel E.	1840 James.
1824 David.	BLACK.	BOYLSTON.	BROYLES.
1876 Eugene H.	1877 Wm. W.	1891 Albert D.	1888 Nash R.
1881 Marcus W.	1889 Paul S.	BOWEN.	1888 Arnold
1881 BECKETT.	1892 Eugene R.	1852 Samuel W.	BRUCE.
1864 George W.	BLACKSHEAR.	1853 James H.	1872 Robert E.
1864 BECKWITH.	1826 Joseph M.	BOZEMAN.	BRUMBY.
1873 C. M.	1828 Thomas E.	1855 Edward K.	1862 John W.
1873 BEENE.	1854 Robert D.	BRADLEY.	1891 Campbell W.
1868 Horace D.	BLAIN.	1838 James A.	BRYAN.
1868 BEEKS.	1884 A. C.	BRAND.	1826 Thomas J.
1870 Walter S.	BLAKE.	1881 Charles H.	1828 James J.
1870 BELCHER.	1846 John R.	1888 L. M.	BUCHANAN.
1831 Robert E.	BLAKELY.	BRANHAM.	1873 John T.
1831 BELL.	1851 David T.	1835 Walter R.	BUCKNER.
1861 Madison.	BLASINGAME.	BREWTON.	1842 Alfred.
1871 W. A.	1892 James C.	1892 S. B.	BULL.
1882 Piromis H.	BLOODWORTH.	BRIGGS.	1854 Gustavus A.
1882 BELLAH.	1880 O. H. B.	1871 Edward H.	1870 Orville A.
1875 James H.	BLOOMFIELD.	BRINKLEY.	BULLOCKH.
BELLAMY.	1884 James C.	1891 S. G.	1837 William J.
1849 Richard H.	BLOUNT.	BRINSON.	BURDETT.
1851 William C.	1852 Joseph G.	1874 E. L.	1885 Joe R.
BEMAN.	1857 James H.	BRISCOE.	BURNS.
1856 Edward P.	1872 William A.	1816 Waters.	1857 Amzi D.
BENNETT.	1887 James H., Jr.	1847 Lucilius H.	1860 John T.
1881 W. T.	BOGGS.	BRITT.	BURROUGHS.
1883 J. W.	1892 Adam A.	1884 T. J.	1853 Richard.
1889 J. W.	BOLTON.	BRITTAIN.	BURRUSS.
1893 Thomas J.	1849 Isaac L.	1861 Jabez M.	1882 P. H.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

BUSH.	CARSWELL.	CHURCH.	COILE.
1894 Robert D.	1871 A. W.	1847 Alonzo W.	1883 William M.
BUSSEY.	1882 Frank W.	1849 John R.	1888 Frank W.
1861 Hezekiah.	1885 William D.	CLARK.	COLLIER.
1869 N. J.	1886 John D.	1804 Gibson.	1846 James G.
BUTT.	CARTER.	1855 William A.	1869 Charles A.
1836 Edmond W.	1826 Hampden C.	1861 Edward Y.	1872 Henry L.
BUTLER.	1861 Edward A.	CLAY.	1890 Bryan C.
1877 Benjamin W.	1879 Sylvanus G.	1886 William L.	COLLINS.
1878 John A.	1886 Joseph B.	CLAYTON.	1880 Noah M.
1894 George P.	CARY.	1804 Augustin S.	COMER.
BYRD.	1810 Armistead.	1827 Augustin S.	1852 John A.
1843 John L.	1810 Peyton.	1827 George R.	1867 George L.
CABANISS.	1849 Charles W.	1833 Philip.	1888 H. M.
1854 Thomas B.	1856 Joseph M.	1838 Edward P.	CONE.
1869 H. H.	CARNES.	1861 Richard A.	1876 Richard W.
1893 E. Gerry, Jr.	1820 William W.	CLEVELAND.	1891 J. H.
CALDWELL.	CARR.	1860 J. M.	CONLEY.
1826 Robert.	1842 Thomas W.	CLINE.	1883 W. N.
CALHOUN.	1845 William W.	1860 John H.	CONNELL.
1828 John A.	CASE.	CLOUD.	1868 Eli Baxter.
1882 B. R.	1875 George D.	1885 O. L.	CONYERS.
CALLAWAY.	CASSELLS.	1891 Joel.	1874 J. B.
1849 Morgan P.	1828 Samuel J.	1894 David L.	1884 B. J.
1878 Richard D.	1886 Robt. F.	COALSON.	1886 Samuel T.
1881 E. H.	1892 Samuel J., Jr.	1822 Paul.	COOK.
1890 Frank E.	CATER.	COATES.	1836 Andrew J.
1892 F. Eugene.	1834 Edwin.	1877 Geo. W. P.	1842 James C.
CALLEIAN.	CHALMERS.	1878 L. Robert.	1860 V. C.
1811 David.	1836 James C.	1890 Jesse.	1876 Joseph S.
CAMAK.	CHAMBERS.	COBB.	1886 Walter B.
1848 Thomas U.	1860 Robert A.	1823 William B.	COOPER.
1891 James W.	CHANDLER.	1828 Edmond B.	1837 George W.
1894 Louis.	1826 Daniel.	1834 Howell.	1850 Thomas L.
CAMP.	1829 Gray A.	1834 Thomas M.	1853 John F.
1881 Joseph G.	CHAPMAN.	1841 Thomas R. R.	1890 H. F.
CAMPBELL.	1879 Carlton B.	1859 Lamar.	1889 John R.
1825 John.	CHARLTON.	1860 Lamar.	CORKER.
1826 John A.	1853 Thomas J.	1862 Howell.	1889 F. G.
1849 Edward F.	CHASE.	1866 Howell.	COSBY.
1870 A. Sibley.	1856 William M.	1876 Andrew J.	1833 James C.
.CANDLER.	CHENEY.	1877 Andrew J.	COTHRAN.
1854 Milton A.	1857 Winslow D.	1885 William H.	1852 James S.
1877 Charles M.	1880 W. T.	1889 Thos. R. R.	COUPER.
1879 Ignatius L.	1883 William S.	COCKE.	1857 John L.
1879 Samuel C.	1886 Joseph D.	1827 Nathaniel W.	COURSON.
1882 Milton A.	CHENAULT.	COCHRAN.	1876 J. M.
CANNON.	1878 Nicholas B.	1853 Allen E.	COUSINS.
1890 R. C.	CHESTER.	CODY.	1882 Robert B.
CAREY.	1823 Norman.	1848 Madison D.	1886 William E.
1884 Ashton H.	CHRISTIE.	COFER.	COWLES.
CARLTON.	1892 William E.	1861 M. J.	1826 John A.
1846 James.	CHISHOLM.	COHEN.	COX.
1868 William A.	1855 Walter S.	1888 Edward B.	1808 Swepson.
1875 Thomas C.	1887 Walter S., Jr.	1889 Edward A.	1868 Alfred H.
1876 James M.			1885 J. W.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

COZART.	DAVENPORT.	DODSON	DURDEN.
1875 S. W.	1872 William R.	1882 William A.	1891 Frank R.
CRANE.	DAVIS.	DONALDSON.	DWIGHT.
1854 Benjamin E.	1808 Charles M.	1868 John E.	1831 Theodore M.
1860 William F.	1849 Ephraim L.	DONALD.	DYER.
1862 John R.	1856 Jonat'n B. S.	1838 Robert.	1830 Thomas W.
1869 Cicero A.	1872 M. C.	DOUGHERTY.	1834 John R.
CRANFORD.	1876 Arthur W.	1825 William.	EARLY.
1889 J. G.	1878 Philip W.	1826 Robert.	1808 Henry.
CRAWFORD.	1888 C. A.	DOUGHTY.	EBERHART.
1856 Bennett H.	1888 W. A.	1875 William H.	1855 Samuel.
1884 R. A.	1888 Oscar S.	DOUGLAS.	1888 Toliver P.
1887 William B.	1891 E. T.	1807 John	ECHOLS.
1889 T. Remsen.	1894 Edwin.	1848 Eugenius L.	1840 Joseph H.
CRAWLEY.	DAY.	1848 Marcellus.	1853 John H.
1889 J. L.	1888 J. B. H.	1852 John F.	EDWARDS.
CRITTENDEN.	DAWSON.	DORSEY.	1869 James M.
1890 H. O.	1816 William C.	1870 Edward H.	1879 B. Johnston.
CROSLAND.	1846 George O.	1893 Hugh M.	1880 Charles H.
1892 D. F.	1849 Edgar G.	1894 Jasper N.	1883 Thomas R.
CRUM.	DEAN.	DOWNING.	1890 M. C.
1889 D. A. R.	1855 Samuel J.	1888 Hugh R.	ELDRIDGE.
CULBERTSON.	1883 E. W.	DOZIER.	1881 G. M.
1841 John P.	1887 Herbert H.	1890 James H.	ELLIOTT.
1852 Wade A.	1893 J. H.	DREWRY.	1830 Abram R.
CULLER.	1893 S. C.	1890 J. H.	ELLIS.
1854 Jacob P. H.	DEARING.	DUDLEY.	1890 William D.
CUMMING.	1878 W. D.	1886 James R.	ELKAN.
1854 Joseph B.	DEBRUYN KOPPS.	DUBOSE.	1887 M.
1880 A. L.	1881 J.	1849 William E.	ELSTON.
CUNNINGHAM.	DEGRAFFENREID.	1868 Charles.	1844 Joseph T.
1837 John R.	1828 Lowry L.	1870 A. M.	EPPS.
1871 Thomas H.	DELONY.	1879 R. Toombs.	1852 William E.
1888 T. Mayhew.	1846 William G.	DUGGAR.	ERWIN.
CURRY.	DELEFFRE.	1883 Herschel V.	1828 Elam A.
1842 Jackson C.	1858 Andrew.	DUNHAM.	1829 Edward J.
1843 Jabez L. M.	DENDY.	1836 Josiah W.	1875 Marion.
1888 Frank Z.	1846 Charles H.	DUNKLIN.	1893 Alex. S., Jr.
CUYLER.	DENMARK.	1880 Irby.	ESTES.
1829 John M.	1871 B. A.	DUNN.	1869 George H.
1837 Telamon A.	1892 Edgar.	1845 William A.	1888 Hubert.
DABNEY.	DENNIS.	1856 J. Andrew.	EVANS.
1839 William H.	1853 Leroy C.	DUNSON.	1880 O. B.
DALE.	1868 William L.	1882 Walker.	1861 Thomas.
1824 Abram B.	DENT.	1882 W. E. W.	1888 J. R.
DALLIS.	1868 Alexander T.	DESSAU.	1890 George C.
1892 Roy.	1870 Washington.	DUNWOODY.	EVE.
DALY.	DICKENSON.	1846 Henry M.	1826 Paul F.
1894 Augustin D.	1875 H. G.	1848 Charles A. A.	EVERETT.
DANIEL.	DIOMATARI.	1884 Harry F.	1874 H. B.
1854 Thomas M.	1835 John D.	DUPONT.	FAIN.
1880 L. F.	DOBBINS.	1826 Charles H.	1886 John N.
1888 John W.	1831 John S.	1879 T. Charlton.	FALL.
DART.	DODD.	DUPREE.	1838 Abram B.
1893 F. W.	1868 T. W.	1847 Ira Ellis.	FARMER.
	1893 Eugene.	1873 E. F.	1847 Sylvester J.

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1883 L. M.	FOSTER.	GARRARD.	GONEKE.
1891 J. E.	1812 Thomas F.	1884 W. T.	1840 Lewis.
FELDER.	1830 Nathaniel G.	GARDNER.	GOODE.
1839 Jesse Y.	1833 Adam G.	1860 James.	1853 Charles T.
1853 John L.	1861 J. Henry.	GARLAND.	GOODMAN.
1883 T. B.	1875 W. C.	1891 J. J.	1868 Charles M.
1891 Thomas S.	FOUCHE.	GARLINGTON.	GOODRICH.
FELKER.	1854 Morton.	1842 Albert C.	1893 W. H.
1879 Joseph H.	FRANKLIN.	GASTON.	GORDON.
FERRILL.	1824 Benjamin C.	1889 James M.	1868 Walter S.
1847 Leonidas C.	1827 Leonidas.	GEIGER.	1890 William W.
FELTON.	1830 Marcus A.	1889 J. B.	GORE.
1842 William H.	1833 Bedney.	GEORGE.	1861 J. J. F.
FIELDER.	1886 Alfred L.	1833 James H.	GORHAM.
1873 Idus L.	1892 Virgil E.	1860 James S.	1854 Willis J.
FINCH.	FRAZER.	GERDINE.	GOSS.
1887 Clarence T.	1877 W. W.	1859 John.	1870 Jesse M.
FINLEY.	1882 A. H.	1861 Joseph H. L.	GOULDING.
1835 David.	1890 Donald.	1891 Thomas G.	1830 Francis R.
1869 William M.	FREDERICK.	1894 Lynn V.	GOVAN.
FISH.	1850 James D.	GHEISLING.	1893 F. G.
1869 William H.	1879 Eugene J.	1879 J. H.	GRADY.
FITZGERALD.	FREEMAN.	GIBERT.	1868 Henry W.
1870 D. B.	1833 James F. W.	1834 James F.	GRAHAM.
1890 J. B.	1883 Davis.	1841 Joseph B.	1840 Milton A.
FLEMING.	FREY.	GIBSON.	GRAMLING.
1875 William H.	1893 B. F.	1876 Thomas R.	1892 W. N.
1889 Edward C.	1892 E. W.	GIGNILLIAT.	GRANT.
1894 Paul L.	FRICKS.	1838 William R.	1833 John T.
FLORENCE.	1894 Lunsford D.	1860 William R.	1844 James L.
1887 William A.	FRIERSON.	1873 G. W.	1886 John W.
FLOYD.	1823 James A.	GILBERT.	GRATTAN.
1827 Stewart	FUDGE.	1886 James J.	1860 George G.
1828 John J.	1855 Robert D.	1887 Fred W.	GRAVES.
1878 Charles L.	FULLER.	GILES.	1825 George.
FLOYNT.	1894 William A.	1838 John M.	1842 James.
1861 S. J.	FULTON.	GILLIS.	GRAY.
FLOURNOY.	1868 M. C.	1889 Donald.	1823 John H.
1829 William B.	FULWOOD.	GLASS.	1840 Claudioius B.
FLOWERS.	1829 William E.	1888 W. M.	1872 Arthur H.
1887 John E.	GAFFNEY.	GLENN.	GREEN.
FONTAINE.	1882 D. J.	1841 Luther J.	1840 James W.
1891 Frank.	GAHAGAN.	1863 John T.	1856 Francis M.
FOOTE.	1847 Wemley P.	1871 Gustavus R.	1868 Thomas F.
1823 George.	GAIRDNER.	1872 Howell C.	1877 Orville L.
1891 Mord.	1861 G. C.	GALT.	1890 Daniel W.
FORD.	1882 William.	GLOVER.	1890 Thomas F.
1855 DeSaussure.	GANAH.	1834 Henry S.	1893 E. P.
FOREMAN.	1849 Joseph.	1844 Eli H.	GREER.
1887 Robert L.	1851 Francis.	GLOWER.	1893 Leon C.
FOY.	1876 Henry G.	1882 G. G.	GRESHAM.
1883 W. M.	GANTT.	GOBER.	1808 Willis.
FORSYTH.	1893 Robert J.	1875 George F.	1833 John J.
1804 John H.	GARBUT.	GOETCHIUS.	GRIER.
FORT.	1890 M. W.	1868 George T.	1807 Thomas.

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GRiffin.	1880 T. A., Jr.	1828 George H.	HEMPHILL.
1879 William T.	1887 William H.	1828 Sampson W.	1861 William A.
1830 Joseph.	HANCOCK.	1831 Bennett.	1879 Robert A.
1889 D.	1857 John W.	1831 James W.	HENDERSON.
GRIGGS.	HAND.	1833 William H.	1830 Hugh L.
1888 A. W.	1871 J. L.	1836 Jeptha V.	1843 Robert.
GRIMES.	HANSON.	1836 Stephen W.	1854 James C.
1863 Thomas.	1847 Alexander C.	1839 Elijah W.	1889 W. O.
GRINNAGE.	HARALSON.	1842 Stephen W.	HENRY.
1830 Alexander.	1825 Hugh A.	1846 Eugene W.	1876 William M.
GROOVER.	1825 Kinchen L.	1849 William T.	HERON.
1873 Daniel R.	1875 Frank L.	1851 William T.	1830 Edward N.
1879 F. R.	HARBIN.	1857 Sampson W.	HERTY.
1882 C. T.	1885 R. M.	1860 Hugh N.	1886 Charles H.
1885 A. L.	1885 T. W.	1868 Francis H.	HENLEY.
GROSS.	1894 William P.	1868 George D.	1884 Albert P.
1878 Benj. M.	HARDEE.	1870 Nathaniel E.	HENRY.
1881 John E.	1848 Charles S. H.	1878 T. W. H.	1892 J. E.
1885 Joe L.	1851 Thomas S.	1893 Clarence P.	HERRINGTON.
GUESS.	HARDEMAN.	HARRISON.	1861 S. M.
1878 James M.	1853 Isaac S.	1838 William P.	HESTER.
GUNBY.	1862 S. H.	1869 Edward S.	1861 Thomas J.
1832 Robert M.	1871 John L.	HART.	HEYMAN.
1866 Robert B.	1889 B. Frank.	1848 Lucius M.	1888 Arthur.
GUYTON.	1891 R. N.	1875 John C.	HIGH TOWER.
1854 Cincinnatus S.	1890 T. C.	1890 Ebb. J.	1874 T. D.
1869 Moses.	HARDEN.	HARTRIDGE.	HILES.
HABERSHAM.	1833 Edward R.	1873 J. E.	1893 W. W.
1833 Bernard E.	HARDWICK.	HARTSFIELD.	HILL.
HALE.	1870 Robert W.	1889 A. M.	1806 Reuben.
1876 Samuel J.	1888 Thos. R.	HARWELL.	1827 Abram S.
1890 John.	1893 Thos. W.	1891 Frank.	1827 Henry P.
HALES.	HARDY.	HARVARD.	1844 Benjamin H.
1874 William F.	1875 D. H.	1893 W. V.	1845 Alex. A. F.
HALL.	1875 Rufus.	HATTAWAY	1860 Alex. A. F.
1831 Bolling.	1881 Walter H.	1879 John B.	1849 John M.
, 1841 Samuel.	HARGRAVES.	HAWES.	1849 William W.
1849 Robert C.	1827 George.	1888 W. M.	1852 James A.
1836 Elijah.	HARMON.	HAWKINS.	1853 Burwell P.
1876 Benjamin M.	1872 C. E.	1886 Benj. F.	1859 William G.
1890 B. W.	HARPER.	HAYES.	1869 Benj. H., Jr.
HALSEY.	1842 John H.	1811 James.	1871 Benj. H., Jr.
1893 A. O.	1860 James E.	1828 John R.	1869 Osborne C.
1893 E. L.	1889 Donald.	1852 Leroy W.	1870 Walter B.
HAMILTON.	1890 Alfred S.	1890 Zach. C.	1871 Walter B.
1807 Thomas N.	HARRINGTON.	HEAD.	1870 A. W.
1836 James S.	1890 Alfred T.	1860 James J.	1871 Charles D.
1842 Thomas A.	1894 John M.	HEARD.	1876 Robert P.
1854 David E. B.	HARRIS.	1829 George F.	1877 Daniel P.
1877 James S., Jr.	1804 Jeptha V.	1852 James L.	1880 W. Albert.
HAMMOND.	1805 Stephen W.	1854 George E.	1890 Thos. L.
1852 Nathaniel J.	1806 Early.	1857 Robert W.	HILLYER.
1853 Edward S.	1823 Iverson L.	1871 J. T.	1825 John F.
1869 William R.	1825 James W.	HEIDT.	1828 Junius.
1870 John D.	1825 William L.	1861 John W.	1829 Shaler G.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

1866 Carlton.	HORTON.	HUMPHRIES.	JACOBS.
1893 George.	1892 M. C.	1861 Robert.	1883 Eugene J.
HINES.	1892 O. E.	1861 Samuel.	JANES.
1824 Richard K.	HOSKINSON.	1893 John D.	1835 David H.
HINTON.	1875 James L.	1893 Joseph W.	1837 Palæmon L.
1871 W. B.	HOUGHTON.	HUNNICUTT.	JARRELL.
1877 James C.	1830 Robert B.	1883 George F.	1888 Joseph G.
1884 E. F.	HOUSER.	HUNT.	JARRETT.
HIXSON.	1880 Onan M.	1825 John J.	1836 William A.
1888 James A.	HOWARD.	1830 William H.	JEFFERSON.
HODGSON.	1811 John H.	HUNTER.	1874 Wesley.
1868 Robert B.	1814 Milton.	1872 Edward.	JENNINGS.
1875 Joseph M.	1830 Charles W.	HURT.	1852 William C.
1892 E. R.	1845 Robert R.	1846 George M. T.	JENKINS.
1893 Harry.	1853 Robert N.	1856 John T.	1876 Hudson A.
HODGE.	1860 W. C.	1871 Joel.	JOHNSON.
1875 R. M.	1875 Robert S.	1891 G. L.	1832 James.
1875 M. T.	1877 William M.	HUTCHINGS.	1834 Herschel V.
HODGES.	1887 David.	1870 John.	1839 Paul.
1887 Walter L.	HOWELL.	HUTCHINS.	1846 Abda.
HODO.	1871 G. A.	1886 N. L.	1848 Calvin E.
1858 Augustus P.	1881 James J.	HUTCHINSON.	1848 Woodford A.
1859 D. C.	1883 Clarke.	1832 Joseph J.	1852 Julien T.
HOGAN.	1888 Albert.	HUTCHISON.	1853 Andrew J.
1857 Ridgeway W.	HOWZE.	1870 J. B.	1860 Winder P.
HOGG.	1869 Augustus C.	ILLGES.	1867 Malcolm.
1876 Jarrell N.	HOYLE.	1874 G. A.	1870 Robert H.
1876 John W.	1870 Samuel R.	INGLES.	1871 J. G.
1892 R. N.	HOYT.	1833 Daniel.	1873 J. L.
HOLLAND.	1846 Thomas A.	INGRAHAM.	1874 William E.
1883 R. N.	1850 William D.	1875 J. I.	1884 R. Harvey.
HOLDEN.	1853 Henry F.	IRVIN.	1887 Green S.
1885 Horace M.	1877 Thomas.	1838 Isaiah T.	1887 Robert L.
HOLDER.	HUFF.	IRWIN.	1888 Albert S.
1890 John N.	1873 Thomas D.	1804 Jared.	1888 Barton B.
1889 T. L.	HUGGINS.	1804 Thomas.	1890 A. F.
HOLLEY.	1862 Alsey.	1815 John.	1893 Green F.
1877 Robert M.	HUGHES.	IVERSON.	JONES.
HOLLIS.	1888 F. M.	1835 Robert.	1812 Richard.
1868 Benjamin P.	HUGULEY.	JACK.	1812 Weldon.
HOLMES.	1875 William T.	1822 William H.	1822 Robert A.
1835 Adam T.	1878 John J.	JACKSON.	1826 William E.
HOLT.	HULL.	1804 William H.	1836 John.
1814 Thaddeus G.	1814 Asbury.	1804 James.	1838 John H.
1820 Pulaski S.	1815 Henry.	1834 Henry M.	1839 Joseph B.
1824 Hines.	1838 William H.	1837 James.	1841 Charles B.
1854 Peyton C.	1842 Henry, Jr.	1866 Henry.	1844 Henry H.
1854 Thaddeus G.	1847 George G.	1868 Davenport.	1845 William L.
1854 William F.	1854 John II.	1870 William E.	1846 Elijah C.
HOLTZCLAW.	1856 James M.	1870 Walter M.	1847 William B.
1872 Robert N.	1866 Augustus L.	1870 R. M.	1852 Andrew M.
HOOD.	1869 Robert T.	1872 J. F.	1853 John E.
1881 C. J.	1878 James M.	1874 W. M.	1854 Randal.
HORSLEY.	1885 Asbury.	1876 James U.	1856 Samuel J.
1892 J. S.	1891 Marion McH.	1878 George H.	1857 Benoni L.
	HUMBER.	1886 Tom Cobb.	1868 Otis.

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1879 T. J.	KINNEBREW.	LANKFORD.	LITTLE.
1876 Bartee W.	1859 E. C.	1861 E. T.	1882 Walter H.
1879 Alex R.	1852 J. H.	LANIER.	1888 John D.
1879 Lewis H.	1883 O. E.	1891 Reuben R.	LLOYD.
1885 Chas. E.	KIRKPATRICK.	1894 Jefferson D.	1872 W. H. C.
1885 N. B.	1843 Samuel D.	LAROCHE.	LOFTON.
1886 Arthur W.	KITCHENS.	1843 James.	1846 William A.
1890 S. Percy.	1885 T. N.	LARY.	1883 J. T.
1891 W. R.	KLINER.	1850 Wash'gtn T.	LONG.
JORDAN.	1894 Charles D.	LAW.	1835 Crawford W.
1844 Benjamin.	KNEECE.	1836 Joseph.	1845 Henry R. J.
1852 Walton G.	1881 William L.	1846 Henry M.	1854 Nimrod E.
1857 Augustus H.	KNIGHT.	1855 Eben S.	1870 Edward C.
1861 J. T.	1888 Lucien L.	LAWRENCE.	LOWE.
1869 S.	KNOX.	1829 Samuel T.	1881 R. Fletcher.
KEITH.	1841 William W.	1893 Sam.	LOWRY.
1875 D. R.	KNOTTS.	1890 A. A.	1836 William S.
KELLY.	1877 Darling J.	1892. R. DeT.	1838 William R.
1892 W. Troy.	KOLLOCK.	LAWSON.	1878 A. C.
1893 J. V.	1868 William W.	1889 Hal O.	LUMPKIN.
KENDALL.	1868 J. F.	LAWTON.	1828 William B.
1840 Jeremiah.	KONTZ.	1877 Alex. R., Jr.	1832 John W.
KENDRICK.	1887 Ernest C.	LEA.	1848 William W.
1838 Jones J.	L'ACEE.	1828 Henry C.	1854 Edward P.
1854 William G.	1827 Erasmus.	LECONTE.	1860 Frank.
KENNEDY.	LAMAR.	1832 William.	1860 Robert C.
1884 Jasper J.	1806 Thomas.	1838 John.	1866 Samuel.
KENNEY.	1826 Ezekiel.	1841 Joseph.	1871 Edward K.
1828 Joseph A.	1828 John.	1841 Louis.	1875 Joseph H.
KENNON.	1843 LaFayette.	1853 James N.	LUNDY.
1888 W. A.	1852 Lucius M.	1868 Louis E.	1843 William.
KERR.	1856 John.	LEHARDY.	LUTES.
1841 Samuel E.	1872 Andrew J.	1874 Henry.	1886 Jacob M.
1853 William H.	1886 George W.	LEE.	LYNDON.
1871 James L. C.	LAMB.	1836 William H.	1893 Lamar.
KETCHUM.	1889 J. H.	1860 William H.	LYON.
1833 Colden R.	LAMBDIN.	LENOIR.	1869 Thomas R
KEY.	1878 W. W.	1854 Madison L.	McALPIN.
1870 C. A.	LAMKIN.	LESTER.	1883 Henry
1871 C. T.	1882 Ebb. T.	1880 Thomas V.	McBRIDE.
KNEELAND.	LAMPKIN.	1894 Pharos R.	1834 William H.
1831 Hugh W.	1848 William L.	LEWIS.	1836 Thomas L.
KIMBALL.	1848 Winfield S.	1823 John S.	McCALL.
1860 N. C.	LANDRUM.	1828 Aaron L.	1883 S. A.
1892 John C.	1851 George T.	1837 David W.	McCALLA.
KING.	1876 L. M.	1892 J. Fred.	1841 George R.
1841 Ulysses B.	LANE.	1893 M. A.	1872 John W.
1843 James F.	1859 L. A.	LILLIBRIDGE.	McCARROLL.
1845 Charles B.	1878 Samuel T.	1834 John O. H.	1888 Arthur.
1850 William.	1888 William T.	LINTON.	McCARTER.
1853 William H. M.	1892 Julian.	1869 Henry H.	1842 James R.
1860 Roswell.	LANGDO.	1878 Wyche W.	McCARTY.
1871 Stephen C.	1885 P. D.	LIPSCOMB.	1870 William S.
1891 Walker.	LANGSTON.	1866 Francis A.	McCAY.
KINNARD.	1816 Ethelred.	1873 Andrew A.	1861 Robert,
1888 W. C.			

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MCLEOD.	MCKITTRICK.	1890 Fred R.	1823 Thomas J.
1848 Richard H.	1836 John.	1894 Gabriel P.	1826 Richard H.
MCCLESKEY.	MCLEAN.	MASON.	1826 James A.
1866 James R.	1883 Wm. Archer.	1822 Wiley W.	1834 William L.
McCORD.	MCLEMAN.	1853 Valerius C.	1856 Matthew.
1874 Charles Z.	1885 D. C.	1872 J. M.	MERRITT.
1879 Lewis F.	MCLENDON.	MASSENGALE.	1857 Thomas A.
McCoy.	1875 Sammel G.	1852 Henry T.	1885 J. M.
1837 George W.	McMICHAEL.	MATTHEWS.	1891 G. A.
McCULLOHI.	1869 John C.	1805 Gabriel.	MERRILL.
1853 Antony.	MCMILLAN.	1815 Archer F.	1880 Jos. Hansell.
McCURDY.	1852 John.	1838 Alexander H.	MICHAEL.
1879 William J.	MCMULLEN.	1855 Jerome C.	1878 Moses G.
McCUTCHEN.	1838 James P.	1876 W. J.	MICOU.
1894 Cicero D.	1854 Alexander M.	1881 John P.	1825 William C.
McDANIEL.	1861 Thomas N.	1891 J. F.	MIKELL.
1886 Sanders.	1870 B. T.	1893 W. J.	1871 T. K.
MCELVEY.	MCNEER.	MATTON.	MILBURN.
1843 Lawson G.	1889 R. E. L.	1856 William H.	1873 Percy W.
MCELVOY.	MCRAE.	MAYER.	MILLEDGE.
1830 William.	1881 Austen Lee.	1827 Serenus A.	1834 John T.
1844 Archibald G.	MCTYER.	MAYNARD.	MILLER.
MFARLAND.	1857 William A.	1890 Robt. L.	1855 Elbert.
1878 T. Foster.	MCWHORTER.	HAYNE.	1877 G. T.
McGEHEE.	1836 William.	1880 James M.	1888 Brick S.
1852 John B.	1851 William P.	MAYOR.	MILLS.
1887 Charles C.	1861 J. H.	1825 Adrian N.	1891 M. M.
McGOUGH.	1875 John A.	MAXWELL.	MILNER.
1855 Robert C.	1877 Hamilton.	1855 J. Audley.	1837 Richard A.
1889 Robert.	MCWILLIAMS.	MEADOR.	1873 T. C.
McGRUDER.	1872 John L.	1886 Richard D.	1880 Robert W.
1826 Thomas.	MACON.	MEADOW.	1887 H Key.
McGREGOR.	1861 G. E.	1881 David W.	MILTON.
1894 Thomas A.	MADDEN.	MEANS.	1849 William H.
MCINTYRE.	1894 John B.	1825 Henry H.	1891 J.
1869 Archibald T.	MALLARD.	1833 Allen B.	MIMS.
1869 Hugh J.	1832 John B.	1849 George W.	1868 William R.
1877 W. Remer.	1836 Thomas S.	MECHLIN.	MITCHELL.
1877 M. Lowrey.	1841 John L.	1821 Robert W.	1810 William.
1878 Daniel T.	1849 Robert Q.	MEIGS.	1825 William L.
McIVER.	MALLETTE.	1807 Samuel W.	1827 Giles.
1848 Augustus M.	1841 Gideon A.	1809 Charles D.	1828 Archelus H.
McKIBBEN.	1877 Eli M.	MELDRIM.	1837 Thomas A.
1868 Martin V.	MALONE.	1868 Peter W.	1849 Hugh N.
McKIGNEY.	1881 John T.	MELL.	1851 Cicero A.
1827 William B.	MALOY.	1861 Benjamin.	1854 John F.
McKINLEY.	1881 John K.	1871 P. H.	1854 Thomas H.
1828 Ebenezer D.	MARKS.	1878 Thomas S.	1858 William T.
1830 William.	1853 James.	1884 John D.	1859 A. S.
1834 Charles G.	MARSHALL.	1886 Charles J.	1860 William D.
McKINNE.	1815 Jabez P.	1888 James C.	1860 S. C.
1830 Felix G.	1877 J. A.	MERCER.	1868 A. L.
1857 Barna.	MARTIN.	1888 George A.	1869 O. E.
McKINNEY.	1823 James C.	MERRIWETHER.	1875 Henry B.
1874 B. C.	1836 Martin H.	1807 James.	1876 Robt. Emmett.

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1876 W. D.	MORTON.	NEWTON.	OVERSTREET.
1877 Henry B.	1824 John H.	1811 Ebenezer.	1893 E. K.
1885 Eugene M.	MOSELY.	1820 Elizur L.	OSBORNE.
1891 Frank.	1826 Benjamin T.	1828 George M.	1885 W. W.
1891 G. F.	1826 William H. R.	1841 Henry.	OWEN.
MOBLEY.	1836 Thomas H.	1841 John N.	1826 Augustin.
1875 J. H.	1838 Albert.	1841 William H.	PACE.
1894 John H.	1840 William H.	1853 Edward P.	1861 James M.
MOFFETT.	1848 Benjamin T.	1856 Edwin D.	PAINE.
1851 Thomas G.	1848 Adiel S.	1871 Thomas C.	1826 William H.
MOLLOY.	1859 Thomas.	1871 Ebenezer.	28 Edward C.
1811 Joseph M.	1861 Benjamin R.	NILES.	PALMER.
MONTGOMERY.	1878 Richard J.	1860 L. O.	1838 Benjamin M.
1832 Telemach's F.	MOSS.	1873 C. A.	1845 Edward P.
1873 Edward W.	1846 Thomas B.	NISBET.	1878 W. L. C.
MOODEY.	1848 James O.	1816 Miles C.	1881 James H.
1849 Sempronius.	1849 Tingnell L.	1821 Eugenius A.	PARK.
MOON.	MOULTRIE.	1831 James A.	1851 John W.
1874 J. M.	1828 Briggs H.	1839 Thomas C.	1857 James F.
1888 John B.	MOYE.	1876 Junius W.	1892 W. G.
1893 E. T.	1884 Robert L.	1876 D. B.	1893 Orville A.
MOORE.	1894 T. Ralph.	NIX.	PARKER.
1827 Benning B.	MUNROE.	1884 Charlie M.	1873 M. L.
1829 Richard D.	1872 D.	NIXON.	1879 Cedar S.
1831 Thomas J.	MURDCCH.	1881 Gwinn H.	1879 John F.
1842 Peyton C.	1869 Samuel S.	NOBLE.	PARKS.
1851 George.	MURPHNEY.	1880 B. H.	1861 V. A. S.
1851 Charles D.	1869 Edward M.	NORMAN.	1868 William F.
1856 James W.	1872 A. A.	1841 William H.	1874 J. G.
1876 Henry P.	1877 O. A.	1849 George W.	PARSONS.
1882 John P.	MURRAY.	NORTH.	1869 William H.
1888 John B.	1860 Thomas A.	1858 John R.	PAYNE.
1888 Wilmer L.	MURROW.	NORTON.	1872 Benjamin F.
1890 Eugene B.	1882 John.	1844 John R.	PEACOCK.
1890 Robert L.	MYERS.	1855 Joseph J.	1883 D. C.
1894 Noel McH.	1868 Herbert P.	NORWOOD.	1887 Wesley.
MORELAND.	1874 Frederick T.	1882 Stephen N.	1891 J. H.
1829 Isaac N.	MYNATT.	NUCKOLLS.	1892 Z. V.
1874 A. T.	1890 Pryor L.	1849 Thomas J.	PEAVEY.
MORENO.	NABERS.	NUNNALLY.	1860 George L.
1893 Hal. C.	1841 Zachariah L.	1859 Gustavus A.	PEEPLES.
MORGAN.	NALLY.	OGDEN.	1846 Reuben P.
1847 Robert G.	1893 Rufus B.	1893 Monroe G.	PENDLETON.
MORRIS.	NAPIER.	OLIVER.	1870 J. A.
1870 J. A.	1879 Joseph H.	1849 Shelton.	PERDUE.
1874 W. S.	NEAL.	1849 Simeon.	1840 William J.
1875 M. L.	1810 Henry.	1858 James M.	PERRY.
1876 Martin L.	1853 Thomas J.	1870 J. T.	1860 A. C.
1877 Sylvanus.	1855 James H.	O'KELLY.	1882 T. B.
1885 John.	1871 R. W. H.	1886 James W.	1884 John P.
1886 Charles E.	NEISLER.	O'NEAL.	PERSONS.
1893 N. A.	1824 Hugh M.	1807 Joseph.	1855 Henry.
MORROW.	NESBITT.	1810 Henry.	1893 G. O.
1836 Hugh E.	1827 Hugh W.	ORR.	PETERS.
1843 James.	NEVITT.	1880 G. J., Jr.	1872 Ralph.

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PHARR.	POU.	1852 Anderson W.	ROSS.
1882 M. A., Jr.	1851 Edward W.	1860 Crawford J.	1883 John P.
PHILLIPS.	POULLAIN.	REID.	ROUNTREE.
1891 Benj. Z.	1890 N. Lamar.	1832 John R.	1875 Daniel W.
PHILPOTT.	POUND.	1850 William A.	1890 B. L.
1854 Peyton B.	1884 J. M.	1855 John A.	ROWLAND.
1855 George W.	POWER.	1860 James M.	1884 J. N.
PHINIZY.	1874 William R.	1873 S. Alonzo.	RUCKER.
1811 John.	POWERS.	1876 Alexander H.	1844 John.
1838 Ferdinand.	1833 Abner P.	1890 W. Dennis.	1868 Jeptah H.
1839 John.	1886 Theodore D.	RESPESS.	1872 Tinsley W.
1845 Thomas B.	1887 William B.	1852 John R.	RUDICIL.
1851 James H.	PURSE.	REYNOLDS.	1886 C. C.
1853 Charles H.	1878 Robert L.	1825 Reuben Y.	RUSH.
1868 Ferdinand B.	PUTNAM.	1826 William H.	1861 George W.
1872 Leonard.	1807 George.	1851 Reuben O.	RUSK.
1882 H. H.	QUARTERMAN.	RHODES.	1876 Thomas R.
1883 J. H.	1841 John W.	1868 J. W.	RUSSELL.
1884 John.	1857 Keith A.	RICE.	1868 R. A.
PICKETT.	1888 William H.	1826 Hezekiah W.	1878 James G.
1891 B. F.	QUINN.	RICHARDSON.	1879 R. B.
PIERCE.	1885 H. C.	1861 Cosmo B.	1890 Edward G.
1829 George F.	RADNEY.	1870 M. M.	RUTHERFORD.
PINKARD.	1881 William L.	1880 C. C.	1804 Robert.
1833 James S. W.	RAGAN.	RIDEN.	1804 Williams.
PINNEY.	1835 Erasmus L.	1850 M. W.	1823 John G.
1828 John B.	RAGLAND.	RIDLEY.	1827 John
PITMAN.	1858 George G.	1816 Charles C.	1831 Samuel.
1882 J. H.	RAGSDALE.	RILEY.	1838 Williams.
PLYER.	1879 William M.	1849 George S.	1860 John C.
1889 C. H.	RAINES.	1853 Jacob.	1893 Sam.
POLHILL.	1861 William J.	1877 Alonzo C.	RYALS.
1889 Hope C.	RAMBO.	RIPLEY.	1883 W. M.
1890 J. G.	1869 John D.	1884 T. J.	SAFFOLD.
POLLOCK.	RAMSAY.	RITCH.	1831 Joseph B.
1884 P. D.	1886 M. F.	1888 John L.	1840 Thomas P.
1891 George D.	RANDAL.	ROBERTS.	SALE.
POND.	1860 H. J.	1823 William.	1878 George G.
1845 Thomas G.	RANDLE.	1858 William R.	SAMPLE.
POPE.	1871 George G.	1859 Joseph M.	1889 R. L.
1825 Henry J.	1873 R. H.	ROBERTSON.	SANDERS.
1825 Benjamin C.	RANDOLPH.	1831 Lemuel B.	1876 W. Olin.
1840 Joseph D.	1816 Richard H.	1869 J. L.	1881 James R.
1849 Franklin A.	RAY.	ROBINSON.	1881 John R.
1849 Benjamin H.	1888 L. L.	1831 Todd.	SANFORD.
1859 John D.	REDD.	1861 John J.	1838 Shelton P.
1881 M. Cooper.	1850 Charles A.	1883 V. B.	1890 D. S.
1882 John D.	RENEAU.	ROBSON.	SANKEY.
1889 William H.	1883 R. R.	1870 John A.	1823 Richard T.
POTTEL.	REECE.	ROCKWELL.	1825 John.
1843 Edward H.	1860 J. H.	1889 W. O. D.	SATTERLEE.
1884 J. E.	REED.	RONEY.	1830 John.
1887 Joseph.	1888 T. W.	1870 Henry C.	SAUNDERS.
POTTS.	REESE.	ROQUEMORE.	1833 Henry.
1856 Francis M.	1834 Augustus.	1870 J. W.	1871 J. S.

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SAYE.	SHIELDS.	SNIDER.	STONEY.
1834 James H.	1838 Patrick H.	1851 James I.	1828 John.
SCHELL.	1878 James B.	SNOOK,	STOVALL.
1884 James W.	SHORTER.	1886 P. H.	1847 Bolling A.
SCHOFIELD.	1837 John G.	SOLOMON.	1821 Joseph H.
1868 J. E.	SIBLEY.	1870 N. M.	1854 George T.
1874 Alonzo D.	1892 Samuel H.	SPAIN.	1861 Francis M.
1874 S. W.	SIMMONS.	1869 F. J.	1875 Pleasant A.
SCOTT.	1871 Edward G.	SPEER.	STRAHAN.
1809 Robert.	SIMS.	1839 Alexander.	1883 C. M.
1821 Alfred V.	1823 James S.	1869 Emory.	STREET.
1823 James.	1825 Ferdinand.	SPENCE.	1885 George R.
1829 Thomas F.	1853 Frederick W.	1890 William P.	STRICKLAND.
1855 Dunlap.	1856 William H.	SPENCER.	1879 John J.
1873 Joseph D.	SIMPSON.	1867 Samuel.	STROHECKER.
SCREVEN.	1877 Robert A.	STAFFORD.	1873 Henry F.
1824 James O.	SINGLETARY.	1894 E. J.	STRONG.
1844 William.	1889 John B.	STALLINGS.	1809 Creed T.
1846 Benjamin.	SINGLETON.	1890 W. L.	1835 Samuel M.
1852 Thomas F.	1848 Joseph J.	STANDIFER.	1842 Elisha.
SEALS.	SKELETON.	1876 W. B.	1870 J. B.
1859 Richard D.	SLADE.	STANFORD.	1894 H. C.
SEIDELL.	1893 Lester C.	1889 L. W.	STUBBS.
1871 Charles W.	SLAUGHTER.	STANLEY.	1894 John V.
SELMAN.	1851 John N.	1855 Julius A.	STURGES.
1886 Geo. C.	SLATON.	1879 John G.	1875 William W.
SEMMES.	1873 W. M.	1882 Thomas P.	SUMMERLIN.
1828 Andrew G.	1886 John M.	STANSILL.	1834 Michael C.
1830 Albert G.	SMALL.	1885 W. K.	1870 M. D. C. M.
SEMPLE.	1872 D. A.	STARNES.	1875 Robert L.
1826 Addison R.	SMITH.	1831 Ebenezer.	SUMMERS.
SEWELL.	1829 William W.	1875 Hugh N.	1880 O. H. J.
1886 Henry L.	1835 William G.	STEED.	SWAIN.
SEYMORE.	1857 John F.	1888 W. E.	1888 R. V.
1861 W. D.	1861 George G.	STEELE.	SWANN.
SHACKLEFORD.	1870 Junius B. B.	1880 William H.	1871 J. J.
1890 F. C.	1872 Abner T.	STELLING.	SWANSON.
1891 Thos. J.	1875 P. G.	1894 John D.	1869 Benjamin G.
SHANNON.	1877 Albert D.	STEPHENS.	SWEARINGEN.
1873 J. R.	1877 Moses M.	1832 Alexander H.	1861 John H.
SHARPE.	1879 William E.	1843 Linton.	SWEAT.
1838 James D.	1882 Burton.	1860 John A.	1893 L. L.
SHATTUCK.	1885 R. L. J.	1894 Alex. W.	SWIFT.
1886 James P.	1887 W. Frank.	STERLING.	1872 Charles J.
SHAW.	1888 Victor L.	1894 D. S.	TABOR.
1890 W. J.	1890 J. R. L.	STEVENS.	1871 Brittain H.
SHEATS.	1890 W. N.	1840 William C.	TAIT.
1861 John N.	1890 J. E.	STEWART.	1810 James.
SHEPPERD.	1891 J. D.	1889 E. C.	TALLEY.
1889 W. W.	1892 Harmon H.	1893 Nat. B.	1892 J. N.
SHEFFIELD.	1893 T. C.	STOKES.	TANKERSLY.
1890 R. H.	1894 C. H.	1843 William Y.	1857 James H.
1891 O. H.	SMYTHE.	1848 William A.	TANNER.
SHERRILL.	1830 James M.	STONE.	1875 Henry P.
1827 David L.		1886 Frank L.	TARVER.
			1848 Frederick R.

CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

TAYLOR.	TOOMBS.	UPSHAW.	1854 Thomas W.
1831 William.	1868 Robert.	1886 W. S.	1855 David A.
1847 Ezekiel H.	TOMPKINS.	1886 E. P.	1861 George C.
1850 Richard D. B.	1884 M. J.	UPSON.	1872 William B.
1850 Robert G.	TORRENCE.	1884 Frank L.	1872 B. Saunders.
1851 James.	1825 Albert P.	1890 Stephen C.	1876 Henry B.
1858 Joseph.	TOWNES.	USRY.	1877 William S.
1893 James.	1844 James H.	1876 F. M.	1884 John G.
TENNILLE.	TRACY.	VANCE.	1885 O. L. J.
1860 William A.	1851 Edward D.	1830 George McD.	1887 Charles H.
TERRY.	TRAMMELL.	VAN EPPS.	1887 J. Henry.
1875 Carlisle.	1870 W. D.	1869 Howard.	1890 Joel P.
THOMAS.	1878 Paul B.	VAN HOOSE.	WALLACE.
1808 Alexander.	TRENCHARD.	1882 A. W.	1894 James Q.
1832 Henry P.	1879 George W.	VARNADOE.	WALLIS.
1832 Stephen.	TRIBBLE.	1836 Samuel M.	1888 W. P.
1835 James D.	1891 Sam. J.	1889 S. M.	WALLER.
1835 John J. A.	TRIMBLE.	VASON.	1871 J. E.
1839 Robert.	1870 A. E.	1829 William J.	WALTERS.
1852 John L.	TRIPPE.	1836 Jesse M.	1869 John W.
1860 Edward J.	1822 Turner H.	1837 David A.	WATERS.
1860 John H.	1829 John B.	1842 John C.	1887 Glenn.
1860 Robert J.	1839 Robert P.	VERNON.	WALTON.
1868 W. Bailey.	1873 R. B.	1840 Thomas O. P.	1854 Jesse A.
1868 Wm. W.	TROUP.	VINSON.	1856 William T.
1874 L. W.	1835 George M.	1875 Thomas P.	1861 R. J.
1876 Geo. Dudley.	TUCK.	VINES.	1861 W. S.
1888 W. E.	1881 Henry C.	1870 G. W.	1878 Benton H.
THIGPEN.	TUCKER.	WADDELL.	1882 J. A.
1882 J. L.	1876 H. H., Jr.	1822 James P.	WARD.
THOMPSON.	1883 William B.	1823 Isaac W.	1822 Benjamin F.
1852 Benjamin F.	TUMLIN.	1823 William W.	1867 Thomas A.
1859 Ivey F.	1860 Samuel S.	1829 John N.	1886 C. A.
1861 Wells.	1872 George C.	1852 William H.	1889 F. M.
1868 Edgar.	TURMAN.	1853 James D.	1889 W. R. E.
1872 Benjamin F.	1853 James M.	1862 John O.	WARE.
1876 Eugene	TURNER.	1870 Isaac W.	1825 Edward R.
1877 William H.	1843 Joel L.	WADE.	1827 Robert A.
1887 Ben Hill.	1861 Benjamin M.	1854 Dennis M.	1846 John M.
THRASHER.	1876 J. Harvey.	1883 E. M.	1846 James W.
1876 Barton E.	1885 W. W. F.	1883 Warner L.	1861 James M.
THORNTON.	1889 John C.	1886 Peyton L.	1871 Henry E.
1848 Beverly A.	TURNIPSEED.	WAGGONER.	1881 George
THURMOND.	1861 F. H.	1885 D. W.	WARING.
1805 Roland.	TURNBULL.	WALKER.	1849 William R
THWEAT.	1866 J. J.	1825 George J. S.	WARREN.
1811 James.	TURPIN.	1825 James B.	1846 James W.
TIDWELL.	1854 Jesse M.	1825 William E.	1852 Josiah L.
1894 Charles R.	TWIGGS.	1825 William N.	1871 George W.
TILLEY.	1861 H. D. D.	1826 Isaac R.	1889 C. R.
1848 John M.	TWITTY.	1828 Austin M.	1893 W. P.
TOLBERT.	1875 C. R.	1834 Francis J.	1894 Louis B.
1855 Joseph R.	1887 F. E.	1844 Dickerson H.	WASH.
TOOLEY.	1889 F. S.	1848 James S.	1855 William D.
1872 John T.	TYE.	1850 John W.	WASHINGTON.
	1876 John L.	1850 Thacker V.	1882 Hugh V.
		1853 James W.	

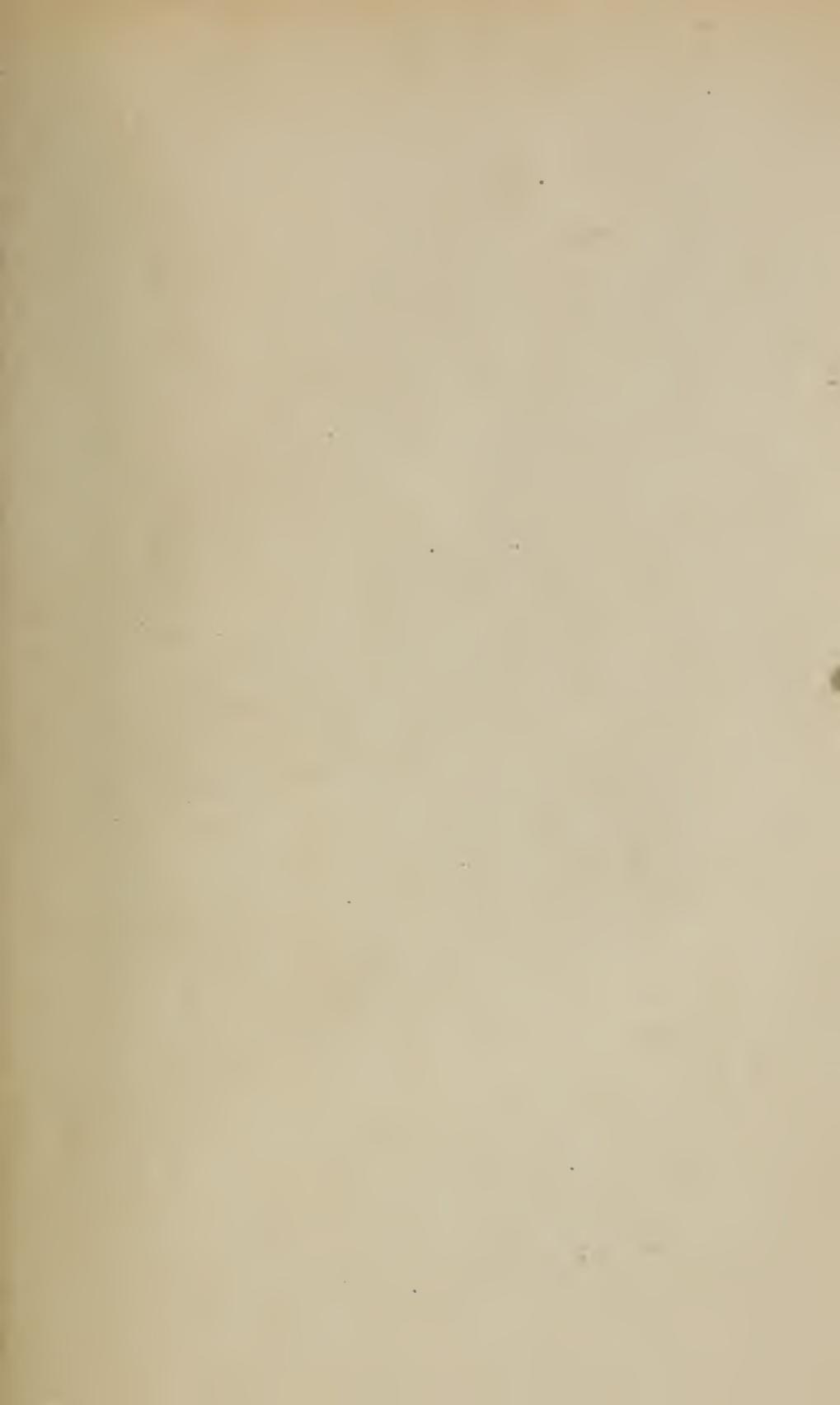
CATALOGUE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

WATKINS.	1842 John M.	1885 T. A.	WOODBRIDGE.
1823 Claiborne A.	1843 Thomas W.	1886 J. L.	1835 Grafton D.
1824 Thomas A.	1869 James T.	1886 William P.	WOODFIN.
1889 E. W.	WHITEHEAD.	1886 James F.	1882 W. G., Jr.,
1893 Newton.	1806 James.	WILLIAMSON.	WOODRUFF.
WATTS.	1806 John.	1804 William.	1808 James.
1829 John B.	1830 Amos.	1861 W. W.	1869. Henry W.
WAY.	1835 John H.	1886 George H.	WOODWARD.
1845 Nathaniel J.	1836 Richard M.	WILLIFORD.	1870 A. T.
1890 W. S.	1857 John P. C.	1888 Quincy L.	1877 Bliss.
WEATHERLY.	1860 Grattan.	1890 J. H.	WOOLFOLK.
1860 John.	1873 James.	WILLINGHAM.	1854 Richard F.
WEAVER.	1888 G. A.	1870 Robert J.	1870 Richard S.
1877 Seaborn L.	WHITFIELD.	WILLIS.	WOOTEN.
WEBB.	1869 B.	1848 Thomas R.	1886 William E.
1870 John R.	1871 Robert.	WILSON.	WORRILL.
WEEMS.	WHITMAN.	1856 Lucien S.	1875 James H.
1892 E. F.	1868 Henry A.	1868 S. F.	1875 William C.
WELLBORN.	WHITNER.	1885 M. M.	1881 Williamson.
1889 C. J.	1839 Benjamin F.	1886 G. Neal.	WRAY.
WELLS.	1847 Joseph N.	WIMBERLY.	1860 Thomas.
1855 Eliab H.	1853 John C.	1830 Frederick D.	WRIGLEY.
1861 Harry.	WHITTLE.	1887 Warren W.	1894 Arthur.
WEST.	1872 A. P.	WIMBUSH.	WRIGHT.
1835 Charles W.	1873 William A.	1869 John T.	1849 John M.
1842 James N.	WIGGINS.	WINGFIELD.	1875 Boykin.
1874 Fort.	1831 William W.	1811 John L.	1885 M. R.
1862 Chas. N.	WILCOX.	1825 Edward H.	1888 F. W.
WETHINGTON.	1880 A. A.	1835 Junius A.	WYATT.
1871 Fletcher P.	1880 C. DeWitt.	1831 Augustin S.	1882 E. W.
WHATLEY.	1883 Harris R.	WINN.	WYNNE.
1845 George C.	1886 Cecil H.	1838 Peter.	1872 William.
1886 Edgar T.	WILCOXON.	1840 William W.	YANCEY.
WHEATLEY.	1885 P. S.	1841 Thomas S.	1836 Benjamin C.
1890 Walter K.	1889 A. C.	1860 L. J.	1868 Hamilton.
WHELCHEL.	WILEY.	WINSHIP.	YOUNG.
1890 J. E.	1824 Oliver.	1893 Blanton.	1854 William H.
WHIPPLE.	1877 Robert C.	WITHERSPOON.	1869 A. C.
1885 W. H.	WILKINS.	1877 John E.	1869 Thomas W.
1887 U. V.	1836 Joseph C.	WITT.	1871 J. Ernest.
WHIGHAM.	1856 Joseph H.	1825 Middleton.	1871 Philip K.
1853 Roger L.	WILLIAMS.	WITTICH.	1880 J. Walton.
WHITAKER.	1837 Albert.	1822 Lucilius L.	1894 George.
1893 D. B.	1840 William.	1823 Ernest L.	YOUNGBLOOD.
WHITE.	1841 Jonathan W.	WOFFORD.	1892 Dudley.
1827 Thomas B.	1848 William D.	1842 John W.	YOW.
1827 William.	1872 A. M.	WOOD.	1894 S. Ben.
1830 David.	1874 John C.	1849 Richard H.	
1831 William P.	1880 William J.	1859 John Y.	
1836 George O. K.	1884 James R.		

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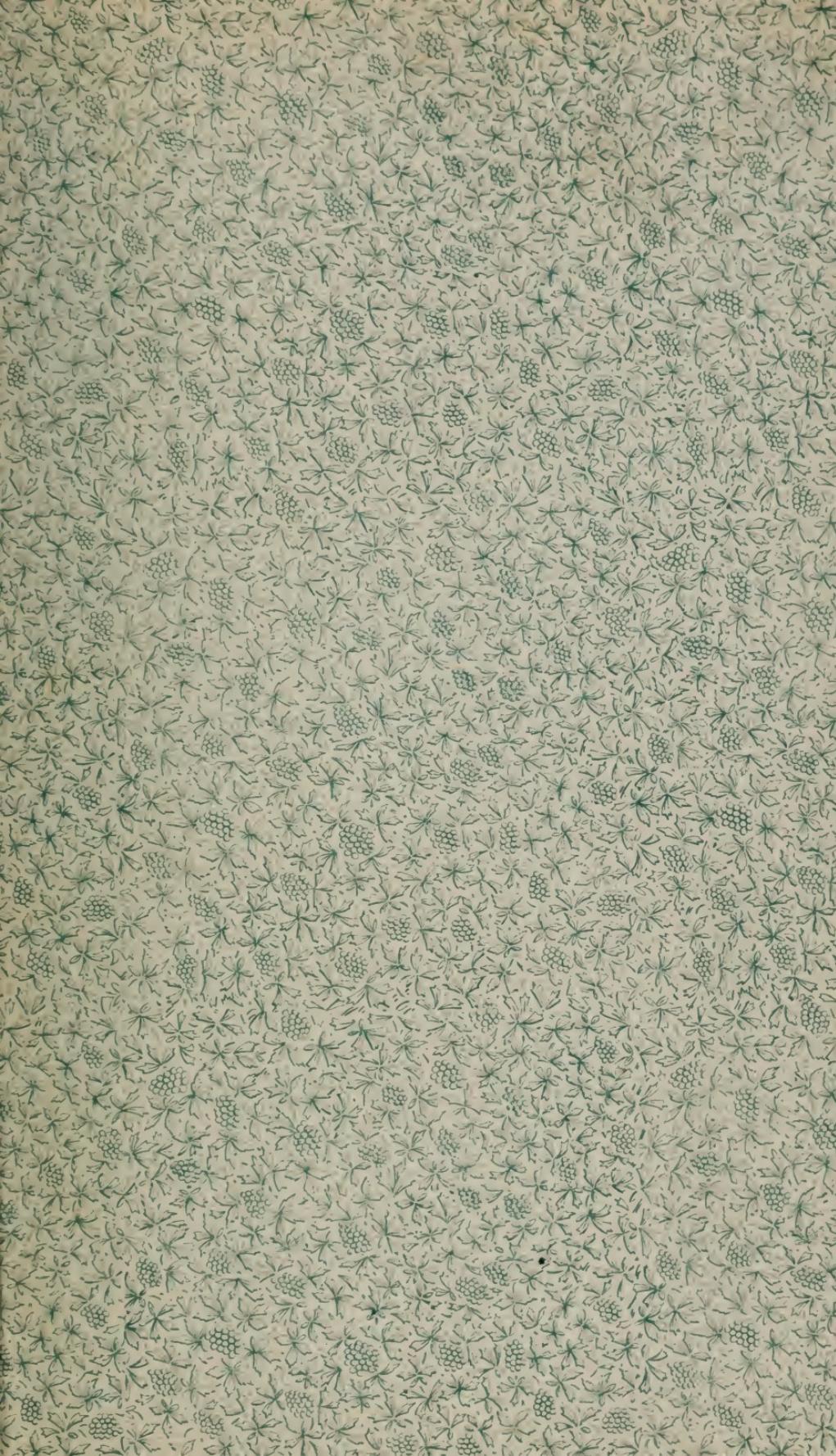
SUMMARY.

Graduates of all degrees at Athens.....	2,013
Doctors of Medicine.....	692
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Whole number of Alumni.....	2,705
Recipients of Honorary Degrees.....	149









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